

APPENDIX

Design Document

**for
ZendIt**

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1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose

Zendit offers services to enhance online personal privacy. Aditi has proposed to build a system that will enable users to encrypt and decrypt online messages, manage keys, manage the storage of users' personal information and manage the health and welfare of the entire system.

This document provides an overview of the high-level design of the entire system.

1.2 Scope

The document would provide an insight into the implementation of the pages in the web site and the SurfBoard components. This document would also provide details regarding the interaction between the SurfBoard and the web site for data requests.

1.3 Target audience

This document is intended for the engineers responsible for developing and testing the Zendit system and the concerned Zendit system administrators.

1.4 Organization

The design has been explained under three main sections:

1. The Zendit Web Site Design
2. The SurfBoard Design
3. The Database Design

The other details that are covered in the document are

- a. Implementation of the hashing algorithm
- b. Registration and Key confirmation process
- c. Security on the pages.

1.5 Software for implementation

- ASP pages will be used on the web site to process all server requests.
- SQL Server 7.0 will be used as the database server.
- The SurfBoard components would be implemented as COM objects using ATL
- The wrapper for OpenLib will be built using C/C++

2. Database Design

This section presents the details of the database design and gives the description of all the tables in the system.

Table Name: tblRegisteredUsers

Table Description:

This table would contain all the personal information about the user and certain other information related to the Zendit activities.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
LoginID	varchar	20	Login Id given by the user. The login Id would be unique for each user.
Password	varchar	20	Password given by the user.
PrimaryEmailID	varchar	250	This is the email ID that would be used for all communications between Zendit system and the user.
FirstName	varchar	100	First name of the user.
LastName	varchar	100	Last name of the user.
DateOfRegistration	datetime	8	Date on which the user registers with Zendit system.
Address1	varchar	300	Address of the user.
Address2	varchar	300	Address of the user.
City	Varchar	50	Name of the City
State	Varchar	50	Name of the State

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
Country	Varchar	50	Name of the Country
ZipCode	Varchar	50	The zip code of the user
ResidencePhone	varchar	25	Residence phone number.
OfficePhone	varchar	25	Office phone number.
Mobile	varchar	25	Mobile phone number.
Fax	varchar	25	Fax number.
ConfirmationFlag	int	4	A flag indicating whether the user has confirmed the registration or not. The flag is set to "True" on confirmation of registration.
DateOfConfirmation	datetime	8	Date on which the user confirms the registration.
NewMailStatus	int	2	A flag indicating whether the user has any new mails. It is set to "True", if any new mail is received by the user and is set to "False", if any of the mails (new or old) is read by the user.
LastLoginDate	datetime	8	The date on which the user last logged into Zendit system.
TotalSpaceAlloted	float	8	Indicates the total free hard disk space given to the user by the Zendit server.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
FreeSpaceLeft	float	8	Indicates the total unused hard disk space left for the user.
ListOfEmailID	varchar	2520	Contains a string of email IDs (those in the certificates associated with the user's login ID) separated by commas.

Table Name: tblRegistrationConfirmation

Table Description:

This table would contain confirmation details for every successful registration.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
ConfirmationID	varchar	20	Confirmation ID (for registration) sent to the user.
LoginID	varchar	20	Login ID of the user.
DateOfRegistration	datetime	8	Date on which the user registers with Zendit system.
iMailSent	Bit	1	Shows status of Confirmation Mail (0 if mail not sent and 1 otherwise)

Table Name: tblNonConfirmedCerts

Table Description:

This table would contain non-confirmed certificates.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
EmailID	varchar	250	Email ID specified in the certificate.
KeyID	varchar	17	Key ID specified in the certificate.
Name	varchar	250	Name specified in the certificate.
Certificate	text	16	The digital certificate.
MailSystem	varchar	50	Mail system specified in the email ID field of the Certificate.
InsertedbyZend	int	4	A flag indicating whether the certificate was inserted by Zendit system. If so, flag is set to "True".
vAlgo	Varchar	250	The Algorithm used for creating the Key pair
vLength	Varchar	250	The length of the key generated
vType	Varchar	250	The Key Type which is stored. (As of now only Public keys are stored in this table)
dtCreate	Datetime	8	Date of Key Creation

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
dtExpiry	Datetime	8	Date of key Expiry
MailSent	int	4	A flag indicating whether the confirmation mail has been sent to the user. If the mail is sent successfully then the flag is set to "True" else it is set to "False".

Table Name: tblKeyConfirmation

Table Description:

This table is an intermediate table that holds the login ID - key ID relation till the user confirms the key pair.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
ConfirmationID	varchar	20	Confirmation ID (for using the key Id) sent to the user.
LoginID	varchar	20	Login ID of the user.
KeyID	varchar	17	Key ID as in the certificate.
DateOfCreation	datetime	8	Date on which the certificate was created.
EmailID	varchar	250	EmailID associated with the key
MailSent	int	4	Flag which tells if the mail has been sent. (-1 for no)

Table Name: tblConfirmedCerts

Table Description:

This table contains all the certificates associated with a login ID.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
LoginID	varchar	20	Login ID of the user.
EmailID	varchar	250	Email ID as in the certificate.
Name	varchar	250	Name as in the certificate.
KeyID	varchar	17	Key ID as in the certificate.
MailSystem	varchar	50	Mail system specified in the email ID field of the certificate.
Certificate	text	16	The digital certificate of the user.
NumberOfMailsZend	int	4	The number of mails zent by the user using the email ID.
vAlgo	Varchar	250	The Algorithm used for creating the Key pair
vLength	Varchar	250	The length of the key generated
vType	Varchar	250	The Key Type which is stored. (As of now only Public keys are stored in this table)
dtCreate	Datetime	8	Date of Key Creation
dtExpiry	Datetime	8	Date of key Expiry

Table Name: tblBadCerts

Table Description:

This table would have all the certificates that have been:

- Moved from the table tblConfirmedCerts (tblBadCerts.Flag = Replaced)
- Moved from the table tblNonConfirmedCerts (tblBadCerts.Flag = Deleted)

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
EmailID	varchar	250	Email ID as in the certificate.
KeyID	varchar	17	Key ID as in the certificate.
Name	varchar	250	Name as in the certificate.
Flag	int	4	The flag Indicates whether the certificate was 'Replaced' or 'Deleted' .
Certificate	text	16	The digital certificate.

Table Name: tblKeyUpload

Table Description:

This table would contain all the locks and keys uploaded by the user.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
LoginID	varchar	20	Login ID of the user.
EmailID	varchar	250	Email ID as in the lock and key uploaded by the user.
KeyID	varchar	17	Key ID as in the lock and key uploaded by the user.
Name	varchar	250	Name as in the lock and key uploaded by the user.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
FileBlob	text	16	lock and key uploaded by the user stored in blob format.
DateOfUpload	datetime	8	Date on which the user uploaded the lock and key.

Table Name: tblFileUpload

Table Description:

This table would contain all the information about the files being uploaded by the user onto the Zendit server.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
IFileListID	Int	4	List ID of File
LoginID	varchar	20	Login ID of the user.
NameOfFile	varchar	800	Name of the file uploaded by the user.
FileSize	float	8	Size of the file uploaded by the user.
DateOfUpload	datetime	8	Date on which the user uploaded the file.
FilePath	varchar	200	Path (the entire network path) to the file where the user uploads in the Zendit server.
ContentType	Varchar	500	

Note:- This Feature has been moved to later version

Table Name: tblUserProfile

Table Description:

This table would contain all the personal information of user that would be shared with other users.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
LoginID	varchar	20	Login ID of the user.
ProfileString	varchar	5000	The user would like to share some of his/her personal information (first name, last name, phone number etc.) with the other users. This field would contain the respective column names (of tblRegisteredUsers table) separated by commas as a single string.

Table Name: tblAdminSettings

Table Description:

This table would contain all the admin settings for both the web site and SurfBoard set by an administrator.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
Key	varchar	20	Key name
KeyDesc	varchar	200	Key description
Value	varchar	200	Key value

The administrator is expected to update settings such as:

Example:

- 1) KeyID = iMaxCerts
 KeyDescription = Maximum certificates per user
 Value = 10

- 2) KeyID = iTimeInactive
 KeyDescription = Time limit for inactivity
 Value = 60

Table Name: tblFeedback

Table Description:

This table would contain the feedback information given by any registered or unregistered user and the details of reply sent for each feedback.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
IFeedListID	Int	4	List Id of feedback from user
EmailID	varchar	80	Email ID of the user who sent the feedback.
DateOfReceive	datetime	8	Date on which feedback was sent to Zendit.
Feedback	varchar	800	Feedback message.
Replied	int	4	A flag indicating whether the feedback has been replied to or not. This flag is set to "Y", if reply is sent to the feedback, else it is set to "N".
DateOfReply	datetime	8	Date on which reply was sent.
Remarks	varchar	800	The reply content.

Table Name: tblTemplate

Table Description:

This table stores the templates and its version information, which is sent to surfboard at time of logging in

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
iTemplateVer	Int	4	Template version number
vTemplate	text	16	Encrypted Template
vPassword	varchar	20	Password to decrypt the Template

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
DdateOfUpdate	datetime	8	Date of Creation of Template

Table Name: tblSendTemplate

Table Description:

This table stores the Send templates for each of the mail system for both frame and non-frame based pages.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
ISendTempID	Int	4	Id of the send template
cMailSystem	Varchar	50	Indicating the mail system, eg: Hotmail, Yahoo.
IFrameType	Int	4	Indicates If the page is frame, non frame or iframe based
CToName	Varchar	50	HTML field name given to the "TO" field in template used by the mail system.
cCcName	Varchar	50	HTML field name given to the "Cc" field in template used by the mail system.
cBccName	Varchar	50	HTML field name given to the "Bcc" field in template used by the mail system.
cPlainText	Varchar	50	HTML field name given to the "Message" field in (plain text) template used by the mail system.
cFormatText	Varchar	50	HTML field name given to the "Message" field in (formatted text) template used by the mail system. Ex: Field name given to the

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
			Scriptlet used by the Yahoo mail system.
CFormName	Varchar	50	Name of the form containing all the information, buttons and message body
cFrameURL	Varchar	300	URL for Compose, Reply, Forward or Read frames when it's a frame based page
cMainURL	Varchar	300	URL for the Page itself
cDescription	varchar	300	A brief description about the template

Table Name: tblClickTemplate

Table Description:

This table stores the Click templates for each of the mail system for both frame and non-frame based pages. Using this we can access the different kind of submit buttons on the mailsystem pages.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
iClickTempID	Int	4	Id of the click template
iSendTempID	Int	4	Id of the send template for which the click template is being added
iPartID	smallInt	2	The Page element for whom the template is being added
vElementType	varchar	255	Element Type

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
vAttributeName	varchar	255	Name of the Element
vAttributeValue	varchar	255	Value of that particular Attribute

Note:- The typical records for this table are listed as below

iClickTempID	=	4
iSendTempID	=	2
iPartID	=	1
vElementType	=	Input
vAttributeName	=	type
vAttributeValue	=	button

Table Name: tblReadTemplate

Table Description:

This table stores the Read templates for each of the mail system for both frame and non-frame based pages. Using this we can access the compose mail system pages.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
iReadTempID	Int	4	Id of the read template
cMailSystem	varchar	50	Name of the mail system
iFrameType	Int	4	Type of Frame used (frame, non frame or iframe based)
cHeaderStart	varchar	150	The start location in the source from which the sender information is extracted
cHeaderEnd	varchar	150	End of the header
cSenderStart	varchar	150	The start location in the source at which the sender information is embedded

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
cSenderEnd	varchar	150	End of sender tag
CTokenBegin	varchar	150	The start location in the source at which the email id of the sender is embedded
cTokenEnd	varchar	150	The tag at which token ends
cFrameURL	varchar	300	URL of the frame (if it's a frame based page)
cMainURL	varchar	300	URL of the page
cDescription	varchar	300	Description of the template

Note: tblReadTemplate is not used now for Dzending operation during signature verification. Instead it is done on the basis of Key ID.

Table Name: tblTempKeyPairPool

Table Description:

This table contains a pool of interim lock and keys generated by Zendit system. This is used for assigning temporary keys to new Email IDs. This table is populated by running a script in admin pages.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
cKeyPairBlob	text	16	A blob (Binary large object) containing the key pair
CPublicKeyBlob	text	16	A blob (Binary large object) containing the public key of the key pair
cKeyID	varchar	17	A unique id of the key
iFlgUsed	int	4	A flag telling the system whether the key has been used (1 for used and 0 otherwise)

Table Name: tblTempKeyConfirmation

Table Description:

This table contains the interim keys and related info for all the interim keys which are taken out of tbltempkeypairpool and are not yet confirmed. It also has the confirmation IDs for the users who have done quick registration.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
cEmailID	varchar	250	Email id associated with the temporary key
cConfirmationID	varchar	20	Confirmation ID sent to the target user
cKeyID	varchar	17	A unique Key ID
iMailSent	int	4	A flag depicting the success of Confirmation mail sent to the user. (0 if fail and 1 otherwise)
cSenderEmailID	varchar	2500	Email id of the sender who requested the temp key
cLoginID	varchar	20	Login id of the sender
dtCreate	datetime	8	Date of creation of temp key

Table Name: tblConfirmedTempKeys

Table Description:

This table contains the Confirmed interim keys and related info

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
cLoginID	varchar	20	Login ID of the user
cEmailID	varchar	250	Email id associated with the temporary key

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
cKeyPairBlob	text	16	The Key pair blob (Private key + public key)
cKeyID	varchar	17	A unique Key ID

Table Name: tbIDPL

Table Description:

This table contains the names and info of persons on US federal government's denied person's list.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
iListID	int	4	Login ID of the user
cName	varchar	250	Full name of the person
iFlag	smallint	2	Flag indicating whether it's a person or a company's name (1 for person and 2 for company)
cAddress1	varchar	250	Address of the person/company
cAddress2	varchar	250	Address of the person/company
cAddress3	varchar	250	Address of the person/company
cCity	varchar	250	City of person/company
cState	varchar	250	State of person/company
cCountry	varchar	250	Country of person/company (required)
cZip	varchar	50	Zip code of person/company
cEffectiveDate	varchar	250	Restrictions applicable from

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
			date(required)
cExpirationDate	varchar	250	The date when restrictions expire(required)
cFRC	varchar	250	The FRC issued
CFRC_Date	varchar	250	Date of issuance of FRC

Table Name: tblListLoginIDs

Table Description:

This table contains the Login Ids and corresponding unique List ids of registered users

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
iListID	int	4	A unique id generated for each user
cLoginID	varchar	20	Login id of the user
dtLastAccessed	datetime	8	Date when user last accessed the system

Table Name: tblListEmailIDs

Table Description:

This table contains the EmailIDs and corresponding Keys of registered users

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
iListID	int	4	A unique id generated for each Email address
cEmailID	varchar	250	Email id
cName	varchar	250	Name of the user associated

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
			with email id
cKeyID	varchar	17	ID of the key associated with the email id

Table Name: tblLoginEmailIDs

Table Description:

This table contains the Email IDs of registered users.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
cLoginID	varchar	20	Login Id of the user
cEmailID	varchar	250	Email ID associated with the user
iFlag	int	4	A flag determining whether the email address has an associated public lock or zend generated lock and key

Table Name: tblMailContent

Table Description:

This table contains the mail contents that are sent to the user for different scenarios.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
iContentID	int	4	A unique id for the mail content
cMailFor	varchar	250	Purpose of the mail
cSubject	varchar	250	Content of mail subject
cMailContent	varchar	5000	Content of mail body
cMailDesc	varchar	500	Brief Description about the

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
			mail

Table Name: tblMailsZent

Table Description:

This table keeps track of the number of mails zent to each mail system everyday

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
cMailSystem	varchar	50	Name of the mail system
dtMailZent	datetime	8	Date of zending mails
iMailsZent	int	4	Number of mails zent on that particular day to that particular system

Table Name: tblMailsZentLogin

Table Description:

This table keeps track of the number of mails zent by each user.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
cLoginID	varchar	20	Login id of the user
iMailsZent	int	4	Number of mails zent by the user

Table Name: tblServerMap

Table Description:

This table Maps Servers names to unique Hash IDs.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
iHashID	int	4	Hash id to be mapped to

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
cServerName	varchar	100	SQL Server Name

Table Name: tblSurfBoardDownload

Table Description:

This table shows number of surfboard downloads for a particular day

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
iDownloadCount	int	4	Number of downloads for a particular day
DateOfDownload	datetime	8	Date of download recording

Table Name: tblLoginStatus

Table Description:

This table tracks the user's login status once he is logged in

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
cLoginID	Varchar	20	Login Id of the user
cStatusHash	Varchar	50	A hash of session id and time stamp
iSourceFlag	int	4	A flag denoting whether the user logged from web or surfboard
dtLastAccessed	Datetime	8	The timestamp of the last user interaction with the server

Table Name: tblReqPwdConf

Table Description:

This table contains the Confirmation IDs for those who have requested for password as they had forgotten it.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
cLoginID	Varchar	20	Login Id of the user
cEmailID	Varchar	250	Primary Email Address of the user
cConflID	Varchar	20	Confirmation ID
iMailSent	Int	4	The flag that indicates whether the mail is sent or not.
dtDate	Datetime	8	Date on which the request is made

Table Name: tblHelpMapping

Table Description:

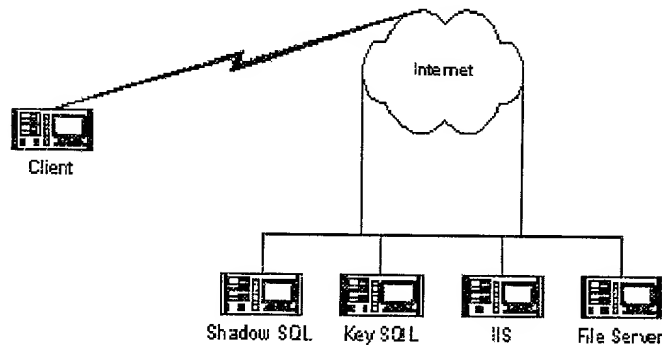
This table contains the mapping between the Mapping ID and the corresponding help page.

Field Name	Field Type	Length	Field Description
cID	Varchar	15	Mapping ID
cPageName	Varchar	100	The corresponding help page.

3. Zendit System Design

The diagram depicts the Zendit architecture as proposed.

Zendit Environment



3.1 Hashing implementation

The hashing algorithm is applied to ensure that data is spread evenly across different SQL Server machines. The maximum number of machines is assumed to be 100. A mapping between a hash ID and SQL Server name is maintained.

When a user registers with Zendit, the login ID is passed as a parameter to the hashing function. After hashing, a hash ID is generated which would be a number between 1 and 100. Depending on the hash ID generated, the user data is moved to the SQL Server that is mapped with that ID.

From there on, hashing is performed on the login IDs to identify the SQL Server on which the user data is available.

The hashing would be performed on email IDs also.

3.2 Confirmation process

Confirmation process could be classified as

1. Registration confirmation
2. Certificate confirmation

3.2.1 Registration confirmation

When the user registers successfully, a mail is sent to the primary email ID of the user. The mail would contain a confirmation ID that the user is required to submit at the website.

A record is inserted into the tblRegistrationConfirmation table with the login ID, the confirmation ID and date of registration. The user record in the tblRegisteredUsers is marked as non-confirmed.

When the user submits the confirmation ID, the tblRegistrationConfirmation is queried for a record with matching login ID and confirmation ID. If found, the record in the tblRegisteredUsers table is marked as confirmed and the corresponding record in the tblRegistrationConfirmation table is deleted.

3.2.2 Certificate confirmation

When a newly created certificate is sent to the Zendit server along with an email ID, the following scenarios are handled:

Key for an email ID does not exist

A record is inserted into the tblNonConfirmedCerts table with the login ID, confirmation ID, key ID and other relevant data.

A mail will be sent to the email ID associated with the key ID. The mail would contain a confirmation ID. The record is marked as 'mail sent' in the tblNonConfirmedCerts table once the mail is sent.

A record is inserted into the tblKeyConfirmation table with the login ID and key ID values along with other relevant information.

Once the user submits the confirmation ID at the Zendit server (this process is done through the web site), the login ID and key ID combination is searched for in the tblKeyConfirmation table. If found, record from the tblNonConfirmedCerts with this combination is moved to (Inserted) the tblConfirmedCerts table and is deleted from the tblNonConfirmedCerts. The record in the tblKeyConfirmation is also deleted.

Key for an email ID that exists in the Zendit Server (tblConfirmedCerts)

If the key is for the same Login ID, a message would be displayed to the user informing about he key for the email ID already existing in the Zendit Server, with an option to replace it.

If the user chooses to replace, the new key-email ID information is inserted into the tblConfirmedCerts table and the older certificate will be moved to tblBadCerts.

If the key is associated with different Login ID, a message would be displayed that the Email address is associated with another login ID and cannot be published.

3.3 Security

3.3.1 Security on Pages

The pages that process SurfBoard requests would check to see if the referrer URL is 'NULL' or the domain of the referrer URL would be the Zendit domain. As soon as the user logs in the Zendit system, the session id will be hashed and stored in tblStatusHash. This statushash would be passed as parameters to all the interface pages that will validate with the database.

The pages on the web site that act as an interface for user activity in the site, the identity of the user logged in would be maintained in a session based cookie. For all requests that require the user to be logged in, the pages would check the cookie to find out if the user has logged in. These pages also would look for the referrer URL to check if the requests are being made from the Zendit domain itself. Also when the user logs in the web vault, the session id will be hashed and stored in tblStatusHash. This status hash will be stored in a cookie and the value of this cookie will be validated with that in the database.

3.3.2 Database Security

The user password is to be hashed using a hashing algorithm and stored in the database. This is to prevent unauthorized people accessing the password from the database. This prevents any security hazard for the users, as any person having access to the password in the database will be able to retrieve any personal information and more importantly execute any privileged task such as deleting the user's backed up key pairs or invalidating the credentials of the user by changing the user's primary email address. Thus the user password is hashed and the password hash is stored in the database.

Note: For further details, please refer to the User Authentication and Login Status document attached under the section 3.4

3.4 User authentication and login status

The way the user is authenticated and method with which the user login status is maintained at the server is explained in the attached document. This is to ensure that no other person impersonates the user. The design of this process and the issues involved are discussed in the attached document.



"User Authentication
And Login Status.doc"

3.5 Denied Persons List

The US federal government restricts the export of security related software like Zendit to certain countries. Also, a list of persons that is maintained by the federal government are to be denied the services of the Zendit system. The implementation details and the issues involved are discussed in the attached document.



3.6 Zend generated lock and key

When the user tries to send an encrypted message to an email address, which does not have an associated public lock in the Zendit directory of certificates at server database, the server generates an lock and key for the email address and uses the public lock to encrypt the message. The encrypted message is sent along with another mail that asks the receiver to register with the Zendit system and to download the Zend generated lock and key. During the lock and key download process, the user is asked to change the password associated with the lock and key.

3.7 COM object under MTS for transactions

All database transactions are implemented in an ActiveX DLL, which is placed under MTS. This provides a stable and reliable way of implementing large-scale transactions as well as complying with the three-tier architecture. The design, implementation and the security issues involved are detailed in the attached document.



4. Zendit Web Site

The purpose of this section is to provide an overview of the high-level design implementation of the pages in the Zendit Website. This section details the behavior of each of the pages in the site and the backend processing that occurs for the user actions on the site.

The Zendit Website is divided into three sections:

- 4.1 User Pages.
- 4.2 Administration Pages.
- 4.3 Interface pages to SurfBoard.

4.1 User Pages

The Zendit website provides an interface for users to register and download the surfboard. Registered users can view their personal 'Vault' where their related information is displayed. The different options available to the user are:

1. Registration
2. Key confirmation

3. Login
4. Search
5. Feedback
6. View Vault
 - a. Personal Information
 - b. Personal settings
 - c. Files uploaded(not applicable now)
 - d. Key Pairs uploaded
 - e. View Certificates
 - f. Change password
 - g. Download surfboard.
6. Forgot password

The following sections describe each of the options available to the user in detail.

4.1.1 Registration

Description

There are four different ways with which the user can register with the Zendit system. The method. The regular registration process is discussed below. The other methods are discussed after the basic registration process.

The page collects user's information for registration. The user is also provided with an option to confirm the registration.

Refer Functional Specification document for details regarding the registration process.

Validations

During registration:

- Check for mandatory fields.
- Check for the data type.
- Check for minimum and maximum characters/value required.
- Check for the format of the primary email ID.

During registration confirmation:

- Check if confirmation ID is entered.

Database activities

The following table is used during the registration process.

1. tblRegisteredUsers

Actions performed:

- Check for login ID.
- If login ID exists, a message is displayed to the user to choose a different login ID.
- If login ID does not exist, a new record is inserted into the table. The password is hashed and this password hash is stored in the table.
- A mail is sent to the user with a confirmation ID. The email ID to which the mail is sent will be the primary email ID of the user.

The mail that is sent to the user would contain the URL for confirmation with the login ID and the confirmation ID as parameters. This facilitates the user to be taken to the confirmation page and get the registration confirmed.

For e.g., the URL would look like

<http://www.Zendit.com/confirm.asp?loginID=john&confID=x2we4fdvc4>
The user needs to submit his password during his registration confirmation.

The following tables are used during the registration confirmation process.

1. tblRegistrationConfirmation
2. tblRegisteredUsers

Actions performed:

- Check for the login ID and confirmation ID combination in the tblRegistrationConfirmation table.
- If combination does not exist, display message to the user.
- If combination exists, mark the related record for that login ID in the tblRegisteredUsers table as confirmed and delete the record from the tblRegistrationConfirmation table.

The other registration methods are as follows.

Quick Registration

The Zendit system generates a lock and key for the user when user registers with the system. The user can download this lock and key after confirming the registration through the ZPanel. The only restriction is that the primary email address provided in the registration should not be associated with another user in the Zendit server.

Vaccine Registration

The Zendit system generates a lock and key for those email address for which no lock is associated in the Zendit server while someone is trying to send an encrypted mail to the email address using the Zendit system. Along with the encrypted mail, another mail is sent from the Zendit system asking the receiver to confirm that the email address belongs to the receiver. When the receiver is not a registered user of the Zendit system and tries to confirm the email address, then the receiver has the option of registering with the system. There is no registration confirmation process involved with this registration as the user has already confirmed that the email address is associated with the registered login.

Surfboard Registration

At the end of the Zendit client installation, the setup provides the user with the option of registering with the Zendit system. When the user chooses to register, the quick registration process is initiated.

4.1.2 Certificate Confirmation

Description

The page provides an option for the user to confirm the key created.

Refer the FS document for details regarding the key creation process.

The URL for confirming the Key creation would contain the email ID and Key ID as a parameter. For e.g.,

<http://www.zend.com/confirm.asp?loginID=john&KeyID=12345678>

Validations

- Check if the confirmation ID is entered.

Database activities

The following tables are used during the key confirmation process.

1. tblKeyConfirmation
2. tblConfirmedCerts
3. tblNonConfirmedCerts

Actions performed:

- Perform the hashing on the login ID to identify the SQL Server to be accessed.
 - Check for the key ID and confirmation ID combination.
 - If combination does not exist, display message to the user.
 - If combination exists, insert a record into the tblConfirmedCerts table with the values from the tblNonConfirmedCerts for that key ID.
 - Delete the record from the tblNonConfirmedCerts table and tblKeyConfirmation table for that key ID.

4.1.3 LoginDescription

This page provides an option for the user to login to the site to view the web vault.

Validations

- Check if the login ID and password are entered.
- Check for the minimum and maximum characters required.

Database activities

The following table is used during the login process.

1. tblRegisteredUsers

Actions performed:

- Hash the password and get the password hash
- Check for the login ID and password hash combination.
- If combination does not exist, display message to the user.
- If combination exists, hash the session ID, date and time and get the status hash. Drop a session-based cookie onto the user machine with the status hash value in it.
- This cookie would be read on all the pages to check if the user has logged in.
- Display the personal vault page.

4.1.4 Search

Description

This page facilitates the user to search for a particular certificate based on name, email ID or the key ID.

Actions performed

For Name search:

The ListEmailIDs table in the admin server is searched for an exact match of the name provided

For email ID search:

The ListEmailIDstable in the admin server is searched for an exact match of the email ID provided.

For key ID search:

The tblListEmailIDs table in the admin server is searched for an exact match of the key ID provided.

4.1.5 Feedback

Description

This page facilitates any user to send his feedback about the Zendit system. The user need not necessarily be logged in to the system.

Actions performed

The email ID and the feedback from the user are inserted in the tblFeedback table along with the date.

4.1.6 Vault

Description

This page provides an option for the user to view all the information regarding the user that is available at the Zendit Server.

Database activities

The following table is used while accessing the vault.

1. tblRegisteredUsers

Actions performed:

- Access the cookie to see if the user has logged in.
- If not logged in, display message to the user.
- If logged in, display the page with appropriate links.
- Display the remaining free space available to the user and total mails zent by the user.

These values are obtained from the tblRegisteredUsers table.

4.1.7 Personal information

Description

This page is accessed from within the Vault page. This page provides an option for the user to view the personal information that is entered during registration. The user is also provided with an option to update this information.

Validations

- Check for mandatory fields.
- Check for the data type.
- Check for minimum and maximum characters/values required.
- Check for the format of the primary email ID.

Database activities

The following table is used while accessing the vault.

1. tblRegisteredUsers

Actions performed:

- Access the cookie to see if the user has logged in.
- If not logged in, display message to the user.
- If logged in, display the page with values shown in the appropriate fields.
- On submit of this page, update the information back into the record for that login ID.

Case handled

When the user changes the primary email ID, a process similar to the registration is carried out. The user is sent mail both to the old primary email ID and the new email ID. While the mail sent to the new email ID contains the confirmation ID, the old email ID is sent a mail informing the user that a request for change of primary email ID was made. The user would not be able to login into either the SurfBoard or the vault till the confirmation ID is submitted.

4.1.8 Personal settings

Description

This page is accessed from within the Vault page. This page provides an option for the user to choose the personal information fields that could be made available to other Zend users.

Database activities

The following table is used while accessing the vault.

1. tblRegisteredUsers
2. tblUserProfile

Actions performed:

- Access the cookie to see if the user has logged in.
- If not logged in, display message to the user.
- If logged in, display the page with values shown in the appropriate fields. Display checkboxes next to each field.
- On submit of this page, check for the fields that are selected. Store this information in tblUserProfile table.

The selected fields are stored as a string delimited by commas in a single field.

For e.g., if the user selects First Name, Phone and Address, this information is stored as FName,Phone,Address in a field in the record for that login ID.

4.1.9 Uploaded files

Note: This option is not present now.

Description

This page is accessed from within the Web Vault page. This page provides an option for the user to view the file information backedup to the Zendit server. The user is also provided with an option to download or delete the uploaded files.

Database activities

The following table is used while accessing the vault.

1. tblFileUpload

Actions performed:

- Access the cookie to see if the user has logged in.
- If not logged in, display message to the user.
- If logged in, select all the records from the tblFileUpload table for that login ID and display the information on the page. The file names would appear as hyperlinks.
- Clicking on a file name link would download the file to the client machine.

Note: This feature is not implemented in the current feature.

4.1.10 Backed Up Locks and KeysDescription

This page is accessed from within the Web Vault. This page provides an option for the user to view the locks and keys that are backed up from the SurfBoard onto the Zendit server. The user is provided with an option to delete a lock and key by selecting the lock and key to be deleted and clicking the delete button.

Database activities

The following table is used while accessing the vault.

1. tblKeyUpload

Actions performed:

- Access the cookie to see if the user has logged in.
- If not logged in, display message to the user.
- If logged in select all the records from the tblKeyUpload table for that login ID and display the information on the page.

When the user selects a lock and key to delete and clicks the delete button, this information is posted to another page, which would accept the login ID and key ID as parameters and run a stored procedure to delete the record from the tblKeyUpload table.

Note: The user is not provided with an option to restore the locks and keys from the site. The locks and keys can be restored vault.

4.1.11 View CertificatesDescription

This page is accessed from within the Web Vault. This page provides an option for the user to view the certificates that are associated with the user on the Zendit server. The user can also delete the published lock from the web vault.

Database activities

The following tables are used while accessing the vault.

1. tblRegisteredUsers
2. tblConfirmedCerts

Actions performed:

- Access the cookie to see if the user has logged in.
- If not logged in, display message to the user.
- If logged in, obtain information regarding the email IDs associated with the login ID from the tblLoginEmailID table.
- Perform the hashing on the email IDs to identify the SQL Server to be accessed.
- Select the certificate-related information for the email IDs from tblConfirmedCerts table in the appropriate SQL Servers and display this information on the page. The EmailIDs and key IDs would appear as hyperlinks. Clicking on those would display the certificate information in a simple format.

4.1.12 Change passwordDescription

This page is accessed from within the Web Vault. This page provides an option for the user to change the password for login.

Validations

- Check for old password value.
- Check for new password value.
- Check for confirmed password value.
- Check for minimum and maximum characters required.
- Check if the new password value and the confirm password value match.

Database activities

The following table is used while accessing the vault.

1. tblRegisteredUsers

Actions performed:

- Access the cookie to see if the user has logged in.
- If not logged in, display message to the user.
- If logged in, check if the old password matches with the entered old password value.
- If the values don't match, display message to the user.
- If values match, update the password value with the new password value after hashing it.

4.1.13 Forgot passwordDescription

The user would not be able to login into the SurfBoard or the vault in the web site if the password is forgotten or lost. The user can request for the password under such circumstances. The user is required to submit the login ID and his primary Email ID. If the combination is valid, a confirmation ID is generated and inserted into tblReqPwdConf along with the login ID and a mail is sent to the user with a link.

On clicking of the link, the confirmation ID is validated and the user needs to submit his new password. The password will be hashed and updated in the database.

Database activities

The following table is used while accessing the vault.

1. tblRegisteredUsers
2. tblReqPwdConf

Actions performed:

- Check for the login ID and primary Email ID combination in tblRegisteredUsers table.
- Generate Confirmation ID and insert into tblReqPwdConf.
- On click of the link, check for the validity of login ID, confirmation ID in tblReqPwdConf.
- If valid, the new password is got from the user, hashed and updated.

4.2 Administration Pages

The administration pages are a set of web pages used to manage admin related activities such as database related settings, getting statistical information and searching for user information..

Access Mechanism will be **Windows NT challenge-response authentication**.

4.2.1 Menu Page

Description

The page contains the various menu options that are available to the admin. The authorized users using Windows NT challenge-response authentication can access this page. The various menu options are:

- Search
- Statistics
- Feedback
- Last Accessed
- Admin Settings
- Templates
- Scripts
- Mailers
- Restrictions
- Help
-

4.2.2 Search / User Information Page

Description

This page facilitates the admin to search for a particular user based on the login ID, email ID or the Key ID.

Actions performed

For login ID search:

The search is done on a **pattern** match basis and returns all users' login IDs containing the search string provided. The tblListLoginIDs table in the admin server is searched to obtain the result.

For email ID search:

The search is done on a **pattern** match basis and returns all the Email IDs containing the search string provided. The tblListEmailIDs table in the admin server is searched to obtain the result.

For key ID search:

The tblListEmailIDs table in admin server is searched for an exact match of the key ID provided.

The user information is divided under the tabs as follows:

Personal

The personal details of the user such as the name, address, phone numbers, registration date, confirmation date and the last accessed date are displayed under this tab. The admin will have provisions for resetting user password as well as deleting the user account.

The following table is accessed for personal information.

1. tblRegisteredUsers

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `http://adit310/admin/`. The page has a navigation bar with links: Search, Statistics, Feedback, Last Accessed, Admin Settings, Templates, Scripts, Manners, Restrictions, and Help. Below the navigation bar is a search section with a dropdown menu for 'Select search option:' (Email ID, Login ID, Key ID) and a text input for 'Enter search text:'. A 'Search' button is also present.

The main content area displays a table with the following columns: Personal, Files, Last Status, and Feedback. The 'Personal' column contains the following details for a user:

Login ID:	
Name:	Sujata S. Sujata S.
Address 1:	Off. phone no.
Address 2:	Res. phone no.
City / State:	Mobile no.
Country / Zip:	Ext. no.
Primary mail ID:	
Registered date:	1/11/2011 2:05:53 PM
Confirmed date:	1/11/2011 2:07:31 PM
Last accessed date:	1/22/2011 3:47:21 PM

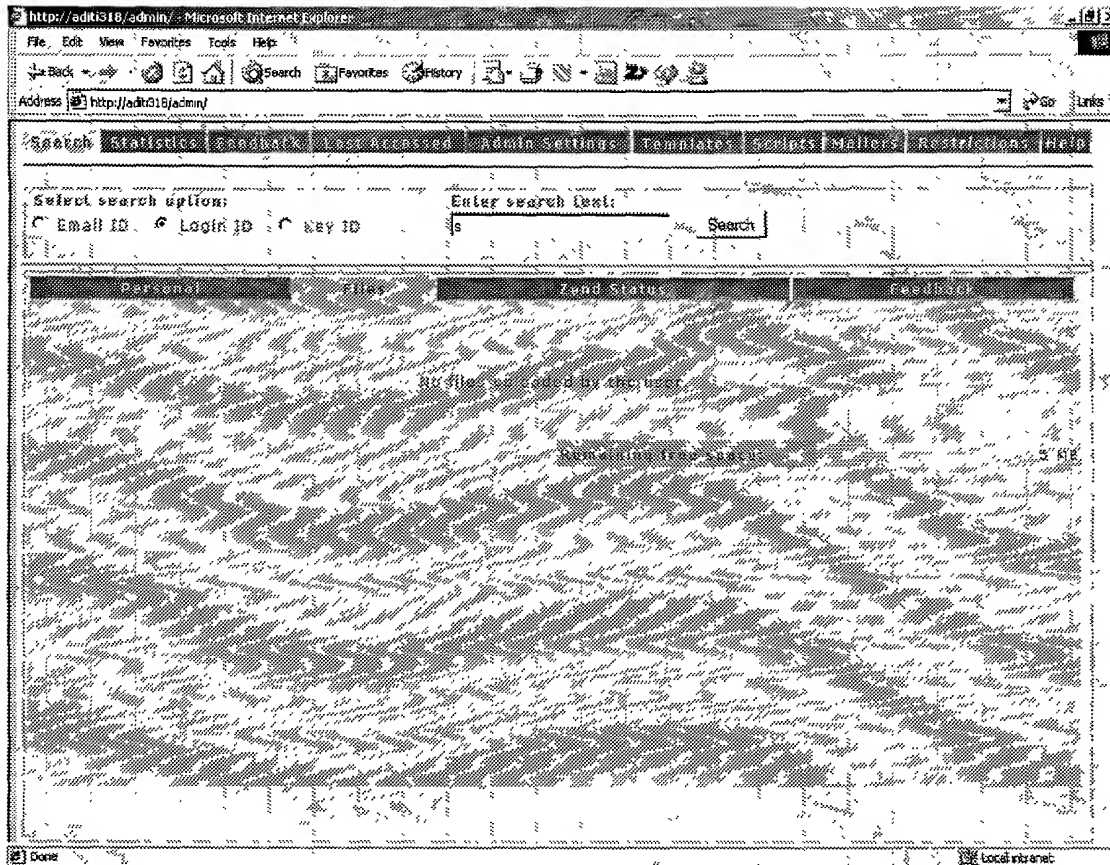
At the bottom of the table, there are two buttons: 'Delete' and 'Reset Password'.

Files

The uploaded file details such as the name, size, uploaded date, total used space and free space left are displayed under this tab.

The following table is accessed for uploaded file information.

1. tblFileUpload

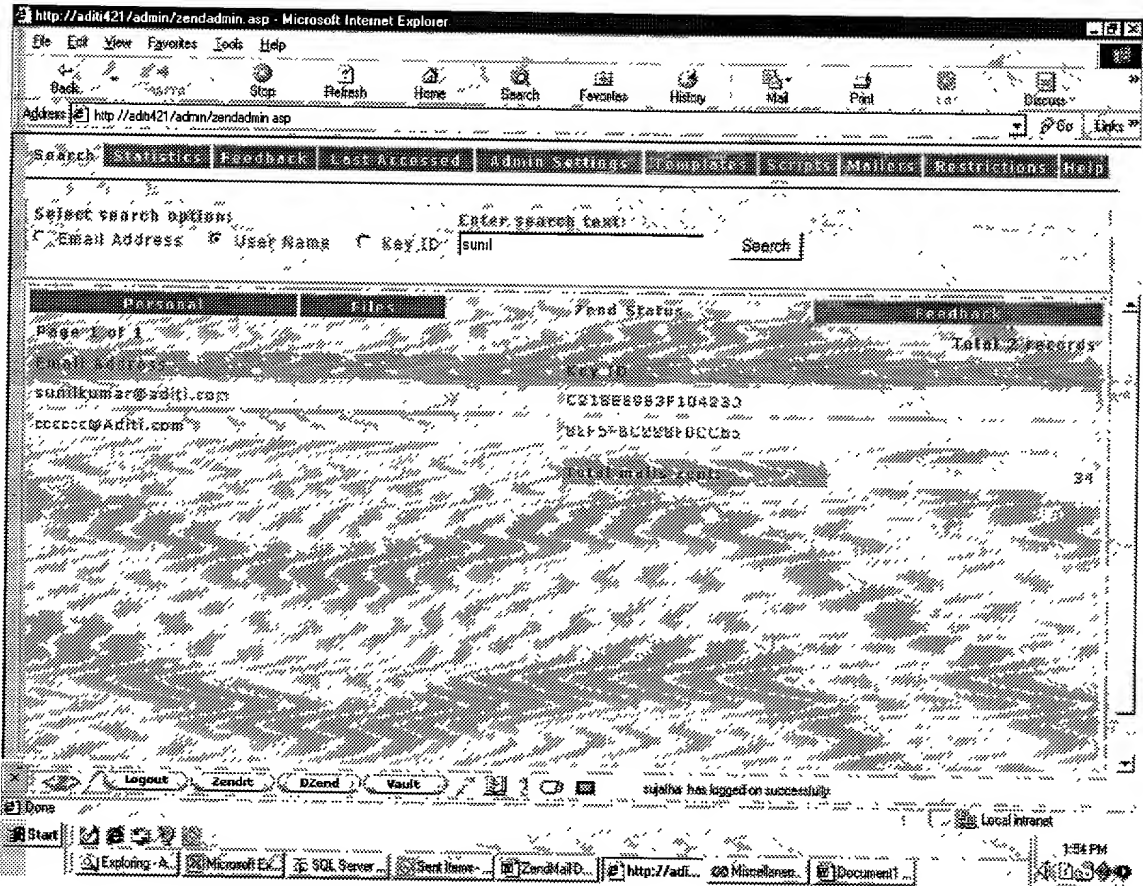


Zend Status

The user's associated email IDs, corresponding key IDs and the number of mails zent by the user are displayed under this tab.

The following table is accessed for key and mails zent information.

1. tblConfirmedCerts

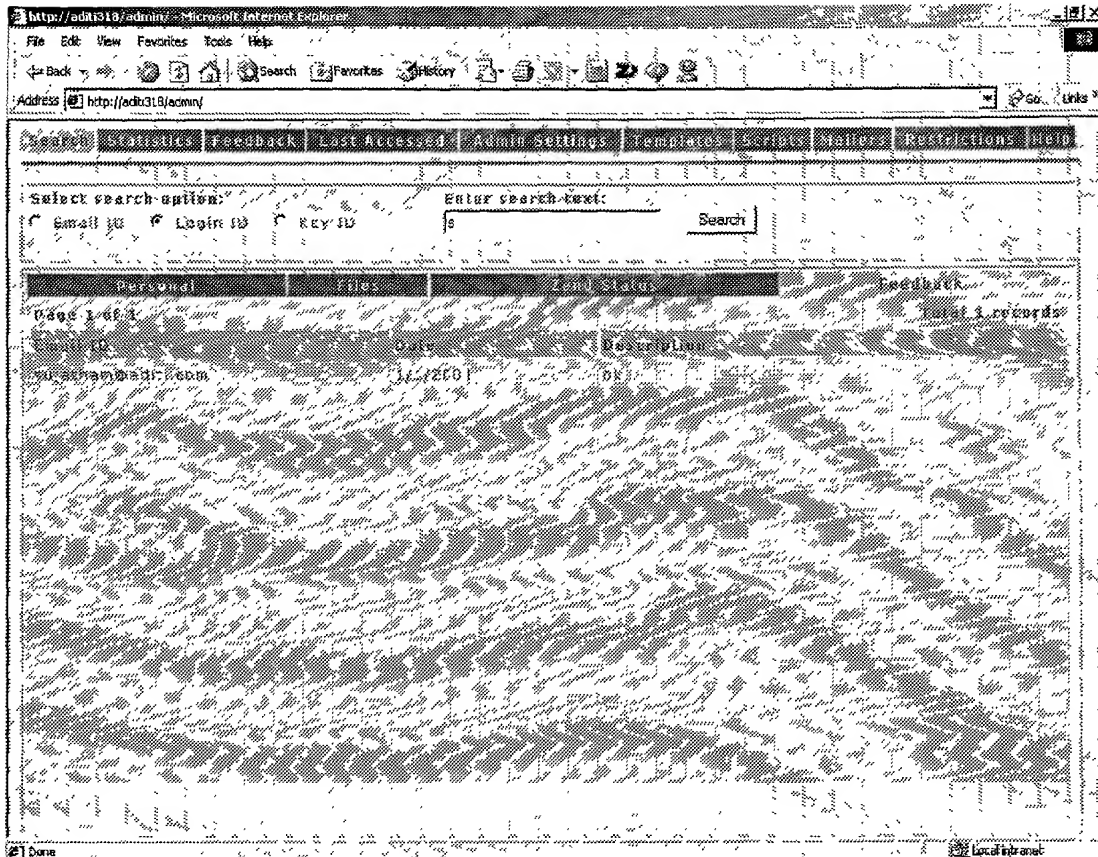


Feedback

The details of all feedbacks sent by the user are displayed under this tab.

The following table is accessed for feedback information.

1. tblFeedback



4.2.3 Statistics Page

Description

This page facilitates the admin to view various statistics of the Zendit system. The admin can select the queries and the date ranges for which he needs to see the results. The admin server will be accessed in sequence for all statistical information that the queries generate. The details of the statistics that the admin can view are as follows:

➤ Zent mails via a particular mail system

This query allows the admin to view the number of mails that had been sent using SurfBoard through a particular mail system (ex – Hotmail, Yahoo). The admin selects the mail system and provides the date range for which the statistics has to be shown. The tblMailsZent table is accessed to fetch the result.

➤ Number of confirmed registrations

This query accesses the tblRegisteredUsers table to find out the number of people who have registered and have confirmed by checking the confirmed flag field for a given date range.

➤ Total number of Published Locks

This query accesses the tblConfirmedCerts table to fetch the total number of digital IDs that have been registered with the Zendit system.

➤ Average email IDs per user

This query accesses the tblConfirmedCerts table to find out the average number of digital IDs per person that has been registered with the Zendit system.

➤ Average number of files per user

This query accesses the tblFileUpload table to fetch the average number of files uploaded per user.

➤ Average file space used per user

This query accesses the tblFileUpload table to fetch the average uploaded file space used per user.

➤ Total Number of Surfboard downloads

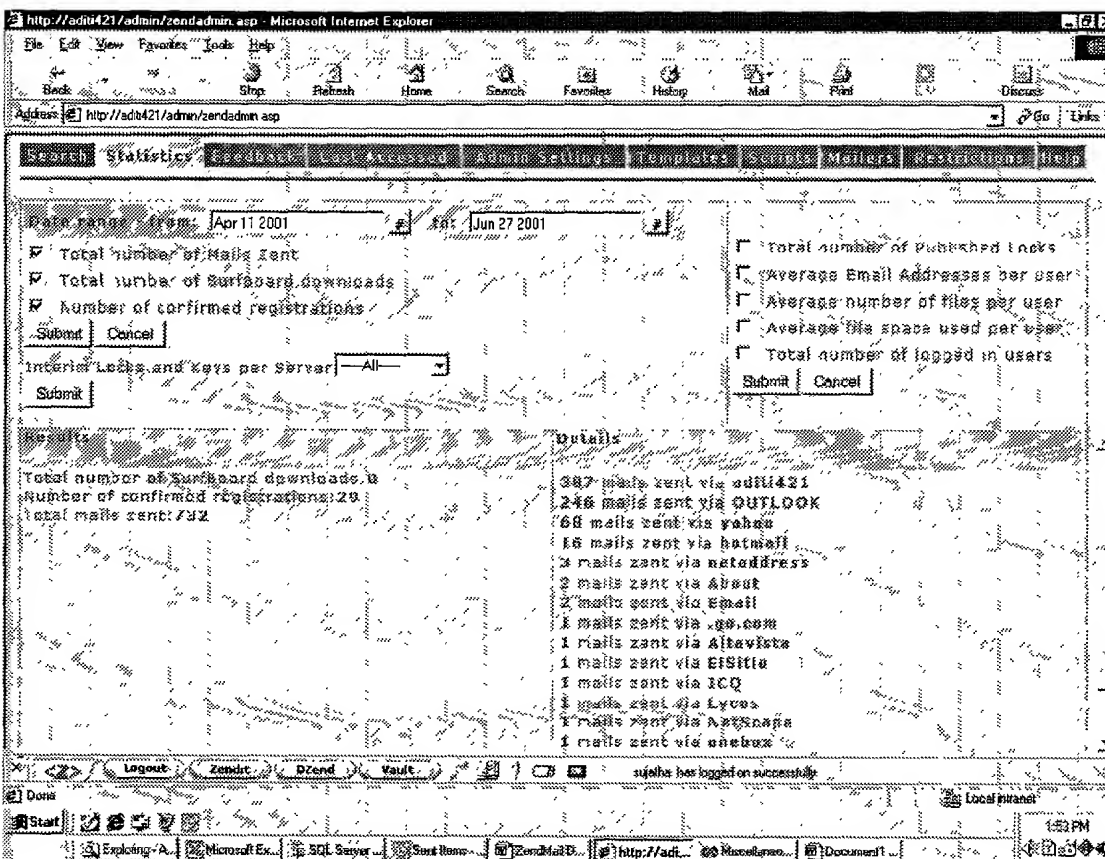
This query accesses the tblSurfboardDownload to find the number of surfboard downloads that have happened during a given date range.

➤ Total number of logged in users

This query accesses the tblLoginStatus table to find the number of users who have logged into website and through surfboard at any point of time.

➤ Number of Interim Lock and Keys in the server

This query accesses the tblTempKeyPairPool in the selected server to find the number of unused interim locks and keys.



4.2.4 Feedback Page

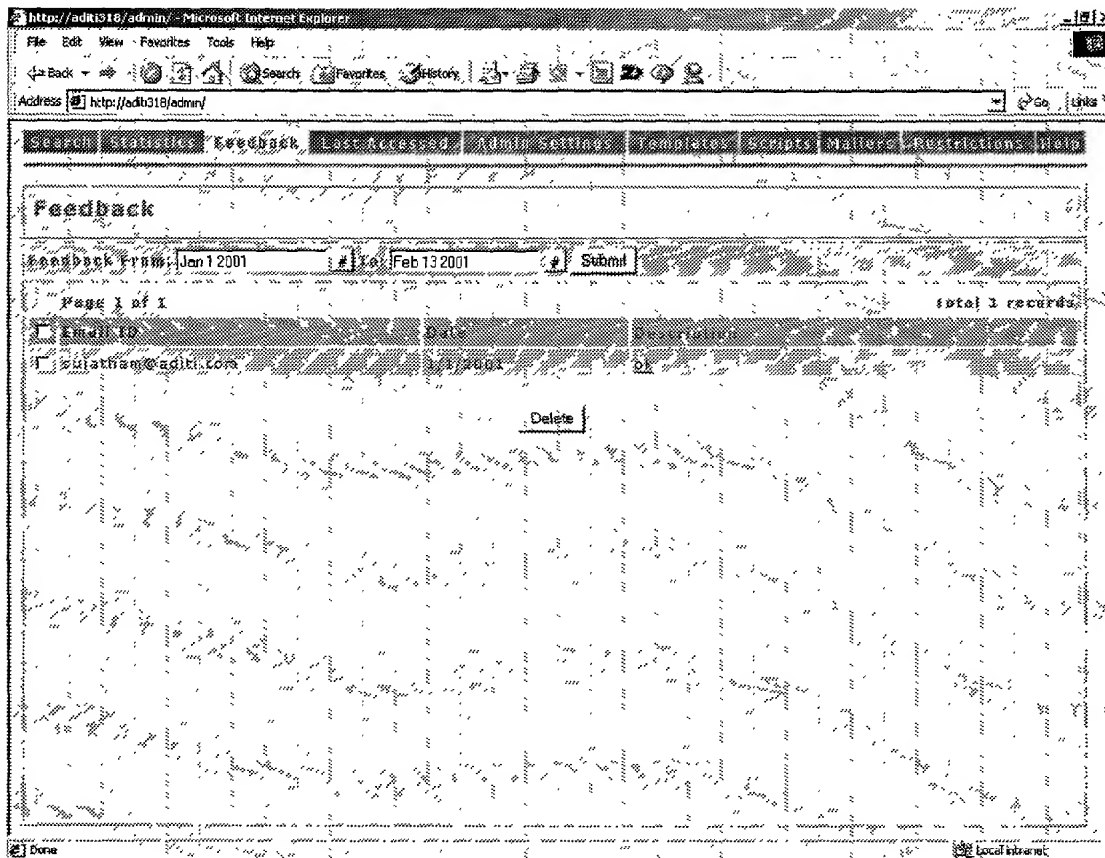
Description

This page allows the admin to view all feedback that was received by the Zendit system on a given date range. When the admin clicks on a particular feedback, a new window that pops up will provide the interface for the admin to do the following:

- To delete the feedback
- To mail back with the reply to the user.

The following table is accessed for feedback information.

1. tblFeedback



4.2.5 Last Accessed Page

Description

This page allows the admin to view all users who last accessed the Zendit system between two dates. The admin is provided with the interface to do the following activities:

- Reset the password and send a mail.
- Delete the user accounts.

The following table is accessed for last accessed information.

1. tblListLoginIDs

The screenshot shows the 'Last Accessed' page in the Zendit Admin interface. The page displays a table of user login information for the period between May 17, 2001, and June 7, 2001. The table lists user names and their last accessed dates and times. The interface includes a navigation bar with links like Search, Statistics, Feedback, Last Accessed, Admin Settings, Template, Links, Mailers, Restriction, and Help. A status bar at the bottom indicates 'siddha has logged on successfully'.

User Name	Last Accessed Date
sikandar2	5/17/2001 1:05:22 PM
navcho	5/27/2001 11:12:53 PM
mudhvaat.k	5/31/2001 6:30:16 PM
zendtw	6/3/2001 4:03:19 PM
niko_zend	6/7/2001 9:49:32 AM
nnlannl	5/29/2001 10:07:19 AM
windows95	5/18/2001 1:28:33 PM
nsnkn1	5/31/2001 5:05:06 PM
Prist	5/31/2001 6:10:06 PM
Mahesh	6/3/2001 6:01:49 PM
nnl-annl	6/7/2001 3:35:48 PM
mad	6/7/2001 3:54:17 PM

4.2.6 Admin Settings Page

Description

This page allows the admin to change settings related to the Zendit system. The settings that can be changed are as follows:

- The total file space limit per user.
- The root path for file uploads.
- Locks and Keys per user.
- Maximum published locks per user.
- Duration for key pair confirmation.
- Duration for registration confirmation.
- Duration for keeping the interim lock and key in the server
- Time limit for inactivity.
- Time limit for sending reminder mails to the user regarding last accessed date.
- The template version number.
- DSN string.
- Current Zendit Client Version.
- Critical Zendit Client Version.
- Time limit for running cleanup script (to cleanup the records in tblLoginStatus who have logged in but have not used the system more than the specified time.)

The following table is updated for admin settings.

TblAdminSettings

The screenshot shows the 'Admin Configuration settings' page. The settings are organized into two columns:

Admin Configuration settings		SQL Server Mapping	
Maximum published locks per user:	14	Driver:	SQL Server
Lock and key backup limit per user:	12	Database:	PostDropMay6
Duration for registration confirmation:	30 days	Username:	sa
Duration for lock and key confirmation:	30	Password:	eking
Time limit for inactivity:	50 days	Mail server:	TOMCAT
Start sending reminders before deleting user:	50	Admin name:	Admin-Zend
Time limit for keeping interim lock and key:	50 days	Admin ID:	admin@zendit.com
Total file space limit per user:	5	Root path for uploading:	Admin467zendmail files
Template version number:	11	Critical Zendit Client Version:	1 0 0 0
Current Zendit Client Version:	1 0 0 0		
Time limit for running Cleanup Script:	4 Hours		

At the bottom of the page, there is a status bar showing 'Logout', 'Zendit', 'DZend', 'Vault', and a message 'zupha has logged on successfully'.

4.2.7 Templates Page

Description

This page allows the user to update the templates for mailsystems, Frame based and Non Frame based usage. The admin will also be able to add new mail system templates. After updating the templates, the template blob is created and when the application variables are refreshed, the template version number in tblAdminSettings is increased by one.

The following table is accessed for template information.

1. tblTemplate
2. tblSendTemplate
3. tblReadTemplate
4. tblClickTemplate

http://adit318/admin/ - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Search Favorites History

Address http://adit318/admin/ Go

Search Statistics Feedback Log On Admin Settings **Templates** Scripts Mailers Restrictions Help

Select mail system: EISho New Mail System: Add New Mail System Create Blob

Available Templates:

☐ Frame Based Send Template

☐ Frame Based Read Template

Delete Templates Reset

Add New Template

Template Type: --Select One-- Add Template

EISho Frame Based Send Template

Send Template: click template

add template name

Frame type: Frame Based

To: MTo

Cc: MCC

Bcc: MBCC

Plain text: MText

Formatted text: Null

Frame URL: Send

URL phrase: Message, Editor

Default phrase: Door>Welcome

Frame Based Send Template

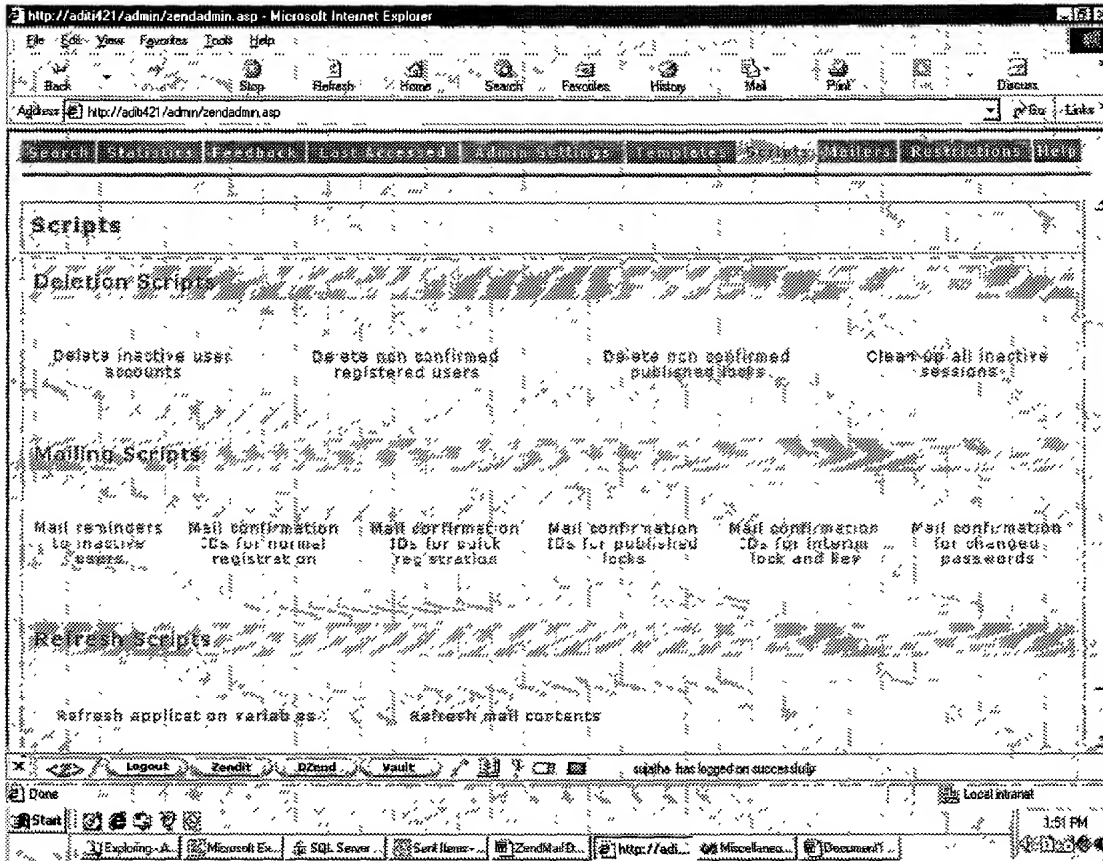
Update Send Template Reset

Done Local intranet

4.2.8 Scripts

Description

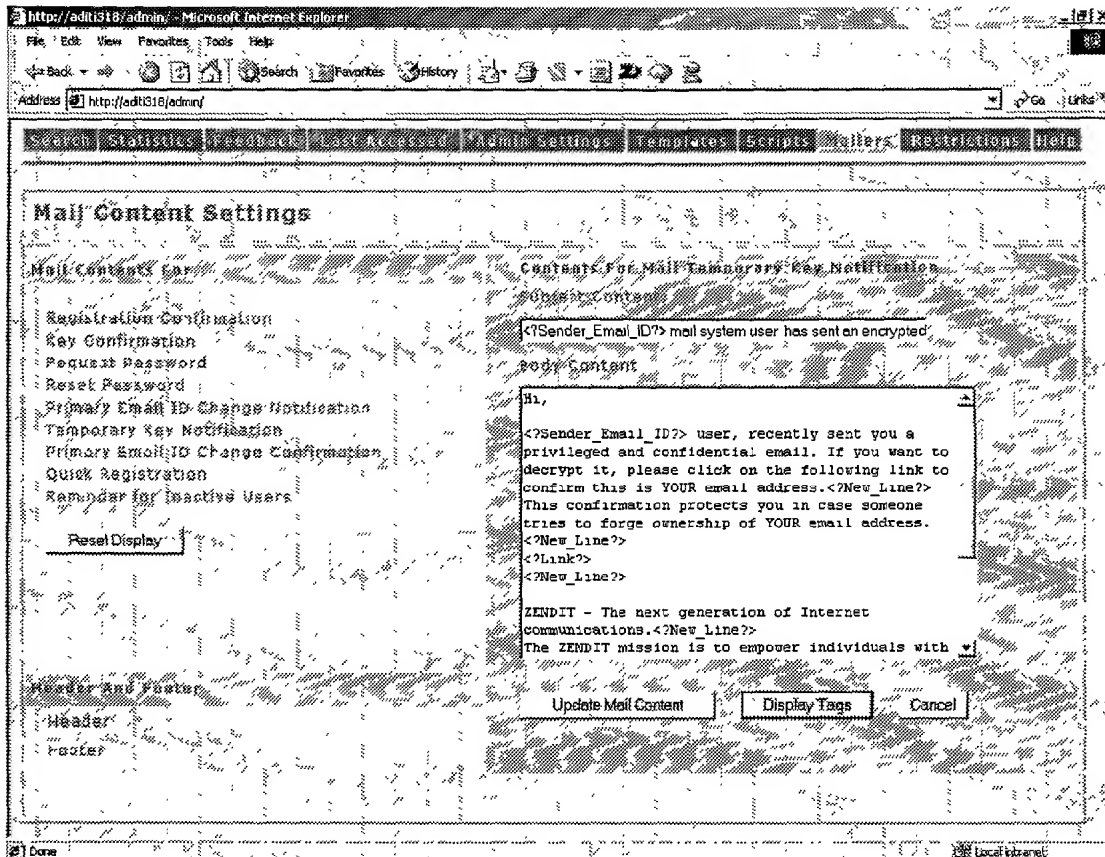
This page contains the manual scripts needed for performing various maintenance and cleanup related tasks and also the scripts to send mails that were not sent .



4.2.9 Mailers

Description

This page contains all the mail contents. The admin will be able to update the mail content also.



4.2.10 Restrictions

Description

This page is used to maintain a list of all the denied persons and companies. We can also add restricted countries to the list.

The screenshot shows the Zendit admin interface in Microsoft Internet Explorer. The address bar shows 'http://aditi318/admin/'. The navigation bar includes links for Search, Statistics, Feedback, Last Accessed, Admin Settings, Templates, Scripts, Mailer, Restrictions, and Help. The main content area is divided into two sections: 'Denied Person's List' and 'Restricted Countries'.

Denied Person's List:

Select search option:
 Name of Country:

Table:

Name	Address1	Address2	City	State	Country	Effective Date (DD/MM/YYYY)	FRC no.
nitin gupta	Aditi technologies	Richmond circle	Bangalore	Karnataka	India	Feb 15 2001	580076
						Feb 9 1999	
						Feb 1 2001	

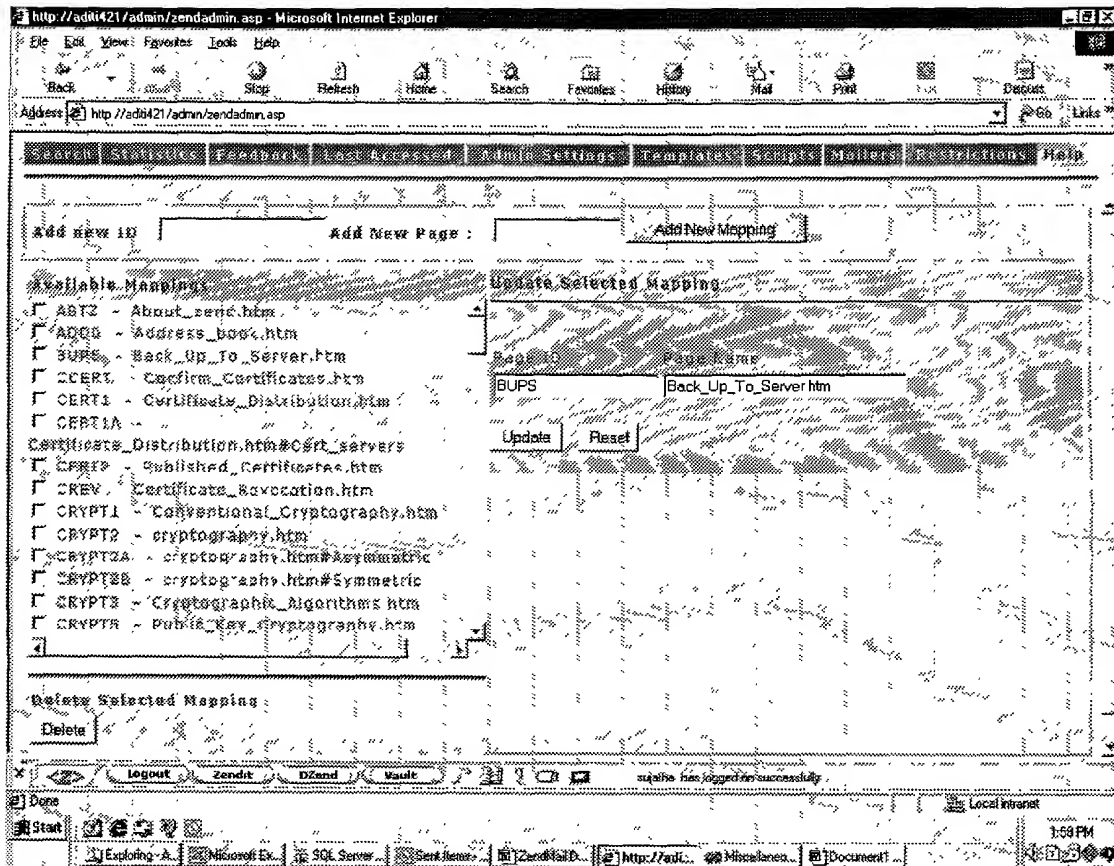
Restricted Countries:

Add new name:
 Name of Country:

4.2.11 Help

Description

This page contains the help mappings between the identification code and the help page. The admin can add or update the mapping value.



4.3 Interface pages to SurfBoard.

These set of pages act as an interface to the SurfBoard. Any data needed by the SurfBoard will be requested to these pages. These pages in turn query the database and send the necessary data to the SurfBoard.

The following table depicts the various pages and the parameters sent and received. Each page is explained in detail after the table.

Interface pages between SurfBoard and Zendit Server

Request	Sent Fields	Return Fields
<u>Login Request</u>	strLogin strPwd flgTempKeyExists	INewMailStatus StrFirstName INewTemplateVer INewSurfBoardVer INewSurfBoardCriticFactor CStatusHash CleanupTime flgStatus StrSQLServer MailFooter MailHeader
<u>Request email IDs and Key IDs</u>	strLogin strSQLServer strStatusHash	flgStatus iCount strEmailId[i] strKeyId[i] flgKeyRetStatus[i]
<u>New Mail Status Request</u>	strLogin strSQLServer strStatusHash	flgStatus flgMailStatus
<u>Request Templates</u>		flgStatus strTemplates strPassword
<u>Request recipients' public keys</u>	strEmailId[i] strLoginID	flgStatus iCount

Request	Sent Fields	Return Fields
	strSQLServer strStatusHash	strCert[i] flgStatus[i]
<u>Backup Lock and Key</u>	strLogin StatusHash strSQLServer strKeyPairData strEmailId strKeyId strName flgReplaceStatus strStatusHash	flgStatus
<u>Restore Lock and Key</u>	strLogin StatusHash strSQLServer	FlgStatus iCount strEmailId[i] KeyId[i] Name[i] FileBlob[i]
<u>Public Key Upload</u>	strLogin strPwd strEmailId strSQLServer strSQLNameForReplace strName strCert strKeyId strMailSystem strAlgo strLength dtCreatedate dtExpiryDate strStatusHash iReplace	flgStatus flgEmailExists strSQLServer strKeyId

Request	Sent Fields	Return Fields
<u>Get User Personal Info</u>	strEmailId strKeyId	FlgStatus <all public personal info> strKeyId strCertificate strEmailId dtExpiry
<u>Public key delete</u>	strLogin StatusHash strSQLServer strEmailId strKeyId	flgStatus
<u>Temporary key pair creation request</u>	arrEmailId(i)	flgStatus arrCertStatus(i) arrKeyID(i) arrPublicCert(i)
<u>Mail(s) Zend notify</u>	strLogin strSQLServer strEmailId[i] strTempEmailIDList strMailSystem strStatusHash	flgStatus
<u>Reset mail status</u>	strLogin strSQLServer strStatusHash	flgStatus
<u>Download Temporary Keys</u>	strLogin statusHash strSQLserver	flgStatus iCount strEmailID[i] KeyID[i] FileBlob[i]
<u>Transparent Login into Vault</u>	StrLoginID StrStatusHash StrSQLserver	

4.3.1 Login Request

When the user tries to login, a request is sent to the Server from the Surfboard.

Fields sent from the SurfBoard to the Server

strLogin - The login ID which the user gives.
 strPwd - The password given by the user
 flgTempKeyExists - If this flag is set, the server will return the number of Zendit Created keys existing for this loginID.

Fields returned from the Server to the Surfboard

flgStatus - A flag that indicates to the SurfBoard whether the login has succeeded or not.
 strSQLServer - The SQL Server name in which the user's details are stored.
 INewMailStatus - The flag to indicate if there is a new mail.
 StrFirstName - First name of the user who has logged in.
 INewTemplateVer - The latest version number of the templates.
 INewSurfBoardVer - The latest version of surfboard
 INewSurfBoardCriticFactor - The version of surfboard in the user's machine should be above or equal to this number.
 CStatusHash - hash(sessionID + date + time)
 ICleanUpTime - The timelimit for cleaning up tblLoginStatus.
 MailFooter - The content that goes as footer in all the mails sent.
 MailHeader - The content that goes in the header in all the mails sent.

CONFIDENTIAL

Server Action

The Server receives the login ID and the password from the SurfBoard and hashes the password using the fnHash method and checks for the validity of the hash. Login can fail for any one of the reasons below:

- SQL Server connection failure.
- The user has not yet confirmed his registration.
- Invalid login ID or password.

Accordingly, flgStatus will carry an error code to the SurfBoard.

Every time the user logs in, a hashing is done on the login ID and the Server will find the SQL Server in which the user's data is stored. The SQL Server's name is passed onto the Surfboard, so that for further fetching of data from the database, all the SQL Servers need not be searched.

If the Login is successful, hashing is done on the string formed by concatenating the session ID, date and time. This hash is sent to the client as well as stored in a database table tblLoginStatus along with login ID and the date - time stamp. This entry is made in the corresponding SQLServer in which the user's data is stored.

iNewTemplateVer is the version of the template which is currently in the database. This version number is compared with that of the SurfBoard registry entry and if they differ, a request is made from the SurfBoard to the Server to download the recent version of template. This comparison avoids the need for downloading the templates every time the user logs in.

A message indicating whether the user has successfully logged in will be displayed to the user. If login succeeds, a low priority thread is started to fetch the email IDs associated with the login ID.

4.3.2 Request email IDs and Key IDs

The SurfBoard makes a request to the Zendit Server to download the key IDs and corresponding email IDs for the login ID.

Fields sent from the SurfBoard to the Server

strLogin - The login ID of the user
 strSQLServer - The SQL Server name in which the details of that user is stored.
 StrStatusHash - The unique value which is passed on to surfboard while logging in the user.

Fields returned from the Server to the Surfboard

flgStatus - The flag that specifies whether the operation has succeeded or not.
 iCount - Number of email IDs associated with that login ID.
 strEmailID[i] - Array of email IDs.
 strKeyID[i] - Array of key IDs.
 flgKeyRetStatus[i] - Array indicating status for each email ID

Server Action

The server contacts the SQLServer and validates the statushash in tblLoginStatus. If the statushash is valid, the server fetches the list of email addresses associated with the user name from tblLoginEmailID. Then, each email address is hashed and the SQL server is identified. The Key IDs for the email address is got from tblConfirmedCerts from that server.

4.3.3 New Mail Status Request

The SurfBoard requests for the new mail status of the user who has logged in.

Fields sent from the SurfBoard to the Server

strLogin - The login ID of the user
 strSQLServer - The SQL Server name in which the details of that user are stored.
 StrStatusHash – The unique value that is passed on to surfboard while logging in the user.

Fields returned from the Server to the Surfboard

flgStatus - The flag which indicates whether the operation has succeeded or not.
 flgMailStatus - The flag which indicates whether there is a new mail or not.

Server Action

This page accesses the tblRegisteredUsers for the new mail status flag for the login ID after verifying the status hash in the tblLoginStatus. This information is indicated to the SurfBoard through the flgMailStatus flag.

4.3.4 Request Templates

The SurfBoard sends a request for the new templates from the Zendit adminserver. This request is made from the SurfBoard if the template version with the SurfBoard is different from the one in the database.

Fields sent from the SurfBoard to the Server

Fields returned from the Server to the Surfboard

flgStatus - The flag indicates whether the operation has succeeded or not.
 strTemplates - Set of mail system templates available in the database.
 Password – The password used for encrypting the template blob.

Server Action

When the server receives the request, the template will be downloaded to the SurfBoard.

4.3.5 Request recipients' public keys (certificates)

If the user is zending mails, the SurfBoard searches the local key ring for the recipients' public keys. If the public key for few of the recipients doesn't exist in the local key ring, the SurfBoard will request those public keys from the Zendit server by sending the email IDs as parameters.

Fields sent from the SurfBoard to the Server

strEmailID[i] - Array of email IDs for which the certificates have to be fetched from server.
 strLogin - The login ID of the user
 strSQLServer - The SQL Server name in which the details of that user are stored.

StrStatusHash – The unique value that is passed on to surfboard while logging in the user.

Fields returned from the Server to the Surfboard

- flgStatus** - The flag that indicates whether the operation has succeeded or not.
- iCount** - Number of email IDs for which the public keys are to be fetched from database.
- strCert[i]** - Array of certificates
- flgStatus[i]** - Array of status flags which indicate the status of each certificate. (Whether it exists in the server or not)

Server Action

The status hash value is validated with the value in tblLoginStatus in the SQL Server. Then each email address is hashed and the SQL Server is identified. The tblConfirmedCerts table is queried for every email ID and stored in an array. This array is then sent to the SurfBoard.

4.3.6 Backup Lock and Key

The SurfBoard requests this page to backup the user's lock and key to the Zendit server.

Fields sent from the SurfBoard to the Server

- strLogin** - The user's login ID.
- StatusHash** - The hash value of sessionId+date string which was sent to surfboard during login
- strSQLServer** - The SQL Server name in which the details of that user are stored.
- strEmailId** - The email ID for which the user has created the lock and key.
- strKeyPairData** - The private, public key pair created for the email ID.
- strKeyId** - The key ID that has to be uploaded.
- strName** - Name of the user that will appear in his certificate.
- flgReplaceStatus** - Status flag indicating whether to replace the key or not.

Fields returned from the Server to the Surfboard

- flgStatus** - The flag which specifies whether the operation has succeeded or not. It also specifies whether lock and key for that email ID already exists in the database.

Server Action

The value of the status hash is validated with the value in the tblLoginStatus in SQLServer.

The Zendit server receives the email ID and lock and key that has to be backed up along with SQL Server name. The server queries the tblKeyUpload table whether a lock and key already exists for that email ID. If so, this information is passed onto the SurfBoard through the flgStatus, else the lock and key is backed up.

If a lock and key already exists for the email ID specified by the user, then the user will be given an option to replace the existing one. If the user chooses to replace, a request is made again.

4.3.7 Restore Lock and Key

The SurfBoard requests this page to restore the user's key pair from the Zendit server.

Fields sent from the SurfBoard to the Server

strLogin - The user's login ID.

StatusHash - The hash value of sessionId+date string which was sent to surfboard during login

strSQLServer - The SQL Server name in which the details of that user are stored.

Fields returned from the Server to the Surfboard

FlgStatus - The flag that indicates whether the operation has succeeded or not

lcount - Number of email ID - key pair of the user that are in the database.

StrEmailID[] - Array of email IDs of the user for which key pairs are present in the database.

KeyID[] - Array of Key IDs

Name[] - Array of the corresponding names

FileBlob[] - Array of the corresponding fileblobs

Note: There can be only one lock and key associated for an email ID but the user can backup more than one lock and key.

Server Action

The server receives the user's login ID and the SQL Server name in which the details of user are stored. The value of the status hash is validated with the value in the tblLoginStatus in SQLServer.

The server fetches all the email ID - key pairs of the user from the tblKeyUpload table and passes onto the SurfBoard.

4.3.8 Public Key Upload

The SurfBoard requests this page when the user uploads his public keys to the Zendit server database.

Fields sent from the SurfBoard to the Server

strLogin - The user's login ID.

strPwd - The user's password.

strSQLServer - The SQL Server name in which the details of that user are stored.

strEmailId - The email ID for which the public key has to be uploaded.

strName - The name of the user as it appears in the certificate.

strCert - The certificate which has to be uploaded.

strKeyID - The key ID.

iReplace - The flag which indicates whether to replace if a certificate already exists in the database for that email ID. (This flag will be null during the first request).

StrStatusHash - The unique value that is passed on to surfboard during login

StrMailSystem - Mail system of that email address.

StrAlgo

StrLength

dtCreatedate

dtExpiryDate
(properties of the certificate that is published)

Fields returned from the Server to the Surfboard

flgStatus	- The flag which indicates whether the operation has succeeded or not.
flgEmailExists	- The flag which indicates whether a certificate already exists in the database for that email ID.
strSQLServer	- The SQL Server name in which the certificate details of the user are stored.
flgKeyID	- Key ID

Server Action

The Zendit database is checked whether a certificate already exists for that email ID. If it exists, then server sets the "flgEmailExists" flag and passes it to the SurfBoard. The user will be given an option to replace the existing one or not. The SurfBoard in turn sets the "iReplace" flag and again sends the request to the server with all the other values. The server updates the database accordingly.

4.3.9 Get User Personal Info (this functionality is not used)

The SurfBoard requests this page to fetch the user information for a given email ID.

Fields sent from the SurfBoard to the Server

strKeyID - The associated key ID of the email ID.
strEmailID - The email ID for which the user wants to find the details.

Fields returned from the Server to the Surfboard

flgStatus	- The flag which indicates whether the operation has succeeded or not.
strKeyID	- The associated key ID of the email ID.
strCertificate	- The certificate associated with the email ID.
strEmailID	- The email ID.
<all public info>	- This information depends on the choice of the user whose information is being requested.
dtExpiry	- The certificate's date of expiry.

Server Action

The tblRegisteredUsers table is accessed for retrieving the user's information. TblUserProfile is accessed for retrieving the choice of the user.

4.3.10 Public key delete

The SurfBoard requests this page when the user deletes any of the uploaded keys.

Fields sent from the SurfBoard to the Server

strLogin - The user's login ID.

StatusHash - The hash value of sessionId+date string which was sent to surfboard during login

strSQLServer - The SQL Server name in which the details of that user are stored.

strEmailID - The email ID for which the user wants to delete the key ID.
 strKeyID - The key ID which the user wants to delete.

Fields returned from the Server to the Surfboard

flgStatus - The flag which indicates whether the operation has succeeded or not.

Server Action

The EmailID is hashed to find the corresponding SQL server. A connection is made to that server and the corresponding record is moved from tblConfirmedCerts table to the tblBadCerts table with a flag indicating "Delete" mode. The corresponding entry is also deleted from tblListEmailIDs and tblLoginEmailID.

4.3.11 Temporary key pair creation request

The SurfBoard sends a request to the server to create a interim locks and keys for those email IDs in the recipient's list for which the public keys are not available.

Fields sent from the SurfBoard to the Server

StrLoginID - Login ID of the user
 StrSQLServer - The SQL Server name in which the details of that user are stored.
 StrStatusHash - The unique value passed on to surfboard during login.
 StrEmailIDList(i) - The email ID list for which the SurfBoard requests the certificates.

Fields returned from the Server to the Surfboard

flgStatus - The flag that indicates whether the operation has succeeded or not.

arrCertStatus(i) - The status flag which indicates the source of the certificate(confirmedcerts/confirmedtempkeys/tblTempKeyConfirmation/tblTempKeyPairPool)
 arrKeyID(i) - the array of key IDs for the Email IDs.
 arrPublicCert(i) - the array of certificates.

Server Action

The server checks whether a key ID already exists for that particular email ID in the tblConfirmedCerts or in tblConfirmedTempKeys or in tblTempKeyConfirmation table. If it exists, flgStatus will be sent to the SurfBoard accordingly. If the key ID doesn't exist, the mail will be sent using the new public key that was created(tblTempKeyPairPool) and sent by the server to the SurfBoard.

4.3.13 Mail(s) Zend notify

The SurfBoard requests this page to update the number of mails zent and the new mail status of all recipients.

Fields sent from the SurfBoard to the Server

strLogin - The user's login ID.
 strSQLServer - The SQL Server name in which the details of that user are stored.

strMailSystem – The mail system from which the mail is sent.
 strEmailID[i] – Array of email IDs in the "TO" list.
 StrTempEmailIDList – List of EmailIDs for which the ZendSystem created KeyIDs.
 StrStatusHash – Unique value passed on to surfboard when the user logs in.

Fields returned from the Server to the Surfboard

flgStatus – The flag which indicates whether the operation has succeeded or not.

Server Action

tblMailsZentLogin in strSQLserver will be updated for the corresponding LoginID and
 tblMailsZent in the admin server will be updated for the corresponding mailsystem and date.
 Mails will be sent to all the email IDs in the strTempEmailList

4.3.14 Reset mail status

The SurfBoard requests this page to reset the new mail status flag once the user reads a mail using dezend.

Fields sent from the SurfBoard to the Server

strLogin – The user's login ID.
 strSQLServer – The SQL Server name in which the details of that user are stored.
 StrStatusHash – The unique value that is passed on to surfboard when the user logs in.

Fields returned from the Server to the Surfboard

flgStatus – The flag which indicates whether the operation has succeeded or not.

Server Action

The tblRegisteredUsers table is updated by resetting the new mail status flag for the given login ID.

4.3.15 Download TemporaryKeys

The SurfBoard requests this page to download the interim lock and keys for the corresponding LoginID from the Zendit server.

Fields sent from the SurfBoard to the Server

strLogin - The user's login ID.
 StatusHash - The hash value of sessionId+date string which was sent to surfboard during login
 strSQLServer - The SQL Server name in which the details of that user are stored.

Fields returned from the Server to the Surfboard

FlgStatus - The flag that indicates whether the operation has succeeded or not
 lcount - Number of email IDs – interim lock and keys of the user that are in the database.
 StrEmailID[] - Array of email IDs of the user for which interim lock and keys are present in the database.
 KeyID[] - Array of Key IDs
 FileBlob[] - Array of the corresponding fileblobs

Server Action

The server receives the user's login ID and the SQL Server name in which the details of user are stored. The server fetches the email ID list for the corresponding LoginID from tblLoginEmailID for which interim lock and key exist. Then, keyID and the keypairblobs are retrieved for each emailID from tblConfirmedTempKeys from the corresponding server which is identified by hashing the email address.

4.3.16 Transparent Login to Vault

The surfboard requests this page to bring up the webvault inside the vault.

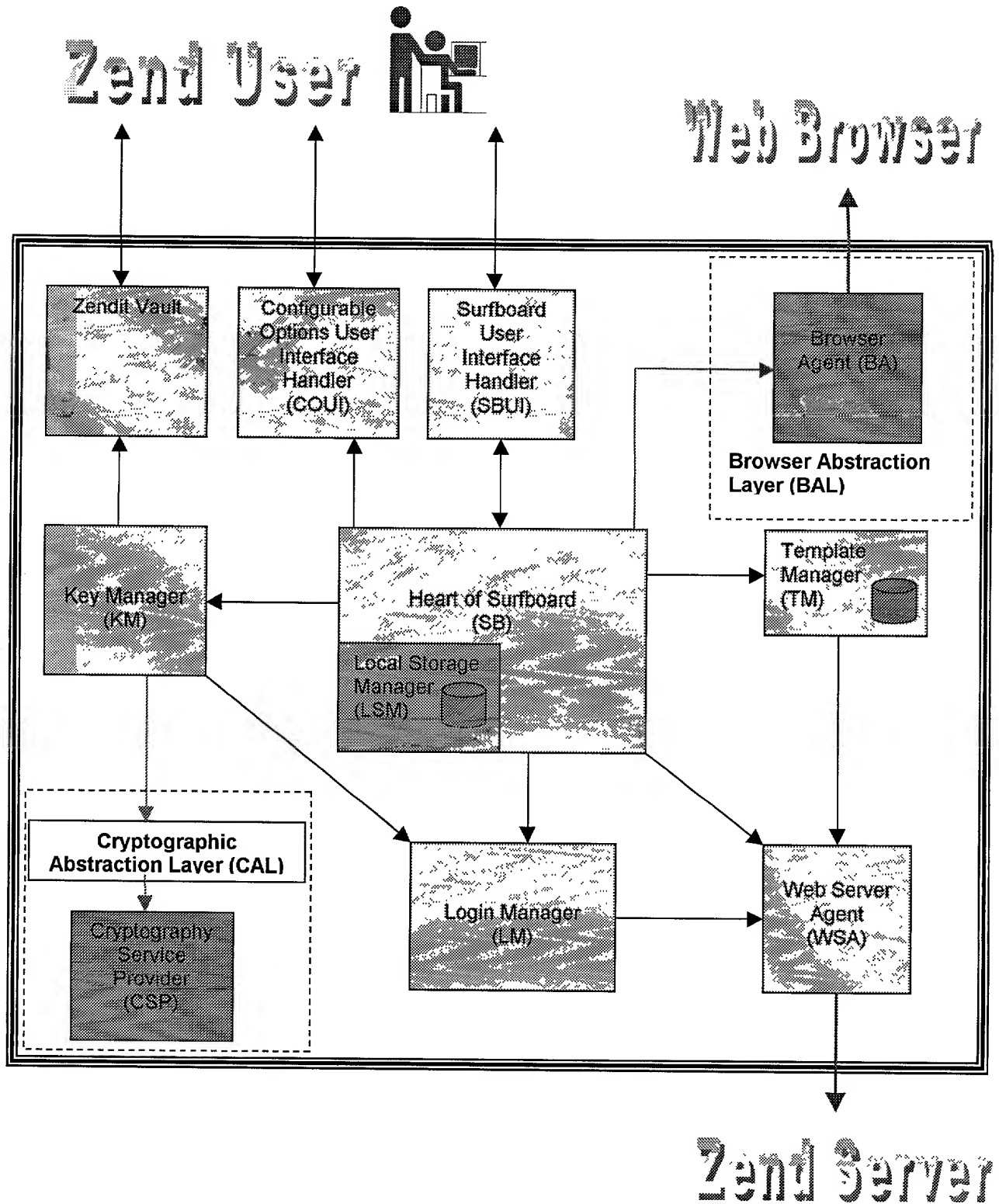
Fields sent from the SurfBoard to the Server

strLogin - The user's login ID.
 StatusHash - The hash value of sessionId+date string which was sent to surfboard during login
 strSQLServer - The SQL Server name in which the details of that user are stored.

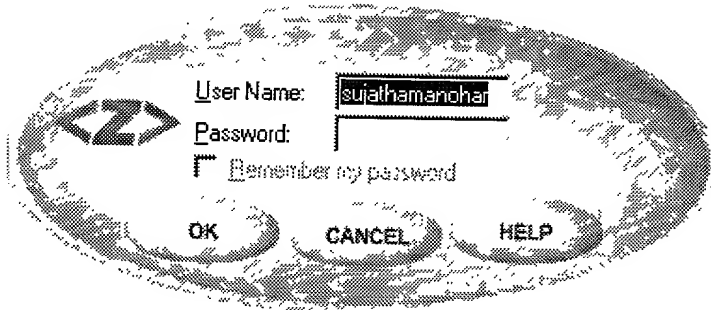
Server Action

The server checks the validity of the statushash in tblLoginStatus. If it is valid, the web vault for the corresponding login is brought up inside the vault. Else, the login page is brought up.

5. SurfBoard Components



5.1 Login Manager



Login Name: The login name of the user as specified in the registration page at Zendit.com.

Password: The password of the above login name as specified in the registration page at Zendit.com.

Save Password: The option for the user to store the password in the protected storage on the local machine.

Description

Login Manager (LM) module takes care of logging in the user and maintaining the user's identity until the user exits the SurfBoard. LM logs in the user either by presenting the user with the login name/password dialog or in the case of auto login, it gets the user info from the protected storage. The LM maintains the state whether the user has logged in or not. Every other module that requires the user to be logged in queries the login manager and then performs the required action. The LM prompts the LSM to store the login name and password, which is requested by the web server agent to be passed, to communicate to the web server.

If the user selects the save password option, the Login Manager initiates the LSM to save the login name and password in the protected storage. The login name and password are encrypted and stored, which prevents the misuse of the registry values.

Assumptions

Once the user has logged in and opens another instance of Internet Explorer, the user information is taken from the login manager.

Similarly, as soon as the user logs out, user will be logged out of all the SurfBoard instances.

Limitations

In effect, only one user can logon to the SurfBoard on a system at a time.

SurfBoard stores only the last logged on user name and password (if save password is selected).

5.2 Browser Agent

Description

Browser Agent module interacts with the web browser (Internet Explorer) which hosts the SurfBoard. When the user is in the Compose, Reply, Forward page of a mailsystem which the zendit system supports and if the user initiates a "Zendit", the SurfBoard module requests the Browser Agent to fetch the values from the various fields like To, From, Cc, Bcc. The Browser Agent module gets the names of the various tags for the To, From, Cc and Bcc fields from the Template Manager. Using these tags the Browser Agent fetches the required values from the current page and passes them to the SurfBoard module.

5.4 Local Storage Manager (LSM)

Description

The local storage module manages all local data storage (includes: configurable SurfBoard options, saved user names and pass phrases, email system templates). All SurfBoard modules store and retrieve local data through the LSM, which provides them a single virtual view of Zendit's local storage. This allows us to maintain the flexibility to modify or migrate our local storage locations and methods.

5.5 Template Manager

Description

The Template Manager maintains the various information regarding the various mail systems' web pages. The template actually consists of the URL for Compose, Reply, Forward or Read page along with the various other information as specified in the database. This information is used by the Browser Agent to get the values from the To, From, Cc and Bcc fields. When the SurfBoard is started for the first time, it downloads the templates from the web server and stores in the local machine. Whenever a new version of the templates is put on the web server, the Template Manager downloads the latest version of Templates by requesting the Web Server Agent.

Assumptions:

The Administrator maintains the correct templates of the various mail systems' web pages.

5.6 Web Server Agent

Description

The Web Server Agent takes care of all the communication between the SurfBoard and the web server. Whenever the data is needed from the server, Web Server Agent communicates with the server by sending appropriate request. The data is received in the form of customised XML tags.

5.7 SurfBoard Module

Description

The SurfBoard module coordinates with all the other modules and processes the user's requests. As soon as the user selects SurfBoard from View / Explorer Bar (Menu of Internet Explorer), the SurfBoard module instantiates the User Interface. The SurfBoard module logs in the user with the help of the Login Manager. When the web server authenticates the user and sends the result, it also sends the latest template version to the SurfBoard. The SurfBoard module passes this template version information to the Template Manager, and the necessary action is taken. The SurfBoard module starts a low priority thread, which downloads the email IDs and the corresponding key IDs of the current user by requesting the Web Server Agent. When the user initiates a "Zendit" request, the following actions occur:

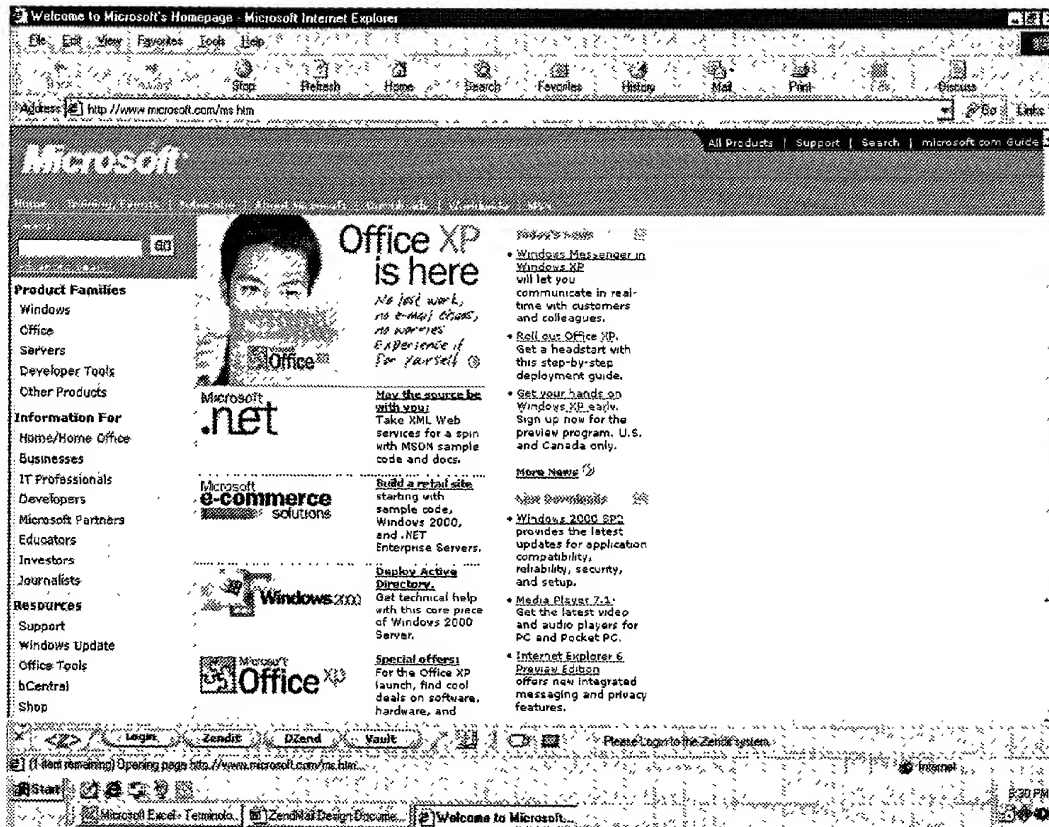
- The SurfBoard module requests the Browser Agent to get the values from the To, From, Cc and Bcc fields.
- It checks for the public keys corresponding to the mail IDs in the To, Cc and Bcc fields. This checking is done in the following order:
 - Checks in the local key ring.
 - If the public key doesn't exist in the local key ring, it searches for the public key in the Zendit server database and if it finds a match, it downloads the public key to the local key ring.
 - If the public key could not be found in the local key ring or in the Zendit server database, it asks the user if a interim lock and key has to be created for that email ID on the server.
 - If yes, a call is made to WSA to create interim lock and key.
 - If no, that email ID is removed from the To, Cc or Bcc list.

The SurfBoard module contacts the Key Manager for all key related activities.

5.8 SurfBoard UI

Description

SurfBoard UI module is the interface between the user and all the Zendit functionality. This handles the SurfBoard that gets attached to the Internet Explorer browser window and allows the user to encrypt mails using any supported mail system.



Assumptions

When the user zendit(encrypts) an email, the mail is signed, compressed and encrypted. The encrypted text is then converted into an ASCII armor, which replaces the original message body in the email.

Limitations

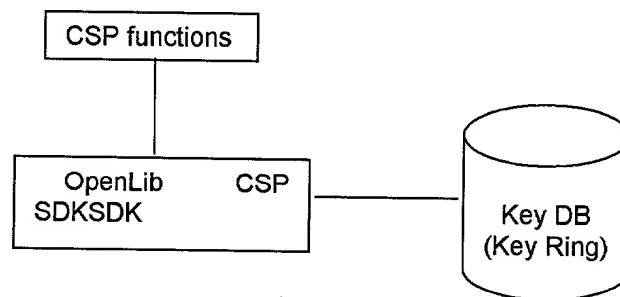
- When a user Zends an email, the new mail status of all the recipients is updated. This is unrelated to actual delivery or receipt of the email since those are handled by the individual mail systems and are outside our control.
- When the user receives an email with digital signature, the digital signature cannot be verified if the certificate used for signing is not available either in the local key ring or on the Zendit server.
- User will be able to re-encrypt an email for a different user(s).
- The file that goes as an attachment in a mail will not be automatically encrypted or decrypted. The user cannot be intimated about attachments accompanying a mail. The system would not be able to resolve nick names to the appropriate email ID while Zending mails.
- Once user decrypts an email, it will be temporarily decrypted and displayed on the web browser. Since the email is stored in the mail system the user cannot save a decrypted copy of the email. Hence, the user must decrypt the email every time it is to be viewed.

5.9 CSPDescription

Cryptographic Service Providers' (CSP) are independent modules that provide the cryptographic services to the application. It is written to be completely independent of any particular encryption algorithm, so that the Zendit SurfBoard application may, in future, work with a variety of CSPs. In practice, however, some modifications may be required to fully support multiple CSPs. An interface between the Zendit application and OpenLib CSP SDK will be implemented to maintain the application's independence from the underlying encryption technology. This makes replacing the OpenLib CSP SDK by another cryptography system in future relatively easy.

CSP functions can be categorized into the following sections:

- Key Management
- Encryption/Decryption functions.
- General functions.

Assumptions

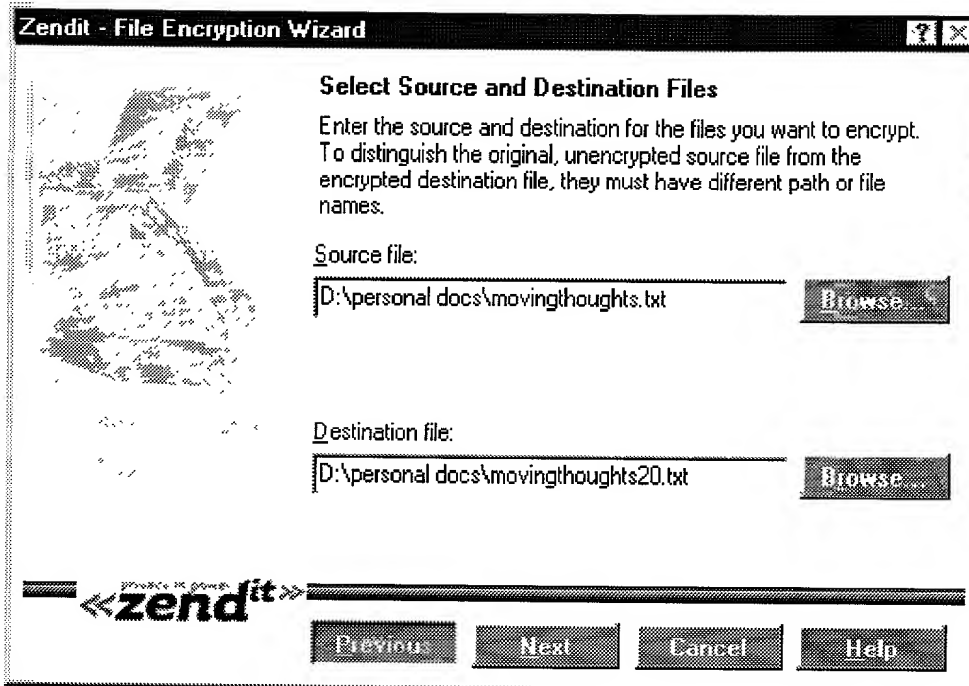
The OpenLib CSP is viewed as a complete, reliable package and will be used as is. Hence this will not be tested.

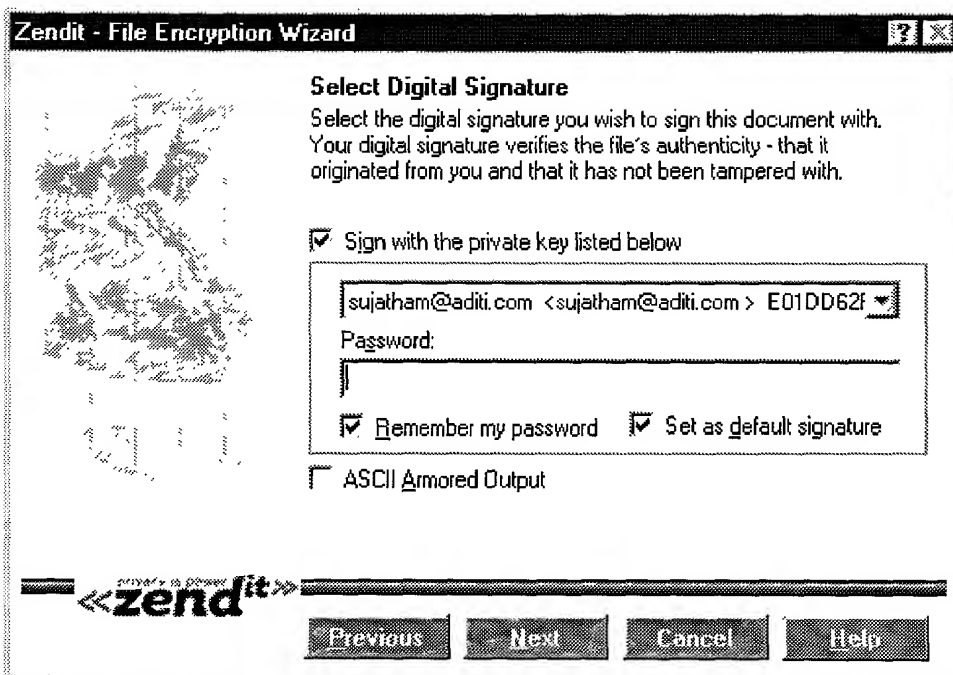
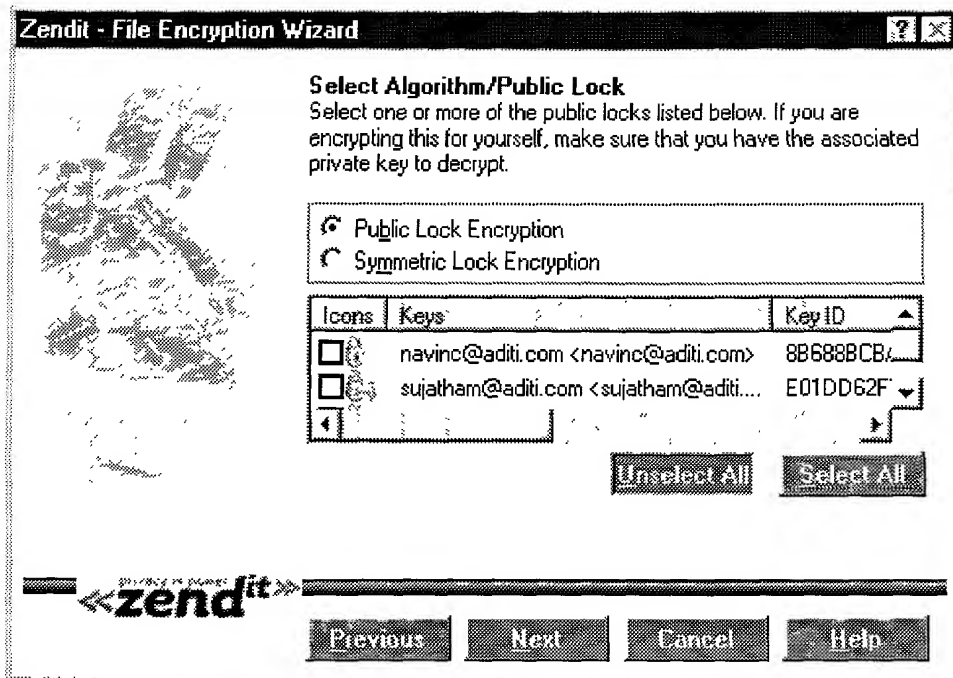
5.10 Text or File Encryption

Description

The user can encrypt text or a file by selecting an appropriate menu item. If the user has logged in, either symmetric key encryption or public key encryption can be used. If the user has not logged in, only symmetric key encryption can be used (i.e. the option of public key encryption is disabled).

5.10.1 File encryption using public key





Encryption Type: The encryption algorithm to be used.

Choose Public Key: The user has to choose one Public key among the keys present in the key ring for public key encryption.

File Name: The actual file to be encrypted.

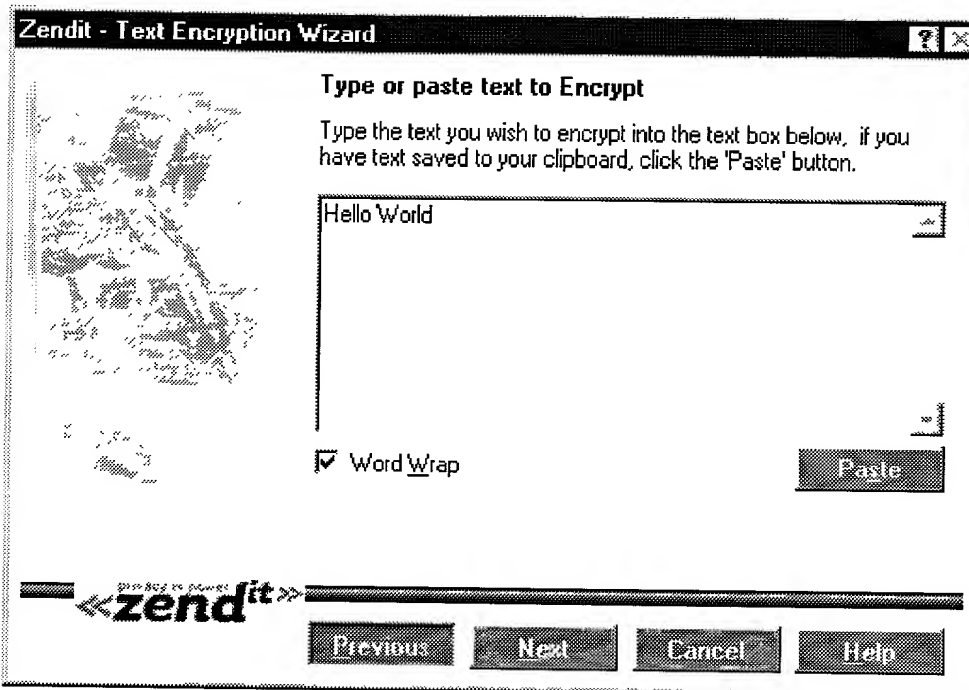
Encrypt: Encrypt the file specified with the selected public key.

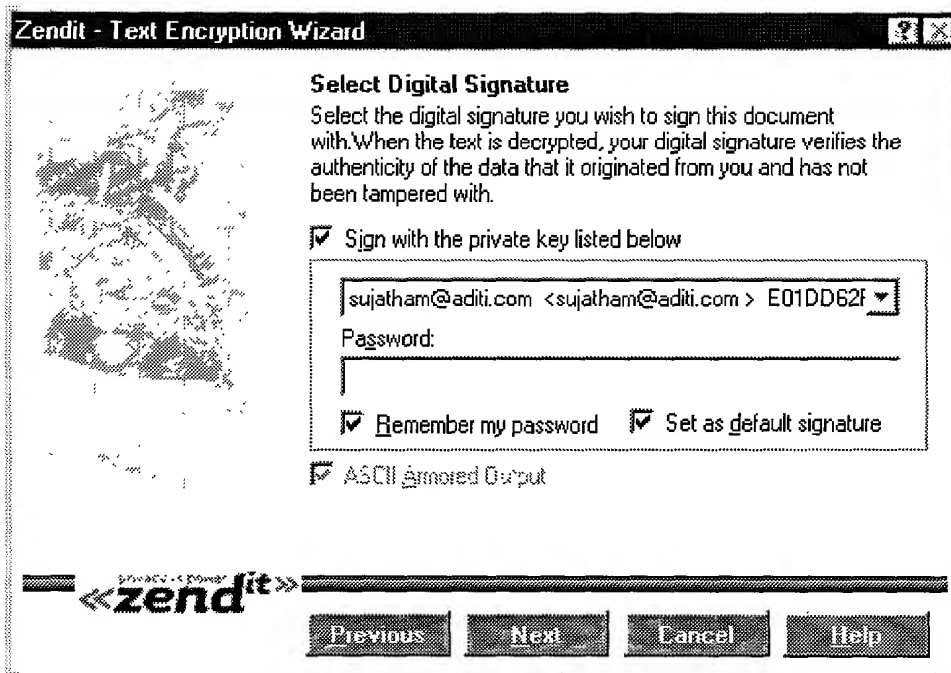
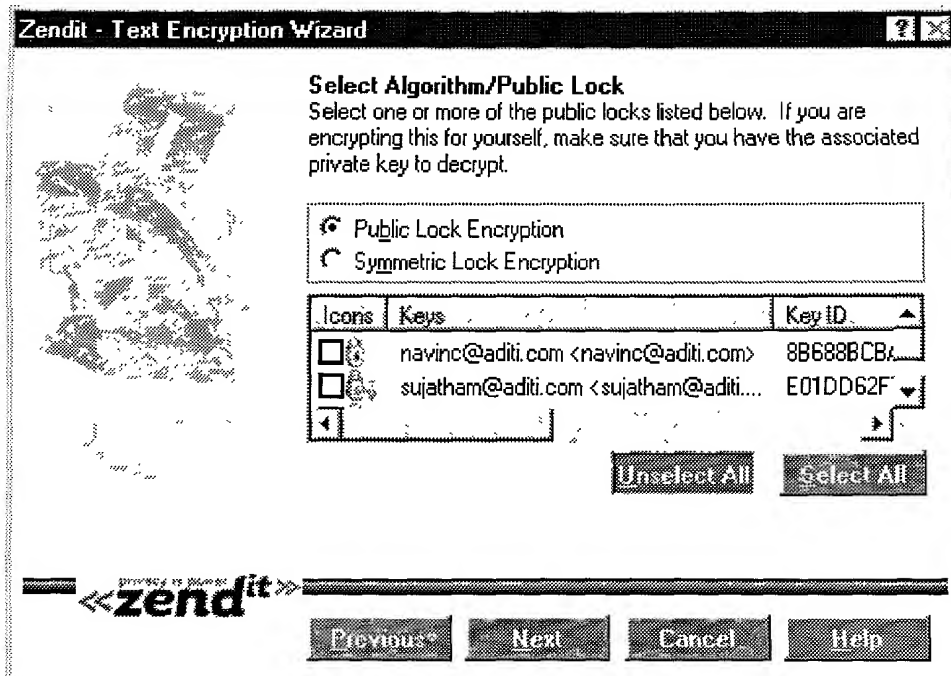
Select Digital Signature: The user is provided with an option to sign the encrypted file. He can choose the private key to sign.

Description

The specified file is encrypted using the public key selected and the resulting file is stored in the location specified by the user.

5.10.2 Text encryption based on public key





Encryption Type: The encryption algorithm to be used.

Choose Public Key: The user has to choose one Public key among the keys present in the key ring for public key encryption.

Text To Encrypt: The user has to enter the text to be encrypted.

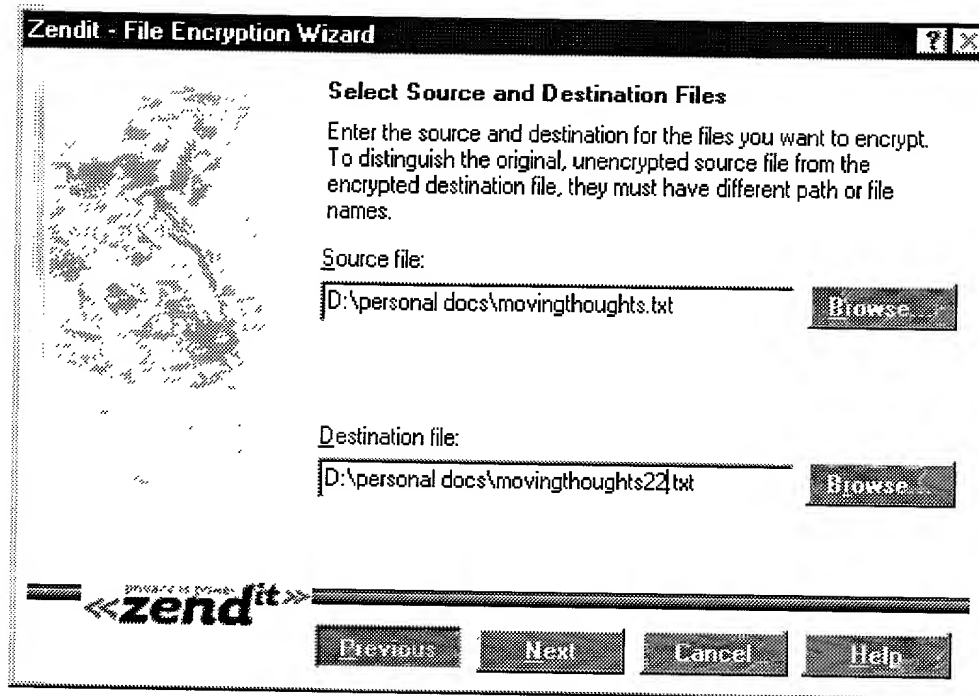
Encrypt: Encrypt the text with the selected key.

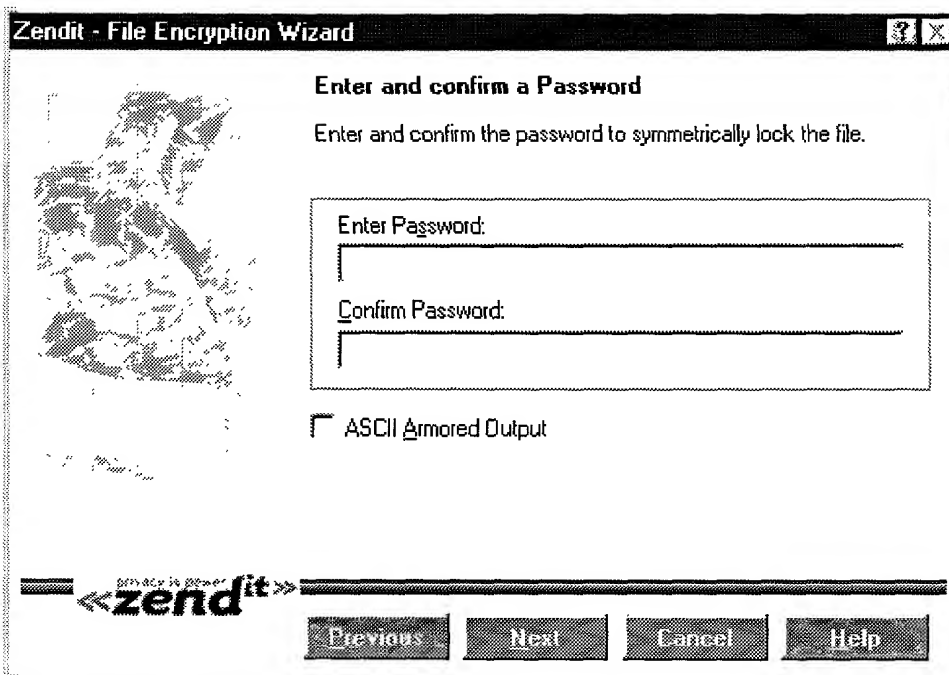
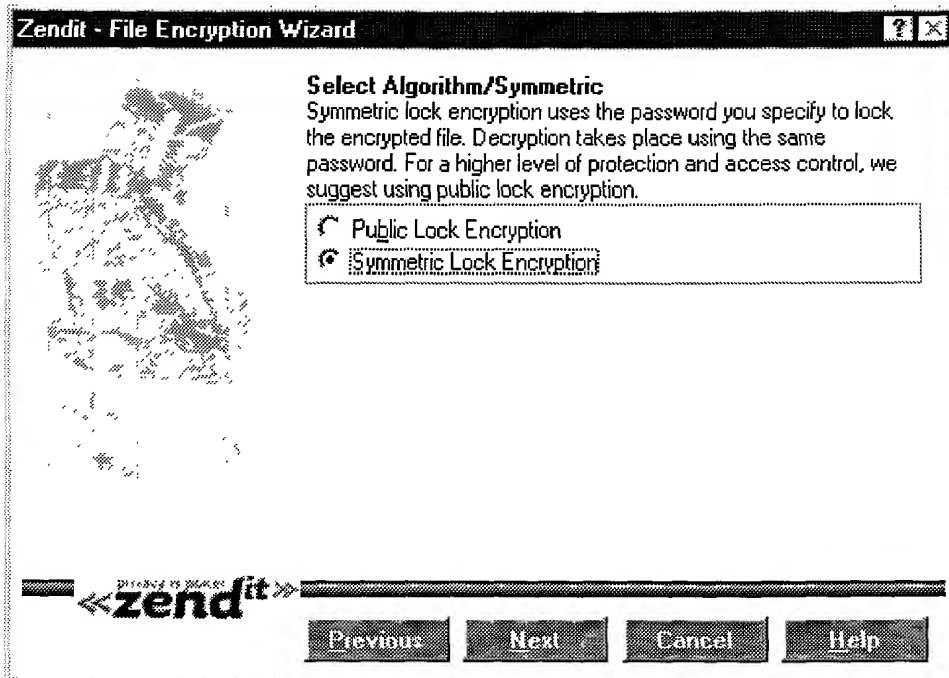
Select Digital Signature: The user is provided with an option to sign the encrypted text. He can choose the private key to sign.

Description

The text entered is encrypted using the public key specified and the result is displayed.

5.10.3 File encryption based on symmetric key





Encryption Type: The encryption algorithm to be used.

Symmetric Key Algorithm: The user selects the algorithm for symmetric key encryption.

Symmetric Key Password: The user has to enter the password for the symmetric key encryption.

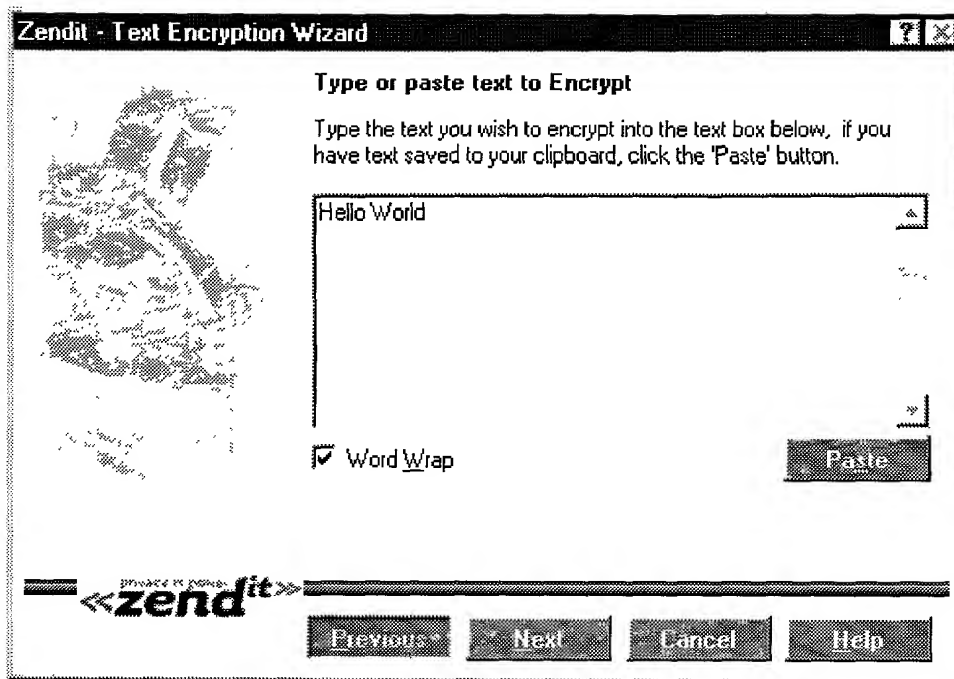
File Name: The file to be encrypted.

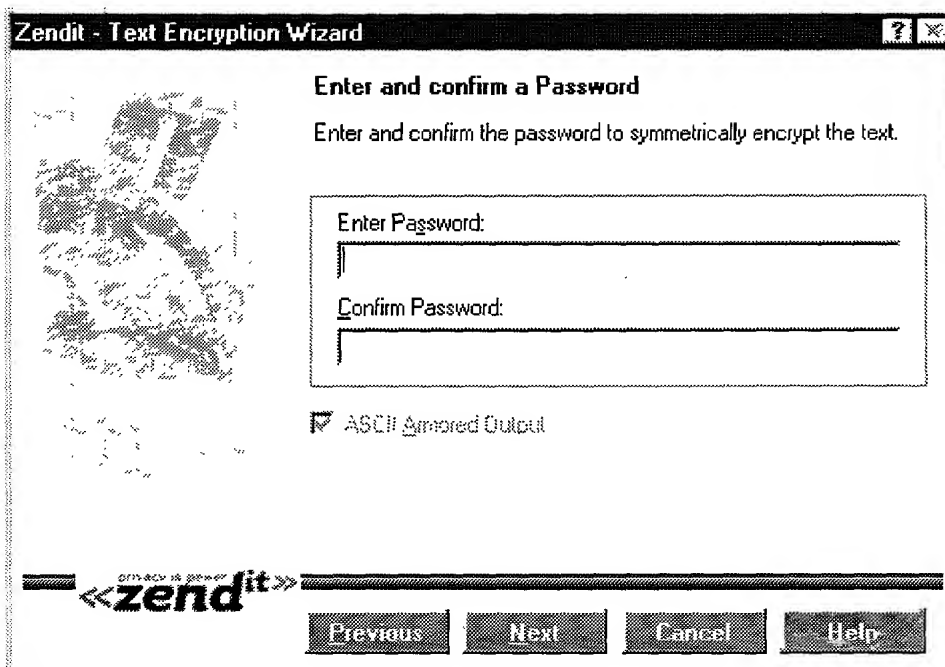
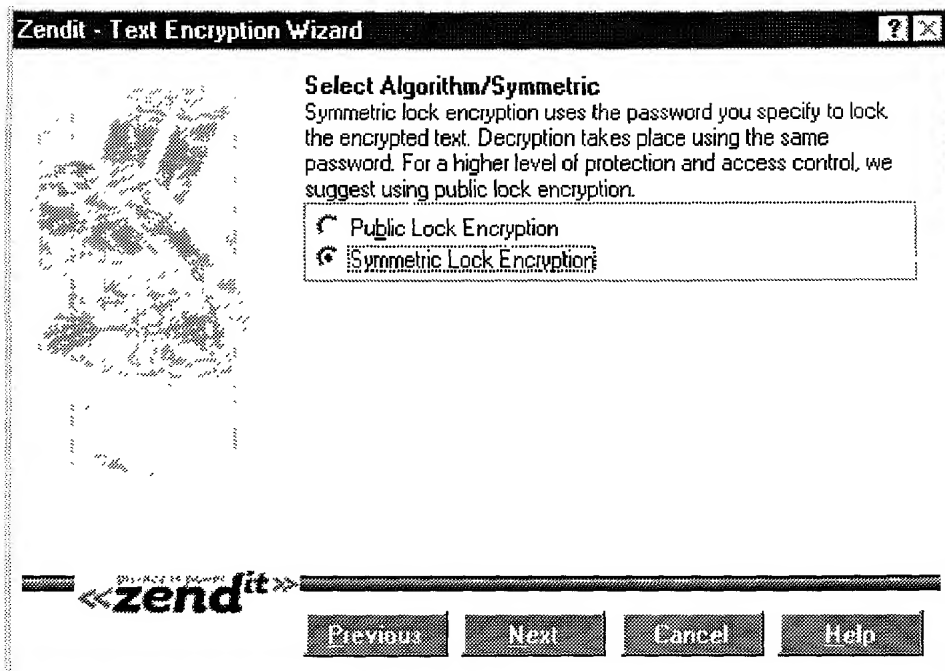
Encrypt: Encrypt the file specified with the algorithm selected.

Description

The specified file is encrypted using the selected symmetric key algorithm and the resulting file is stored in the location specified by the user.

5.10.4 Text encryption based on symmetric key





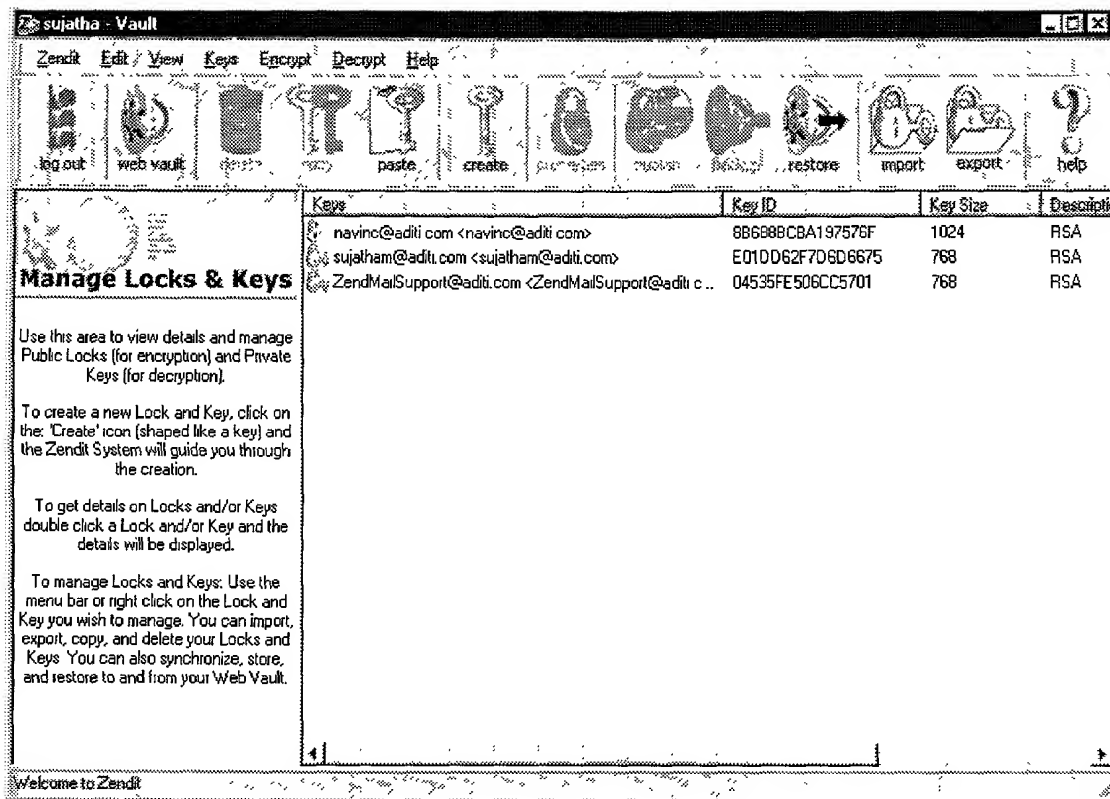
Encryption Type: The encryption algorithm to be.

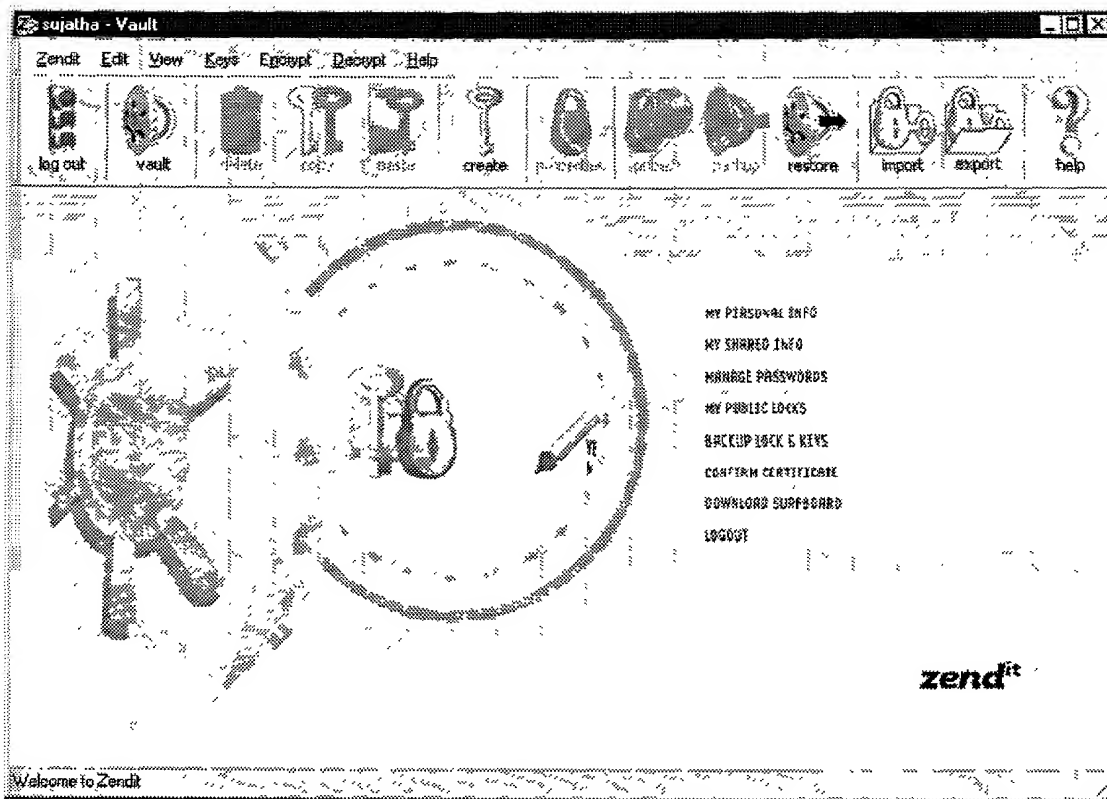
Symmetric Key Algorithm: The user selects the algorithm for symmetric key encryption.

Symmetric Key Password: The user has to enter the password for the symmetric key encryption.

Text To Encrypt: The user has to enter the text to be encrypted.

Zendit Vault(Details)



View Web Vault :

Zendit Vault shows the details of all the keys, available in the Vault

Functioning

This module passes the user requests to the 'Zendit vault' module for required action.

As shown the user can choose to do one of the following:

- Create a new key
- Delete a key from the zendit vault
- Import a key from a local file into the zendit vault
- Export a key to a local file
- Backup Locks and Keys to the web vault
- Restore locks and keys to the web vault
- Publish public lock
- view the certificate associated with the key
- Search for a public lock and import
- Synchronize with web vault

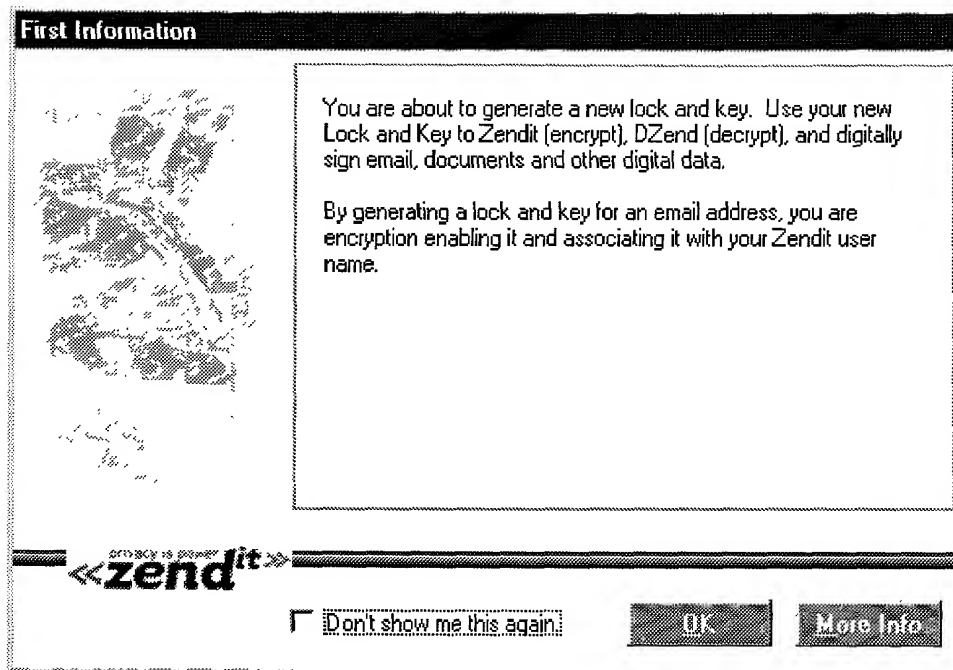
5.12.1 Create a new key

When the user chooses this option, the Zendit vault brings up a wizard. This wizard takes necessary input from the user. The wizard actions are explained in detail below.

Key Creation Wizard

Page 1: Introduction

The first page in the wizard explains the need for a lock and key.



Page2: Name and email

Name: The name with which the key will be associated.

Email ID: The email address with which the key will be associated.

Zendit Lock and Key Generator

Enter Your Email Address and select a Display Name

Welcome to the Zendit Lock and Key Generator! Use your new Lock and Key to Zendit (encrypt), DZend (decrypt), and digitally sign email, documents and other digital data.

What email address do you want to encryption-enable?
sujathamanochar@hotmail.com

Confirm your email address
sujathamanochar@hotmail.com

Type your name, as you want others to see it
sujathamanochar

Previous Next Cancel Help

Page3: Password for the private key and the settings for the key
 Password: The password that protects the user's private key.

Confirm: The user re-enters his password here for confirmation.

Zendit Lock and Key Generator

Enter and confirm Password

Advanced Users

If you want to change the default settings for Lock and Key generation, click on the advanced button

Advanced

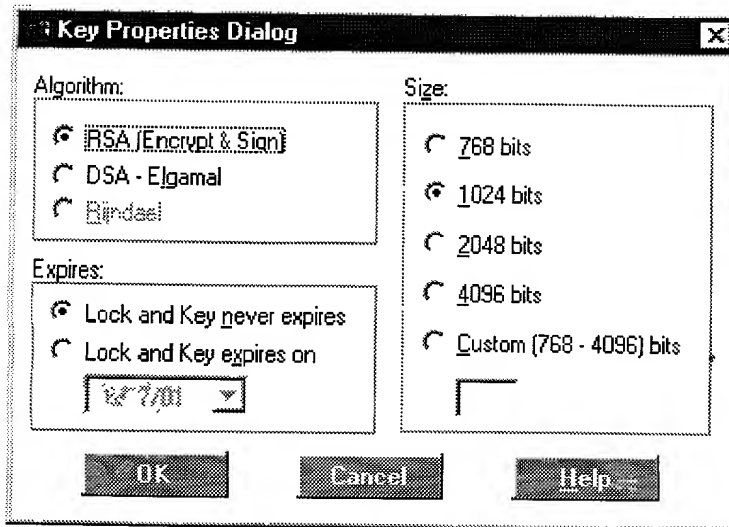
Your password protects your Lock and Key from unauthorized use. Enter and confirm the password you will use to access your new Lock and Key for encryption, digital signing, and decryption.

Password: Confirm:

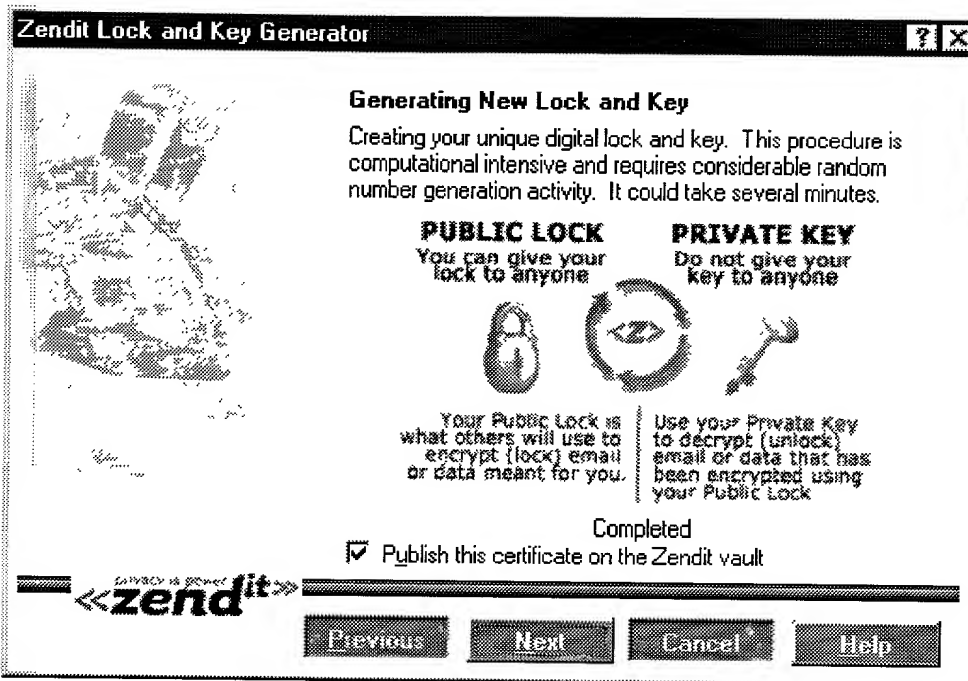
Previous Create Key Cancel Help

The user has an option to change the settings for the key if he goes through "Advanced" window.

If the user clicks on "Advanced" the following dialog is brought up where he can change the algorithm/expiry date/size of the key.

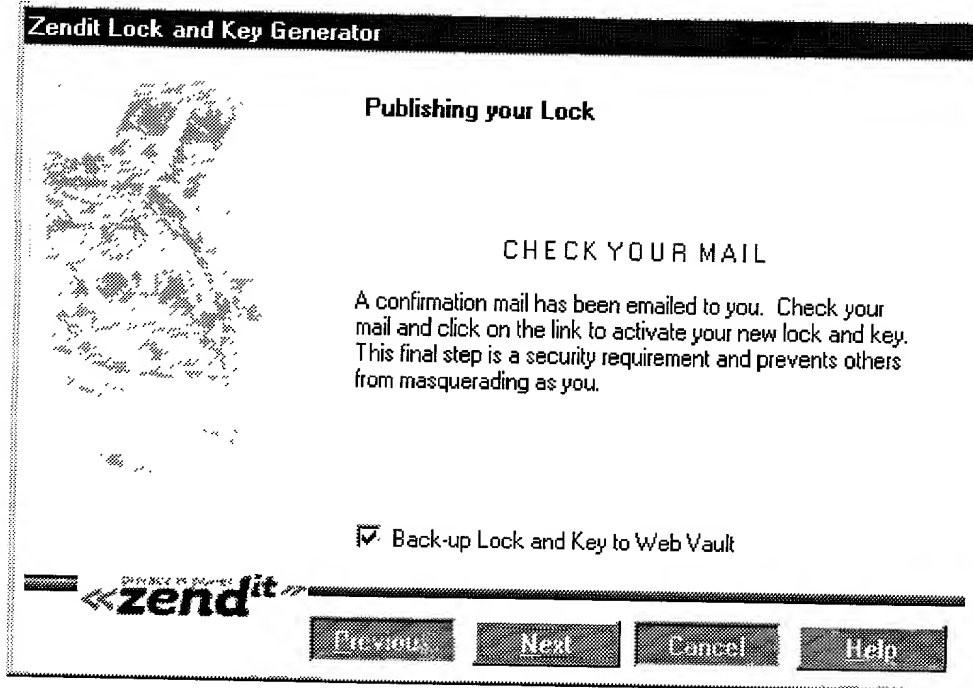


Page4: Option to publish the certificate on the Zendit vault.

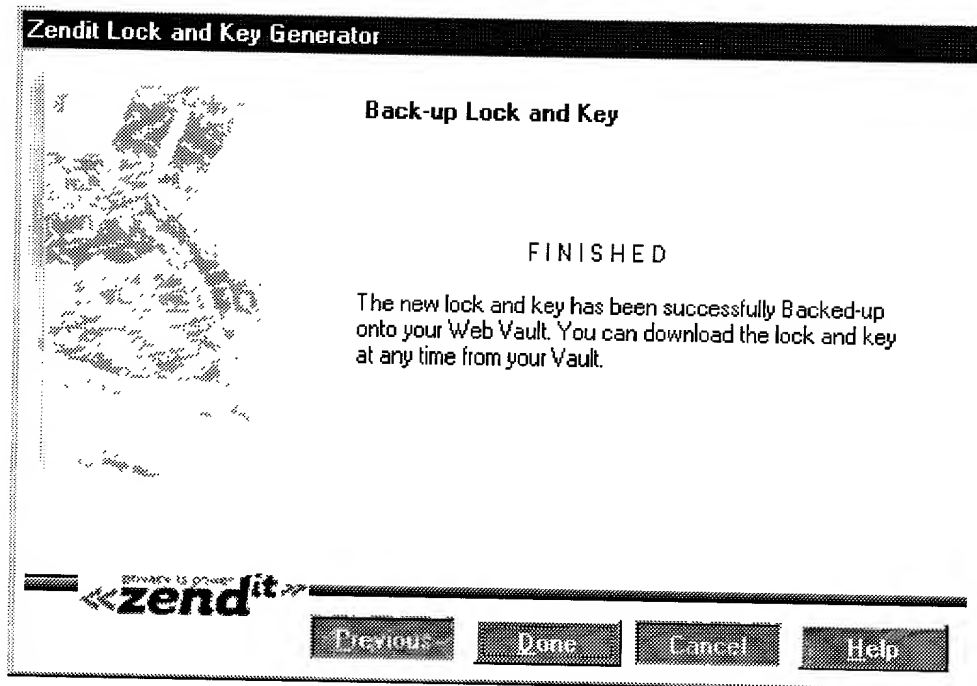


If the user does not select this option, then this public lock will not be available for others to encrypt the mail for this email address.

Page5: Option to backup lock and key to Web vault



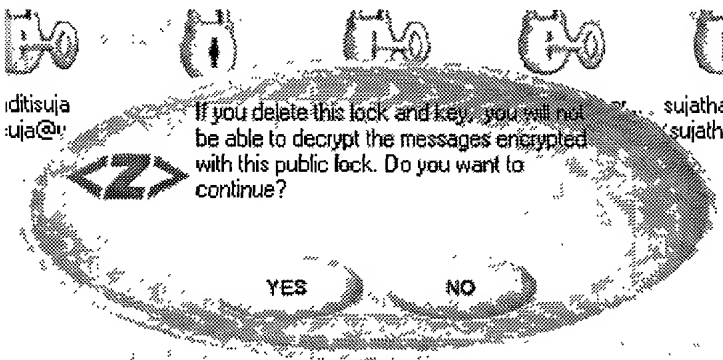
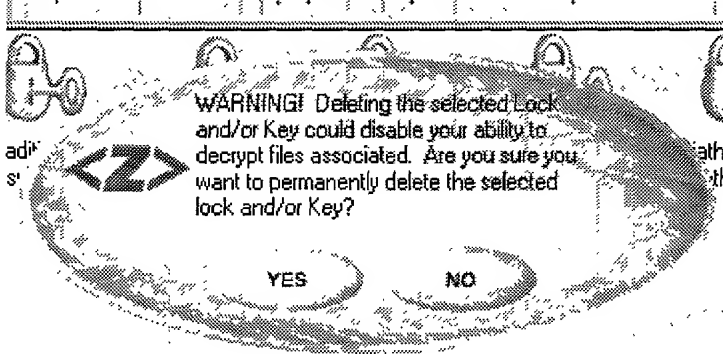
Page6: Backup Success



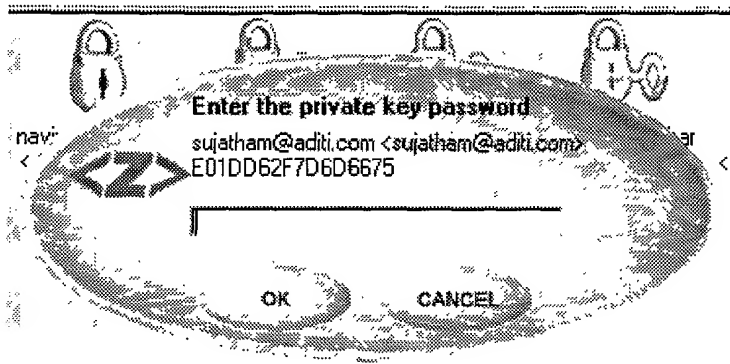
5.12.2 Delete a key from the zendit vault

Description

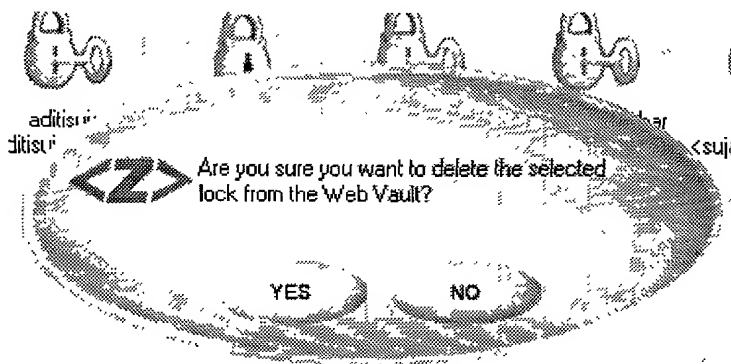
When the user chooses a key from "vault", a warning will be displayed to the user that if he deletes it, then he will not be able to read the text that was encrypted with this public key.



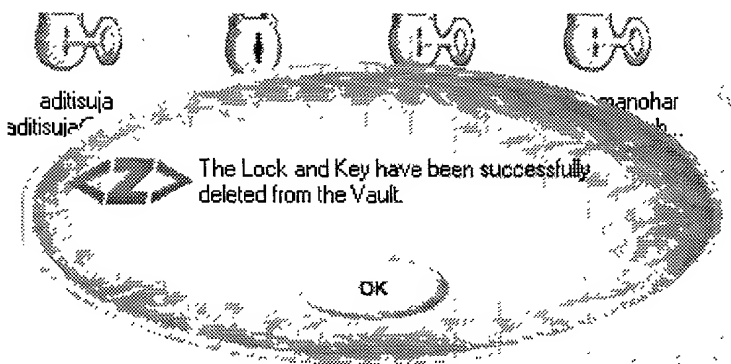
If the user still wants to delete the key, the user needs to submit the password for his private key.



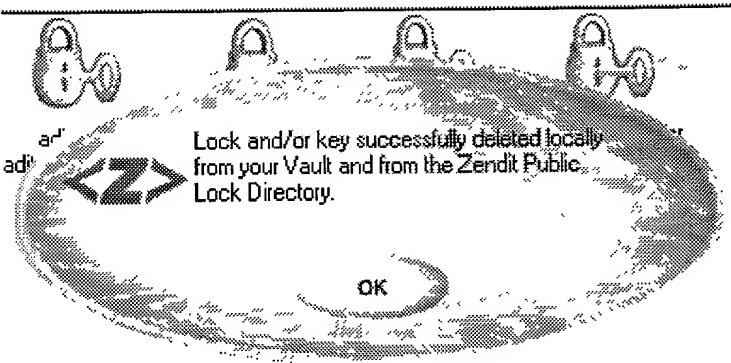
If the user enters the correct password, he will be given an option whether to delete from the web vault also.



If "No", then the key is deleted only from the Zendit vault.



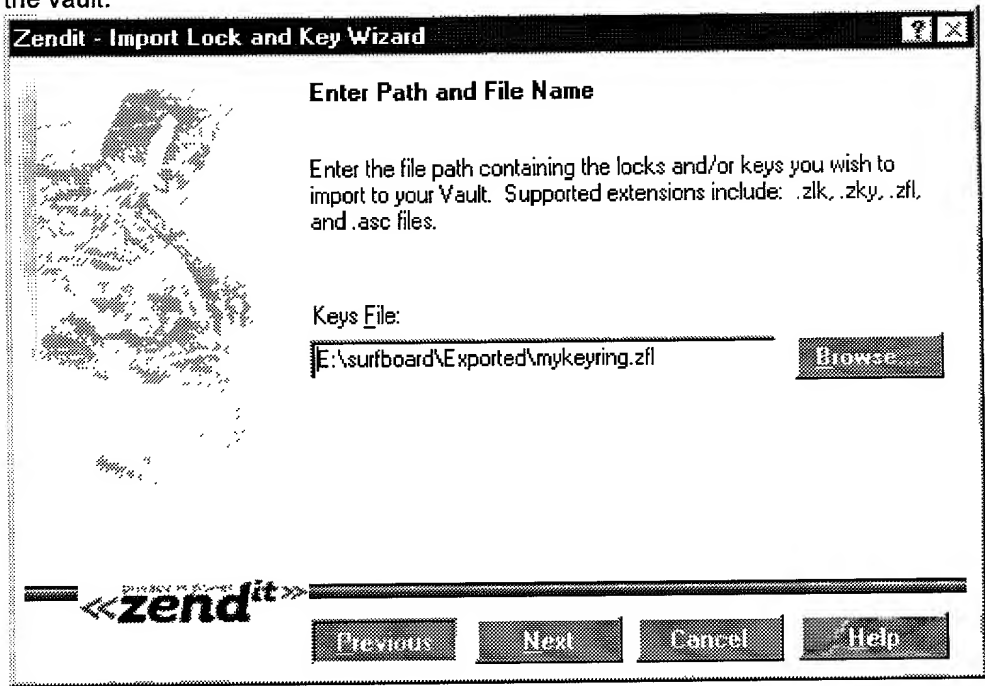
If "Yes", the key is deleted from the Vault and also the Web Vault

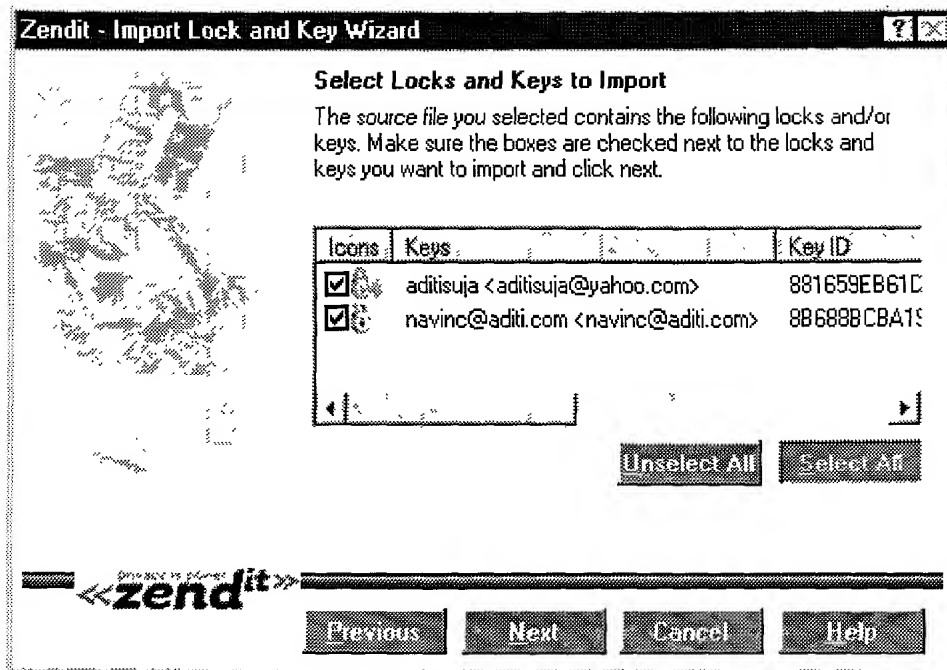


5.12. 3 Import a key from a local file into the zendit vault

Description

The user is prompted to select the key file to be imported. The selected file is then imported into the vault.

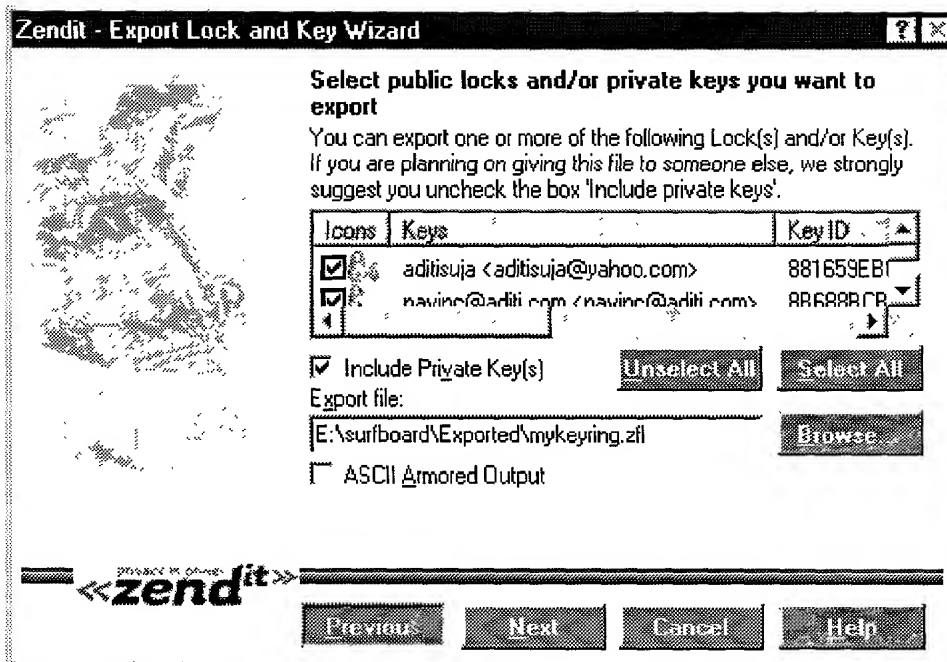


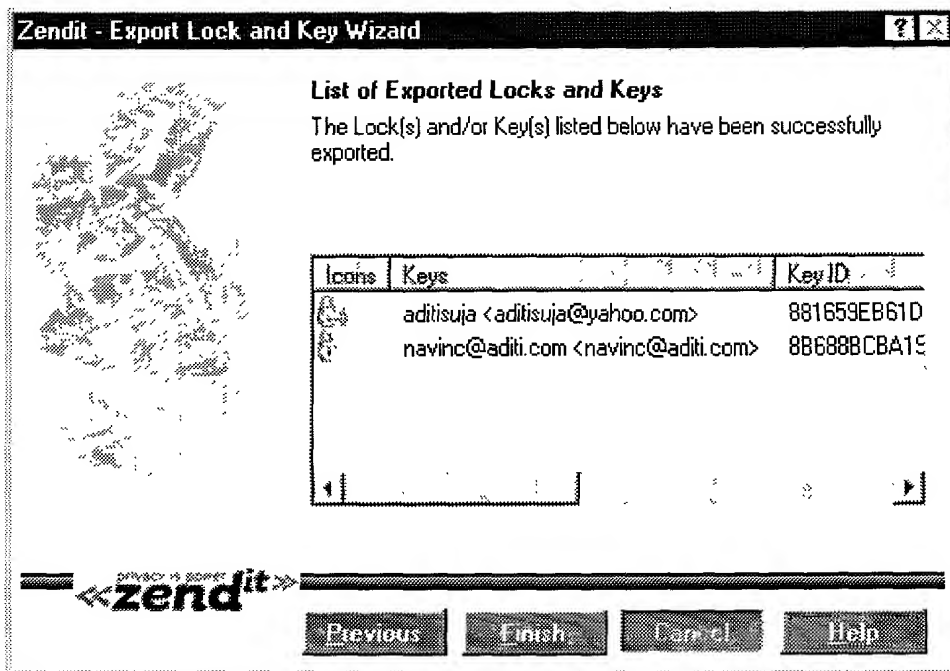


5.12.4 Export a key to a local file

Description

The user selects the key(s) to be exported from the Zendit Vault window. The selected key is exported to the file. The user has an option whether to include the private keys also in case of a lock and key. Also, there is another option to save the file in the Ascii armored form.



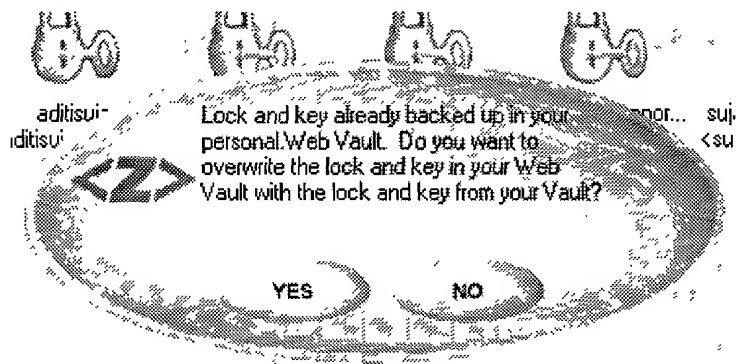


5.12.5 Backup a locks and keys to the web vault

Description

The user can select a lock and key in the vault and backup it in the web vault so that he can restore it back any time.

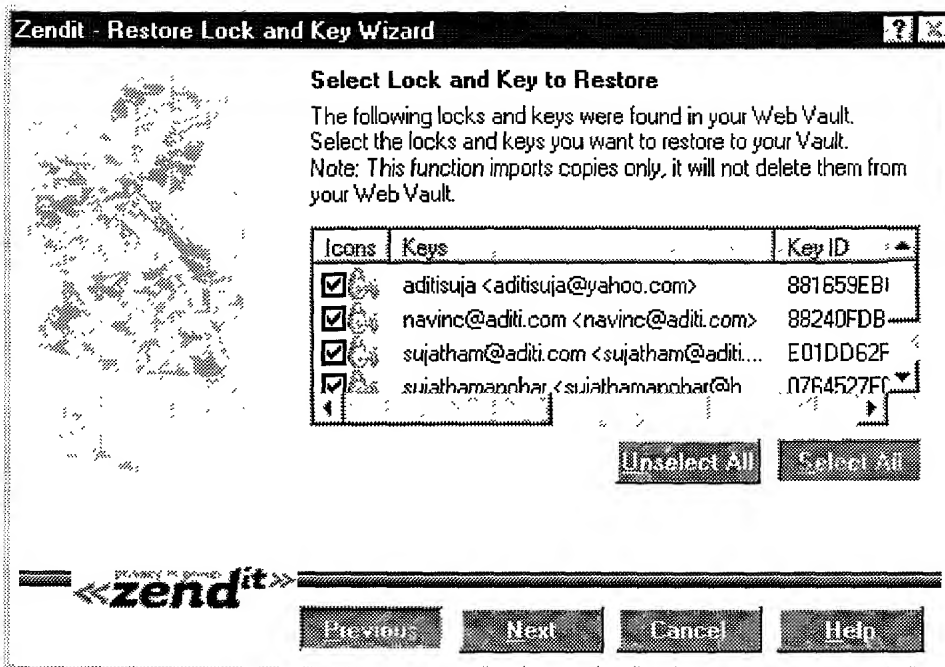
If the lock and key already exists in the web vault for the same Login ID, he will be given an option to replace it.



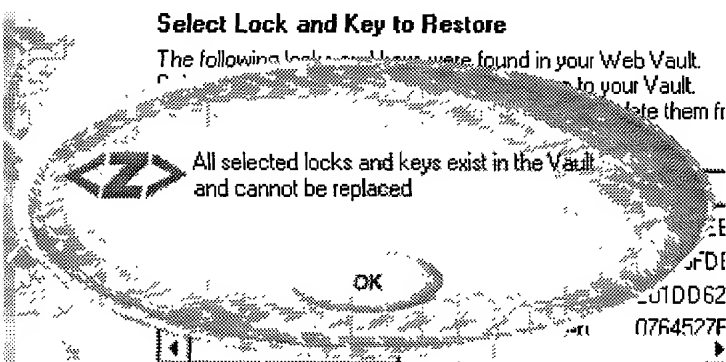
5.12.6 Restore locks and keys to the web vault

Description

When the user selects "Restore" in the Zendit Vault, the following dialog will be brought up where can select the locks and keys to be restored to his Zendit vault. The dialog shows all the locks and the keys the user had backed up to the web vault.



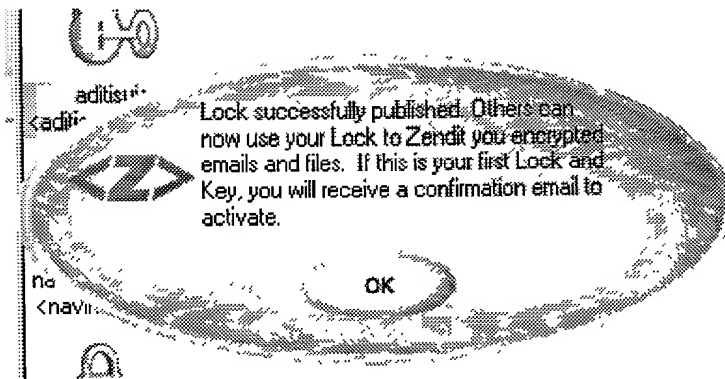
If all the locks and keys that are backed up to the web vault already exists in the zendit vault and if the user chooses "Restore", the following message is shown.



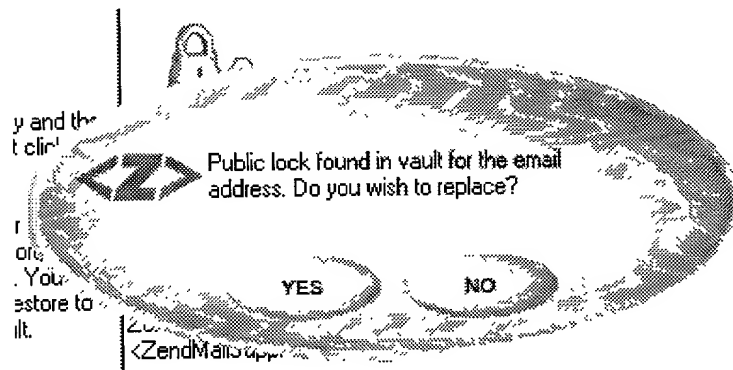
5.12.7 Publish Public Lock

Description

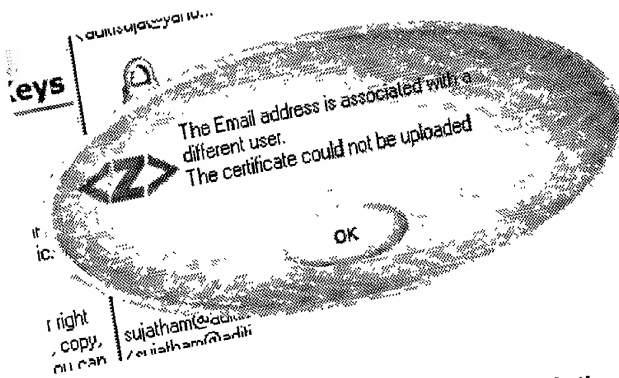
1. When the user chooses a lock and key and selects "Publish Public Lock", the lock is published in the server so that messages can be encrypted for this email address by other Zendit users. If a lock does not exist already in the web vault, the following message will be displayed. A confirmation mail is sent to the email address.



2. If a public lock already exists in the web vault for this email address (in tblConfirmedCerts) and is associated for the same Login ID, then the user will be given an option to replace. If the user wish to replace, then the lock which he is trying to publish will be directly inserted into tblConfirmedCerts after deleting the older one. There will not be a confirmation process in this case.



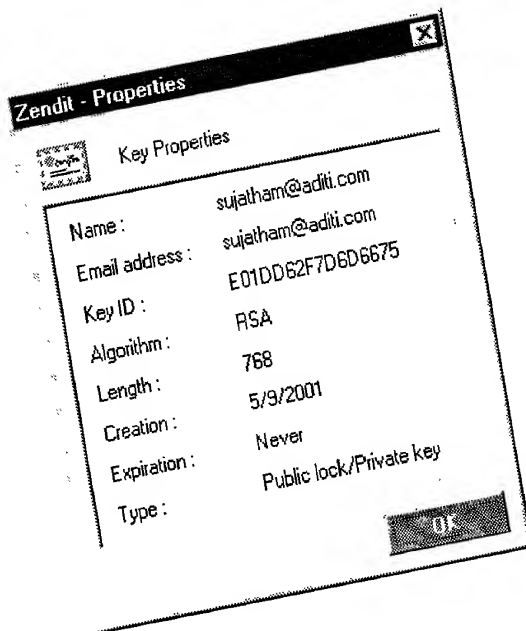
3. If a public lock already exists for this email address in the web vault (either in tblConfirmedCerts or tblConfirmedTempKeys) but associated with different Login ID, the following message will be displayed to the user.



5.12.8 View the certificate associated with the key

Description

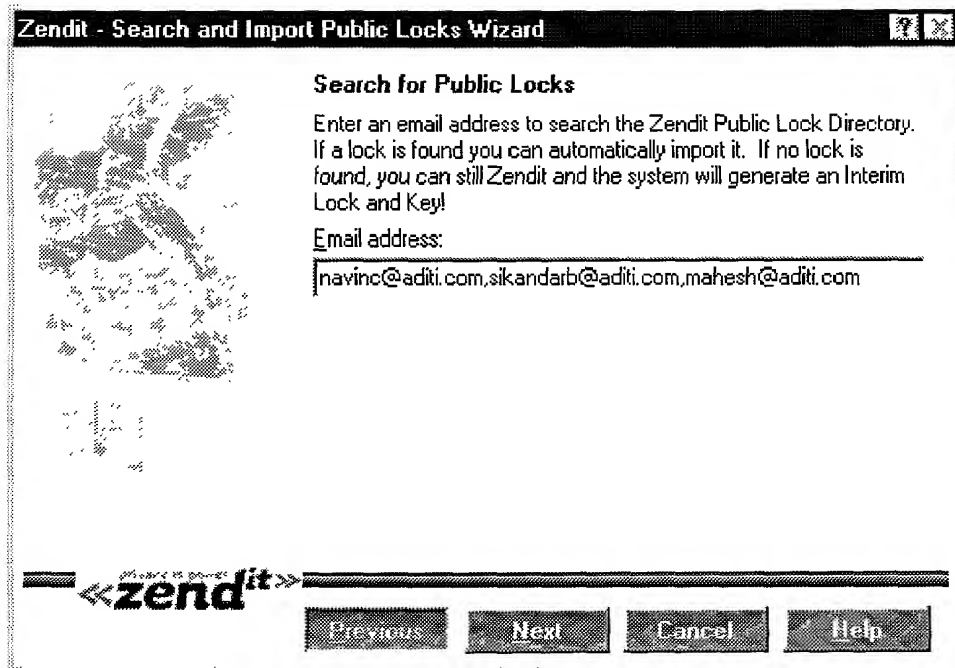
When the user chooses a key to view the certificate, the properties is displayed in the following format.

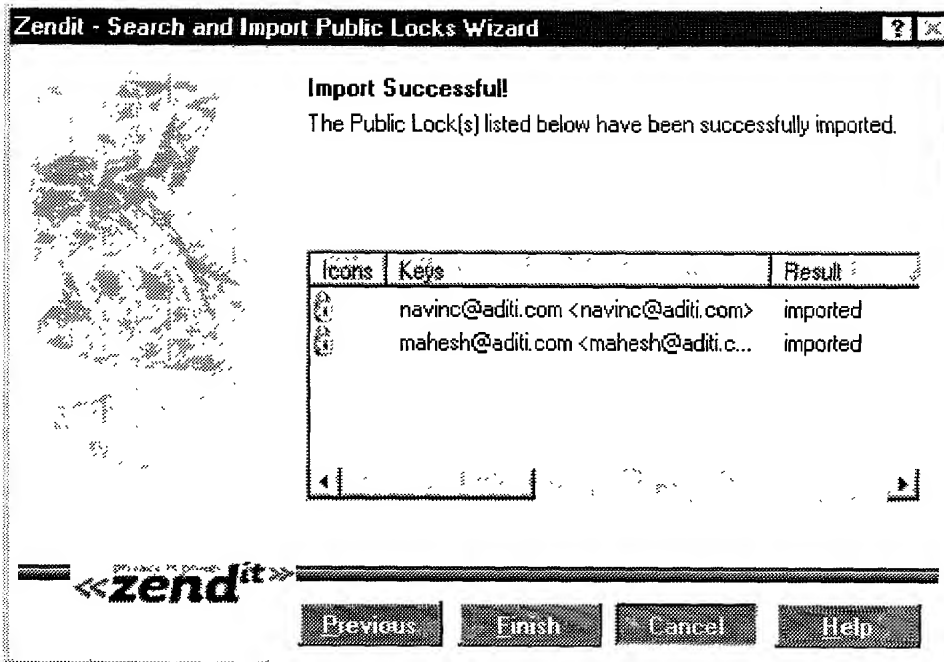
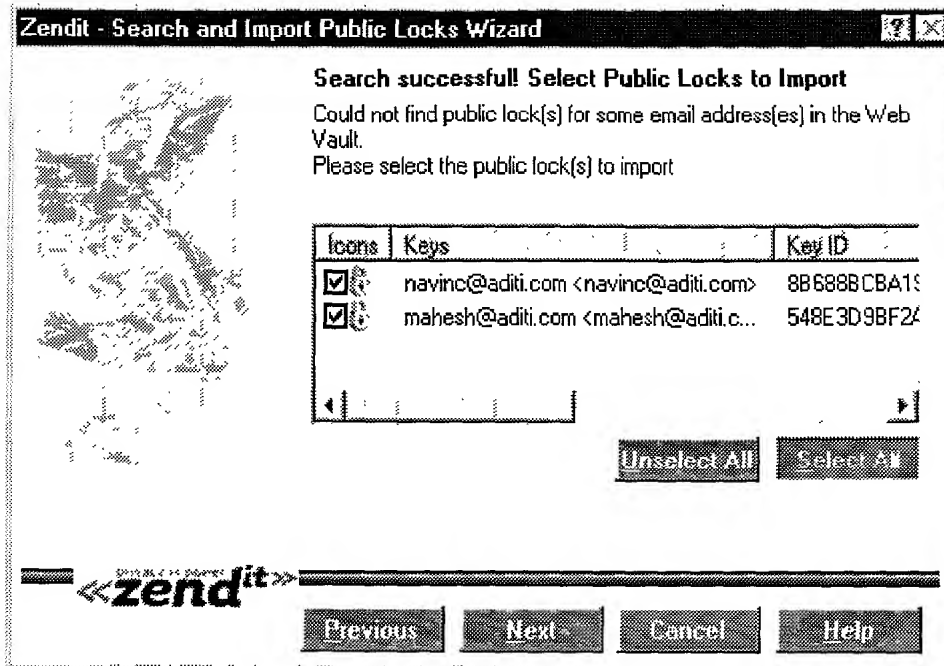


5.12.9 Search for a public lock and import

Description

The user can search for a public lock for a list of email addresses. If the public locks are found in the web vault for at least one of them, the user has an option to import them into his Zendit vault.

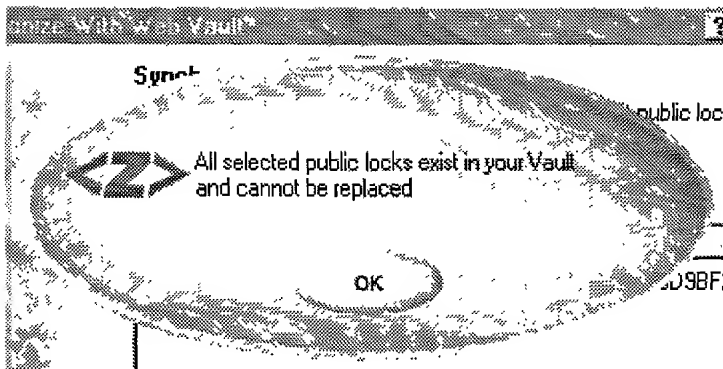




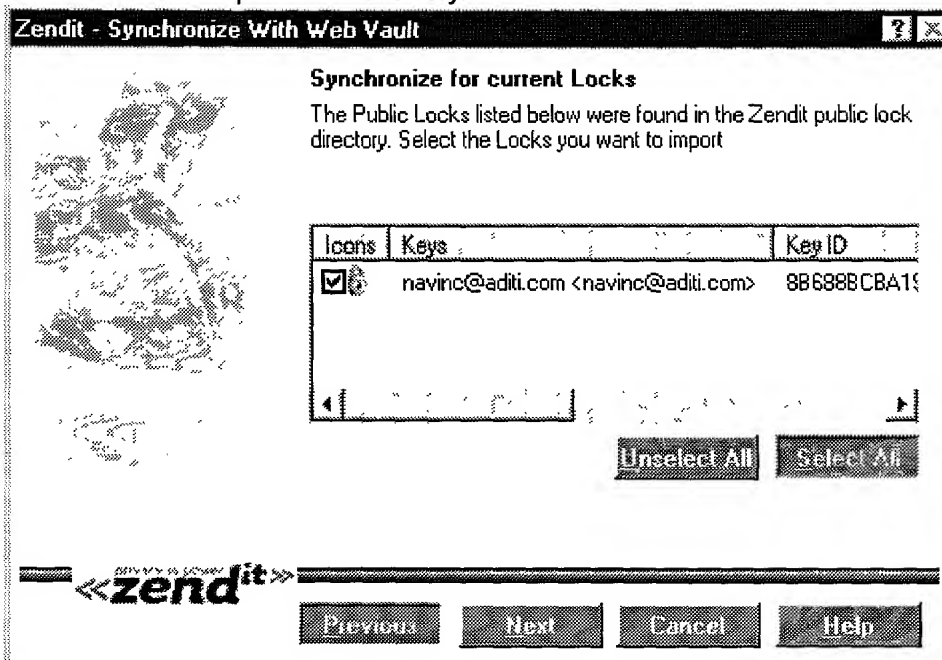
5.12.10 Synchronize with web vault

If a public lock for an email address in the user's zendit vault is different from the one that exists in the zendit public lock directory, the user has an option to synchronize it so that his zendit vault gets updated.

If the public locks for the email address in the zendit vault and in the zendit public lock directory are identical, then the following message is displayed.



If the public locks are different, then the zendit vault brings up the following wizard to import the lock from the zendit public lock directory.



5.13 Key Manager

Description

The basic functionality of this module can be explained in 2 steps.

1. The 'Zendit Vault' is invoked that receives all the inputs given by user through the 'Key management user interface handler'.
2. Specific functions on the 'Cryptographic Service Provider' are called and the appropriate values are passed.

This module also decides the CSP to be used and bridges between the 'Zendit Vault ' and the 'CSP'.

Listed below are the cases in which it takes the input from the Zendit Vault and sends it to CSP via specific function calls.

Functionality	Input from the Vault which goes to CSP via Key Management module	Output from CSP to Key Management module
Create a new keypair	Name Email ID Key pair length Key pair size Date of expiry Pass phrase	KeyID of newly generated keypair
Delete a key /keypair from the key ring.	Key ID Passphrase	Success or Failure indication
Import a key / keypair from a local file into the key ring.	Local file name KeyIDs of keys to be imported	Success or Failure indication
Export a key to a local file.	Key ID	Success or Failure indication
Upload a key to the Zendit server	Key ID	Digital certificate (public lock)
Download a key from the Zendit Server to the key ring	Key ID along with the Digital certificate	Success or Failure indication

View the certificate associated with the key	Key ID	Digital certificate details (such as name, email address, keyID, size and so on).
Generate a revocation certificate for the specified key.	Key ID Revoke key Revoke key size	Not currently used
Edit key passphrase	Key ID Old Passphrase New Passphrase	Success or Failure indication
Change user id on the key	Key ID Passphrase Old User ID New User ID	Success or Failure indication
Query the user's local key rings, a specified file or a specified memory block and provides information about a list of keys / keypairs available in the specified source.	Key ring Key ring size	List of structures, each containing details (such as name, email address, keyID, size and so on) for one digital certificate.
Encrypt file	Cleartext source file name Encrypted destination file name Array of Recipient(s) Number of recipient(s) Array of signer(s) Number of signer(s)	Success or Failure indication
Decrypt file	Encrypted source file name Decrypted destination file name Pass phrase	Flags indicating armored, encrypted and signed status of input content, signature details for each signature found
List Recipients	Encrypted content	List of KeyIDs of keys that can be used to decrypt the encrypted content.

6. Assumptions and dependencies

- OpenLib will be used for encryption and decryption process.
- Zendit will provide the hashing algorithm.
- The SurfBoard would import the certificate only if email ID exists and the certificate is valid.
- The SurfBoard will not support certificate revocation.
- Hashing algorithm is performed both on email id and login id.
- Admin pages will work on IE 4.0 and above.
- The SurfBoard will work only with IE 4.01 and IE 5.01 on Win 98 and Win NT 4.0 Workstation.
- Maximum number of SQL Servers used can be extended to a fixed number of 100 servers.
- When SQL Servers being used are increased, the Zendit system administrators are responsible for moving data across SQL Servers.
- If the Zendit system is not able to send mails, it adds an entry into the error log.
- The system does not support re-sending mails that bounced back.
- Access mechanism for admin pages will be Windows NT challenge-response authentication.
- User can upload more than one public lock but there can be only one public lock associated for an email ID existing on the server.
- Reply to feedback will only be in text format.
- The administrator maintains the correct templates of the various mail systems' web pages.
- Once the user has logged in, the user information is taken from the LSM.
- When the user logs out, the user will be logged out of all the SurfBoard instances and also from the zendit clients i.e outlook and Windows Explorer.
- When the user encrypts (zends) an email, the mail is signed, compressed and encrypted. The encrypted text is then converted into an ASCII armor, which replaces the original message body in the email.
- The OpenLib is viewed as a complete, reliable package and will be used as is. Hence this will not be tested.
- 'SA – FileUp' object from Software Artisans will be used for file upload and download(will be implemented for later version)
- Keys will stored be stored in the key ring as files (as supported by the OpenLib).
- The Zendit system will not be signing the certificates.
- The hardware setup and the required software should exist.
- Support for displaying Advertisements will not be provided in Version 1.0 of the system.

7. Error Handling and Messages

This section explains the methodology that is to be followed for error handling and error messages for the Zendit web site and the SurfBoard.

7.1 Web Site

The standard for handling errors throughout the web site would be to indicate server-related errors as "Problem at the Server. Please try again or send a mail to support@zendit.com "

The details of the server-related errors would be logged in the Event Log. This event log has to be manually monitored and addressed by one of the Zendit administrators. The user interface to view this log would be using the NT Event Viewer.

Validation error messages that are thrown up to the user would be displayed on the same page itself. For easy maintenance all the messages would be contained in an include file.

7.2 Surfboard

Validations would be performed in every relevant function. These would be detailed in the low level design.

Some of the specific exceptions identified during the low level design would be trapped using exception handlers, and user-friendly error messages would be displayed.

The description of the error messages would be maintained in a Resource file.

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Templates Document

1.0 Overview

This document details the usage of different types of templates. It aims to provide the ZendIt administrator with the insight of how the template entries can be derived.

2.0 Template Types

There 3 types of templates:

- Send Templates
- Click Templates
- Read Templates

The Send and Click templates are used during the 'Zend' operation. The Read template is used during the 'DeZend' operation

Note: All the templates are retrieved by using the ZendView Source utility and not by using the explorer's view source functionality.

3.0 Zend Operation

The process followed by the Surfboard while 'Zending' a mail is detailed in this section. The section under Send Templates helps the administrator with retrieving the 'Send' templates. The click templates are discussed with respect to sending the mail under the section 'Click' templates.

3.1 Send Templates

The send templates are used to identify the template to be used while trying to the zend a mail. These templates are also used for retrieving the values of the 'To', 'Cc', 'Bcc' and 'Body' fields from a compose page of a mail system. The activities performed by the surfboard while 'zending' the mail are detailed as follows.

1. Get the URL of the main document from the Address bar.
For e.g., this URL would be
<http://lw4fd.law4.hotmail.msn.com/cgi-bin/compose?a=968139292230441166934>
which is the URL for the compose page in Hotmail.
2. Check for the mail system in the URL
The surfboard obtains the list of templates available. Each template has a 'Mail system' field.
For e.g., for the hotmail site, the mail system value would be represented as 'Hotmail'.
3. The surfboard goes through the template list and checks for the existence of the 'Mail system' value in the domain part of the URL.

For e.g., in the case of hotmail, the 'mail system' value 'hotmail' is checked for in the 'http://lw4fd.law4.hotmail.msn.com/' string. (i.e., it tries to find the mail system string within the first '/' excluding the 'http://' string.

4. If a template matches with the mail system, then the surfboard checks if the current page has frames or not and accordingly builds a internal list of matching templates from the available templates. The surfboard makes use of the 'Frame type' field in the templates to get the list of the frame based, non-frame based and iframe-based templates.
5. The surfboard then looks at the 'URL Phrase' value to determine if the user is on a valid page from which a mail can be 'Zent'.

For e.g., in the Hotmail system, the template that was built for 'Compose' page has the URL Phrase as '/cgi-bin/compose?'. This string is checked in the main URL that the Surfboard obtains.

6. If the system is non-frame based, but the document has an iFrame imbedded in it, then the template is entered as an iFrame based template. The surfboard will look for the different fields from which the values for 'To', 'Cc', 'Bcc' etc is obtained.
7. If the system is non-frame based and the document has no iFrames in it, then the template is entered as non-frame based template. The surfboard will look for the different fields from which the values for 'To', 'Cc', 'Bcc' etc can be obtained.
8. If the system is frame-based, the corresponding templates are entered as frame based templates. The surfboard will go through each of the frames in the document and tries to match the 'Frame URL' field value in the document URL of each frame. Once a match is found, the Surfboard uses this template to retrieve the 'To', 'Cc', 'Bcc' etc values.
9. Once the matching template is found, the message in the 'Body' is encrypted with the public locks of all email addresses found in 'To', 'Cc' and 'Bcc' fields and placed back in the 'Body' text area. All these elements are retrieved using the 'Form name' entry. The 'To', 'Cc', 'Bcc' and the 'Body' elements are part of the form specified in the 'Form name' entry.
10. The Surfboard, then zends the encrypted mail by simulating the send functionality of the mail system using the click templates.

3.2 Click Templates

The auto-send of the encrypted mail is accomplished by using the click templates. A send template has an associated set of click templates. These click templates are used to determine the element in the document, which on clicking, simulates the mail system's send operation.

A click template consists of the relational ID, element-type, attribute-name and attribute value fields. Each element has certain attributes and values. A set of click templates identifies an element that is clicked by surfboard to simulate the send option. Thus the element is described by element type, attribute name and attribute value combinations. The relational ID of a set of click templates is used to identify single element. A different set of click templates with a different relational ID denotes a different element. A send template can have different sets of click templates by which the Surfboard can simulate the send option.

For example, if in a compose page of a mail system, the message can be sent by clicking the following elements,

```
<input type="submit" name="Send.x" value="Send" id="Send" onclick="onSubmitCompose(1);">
```

And

```
<img src = "/images/iSend.gif" border = 0>
```

The click templates associated with the send template will have the following entries.

Relational ID	Element Type	Attribute Name	Attribute Value
1	INPUT	type	submit
1	INPUT	name	Send.x
1	INPUT	value	Send
2	IMG	src	/images/iSend.gif
2	IMG	border	0

This means send option can be simulated by clicking the element INPUT with attributes type, name and value which has values submit, Send.x and Send respectively OR by clicking the element IMG with the attributes src and border with values /images/iSend.gif and 0 respectively.

4.0 DZend operation

The 'Read' template is made use of during the Dzend operation. The template is used to fetch the sender's email ID. This is to verify the signature of the sender in the encrypted message. The decryption process does not stop if the sender's email ID is not found. The process continues without the decrypted message being verified. The method by which the read templates are derived is detailed in the subsequent section.

4.1 Read Templates

The string between 'Header Start' and 'Header End' field values is retrieved. In the string retrieved, a sub-string between 'Sender Start' and 'Sender End' field values is obtained. This string would give the 'Sender's information. But to obtain the email ID from this string, the 'Token Begin' and 'Token End' field values are used.

For e.g., in the Yahoo mail read page, the source contains the following.

```
....
...
<INPUT type=submit value=Move name=MOV>
</FONT></TD></TR></FORM></TBODY></TABLE>
<TABLE cellSpacing=0 cellPadding=0 width="100%">
<TBODY>
<TR vAlign=top>
<TD>
<TABLE cellSpacing=0 cellPadding=1>
<TBODY>
<TR>
<TD vAlign=top noWrap align=right><B>From:</B></TD>
<TD>"center" &lt;center@hotmail.com&gt;<SMALL>&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;<B><A
href="/ym/BlockSender?NBR=1&NE=center@hotmail.com&box=Inbox&MsgId=42
01_3181411_22684_879_1762_0&inc=&num=&Search=&YY=75044&or
der=down&sort=date&pos=0">Block address</A></B></SMALL></TD></TR>
<TR>
```


5.0 Template Blob

The send, click and read templates are stored in separate tables. Changing any values of these templates does not reflect in the Surfboard. As the number of web based mail system that ZendIt support increases, we will end up having huge number of templates. For example, Yahoo mail system has around 10 templates. If we support 30 mail systems, the number of templates will around 300. Each template can be around 150 bytes, which means user has to download 45KB of data. Since very large template data is to be downloaded to the client, the template structure understandable by the Surfboard is generated, compressed, symmetrically encrypted and stored in a separate table. Clicking on the 'Create Blob' button in the admin templates page performs this activity. The application variable that stores the current template version gets updated in the respective system only after the template blob is created. The application variables have to be refreshed in the all other web servers for the changes to be reflected across the application. The new templates will be downloaded the next time user logs in to the system. When the surfboard makes a request for templates, the ZendIt webserver will send only the Template Blob and not the templates that are stored in a different table.

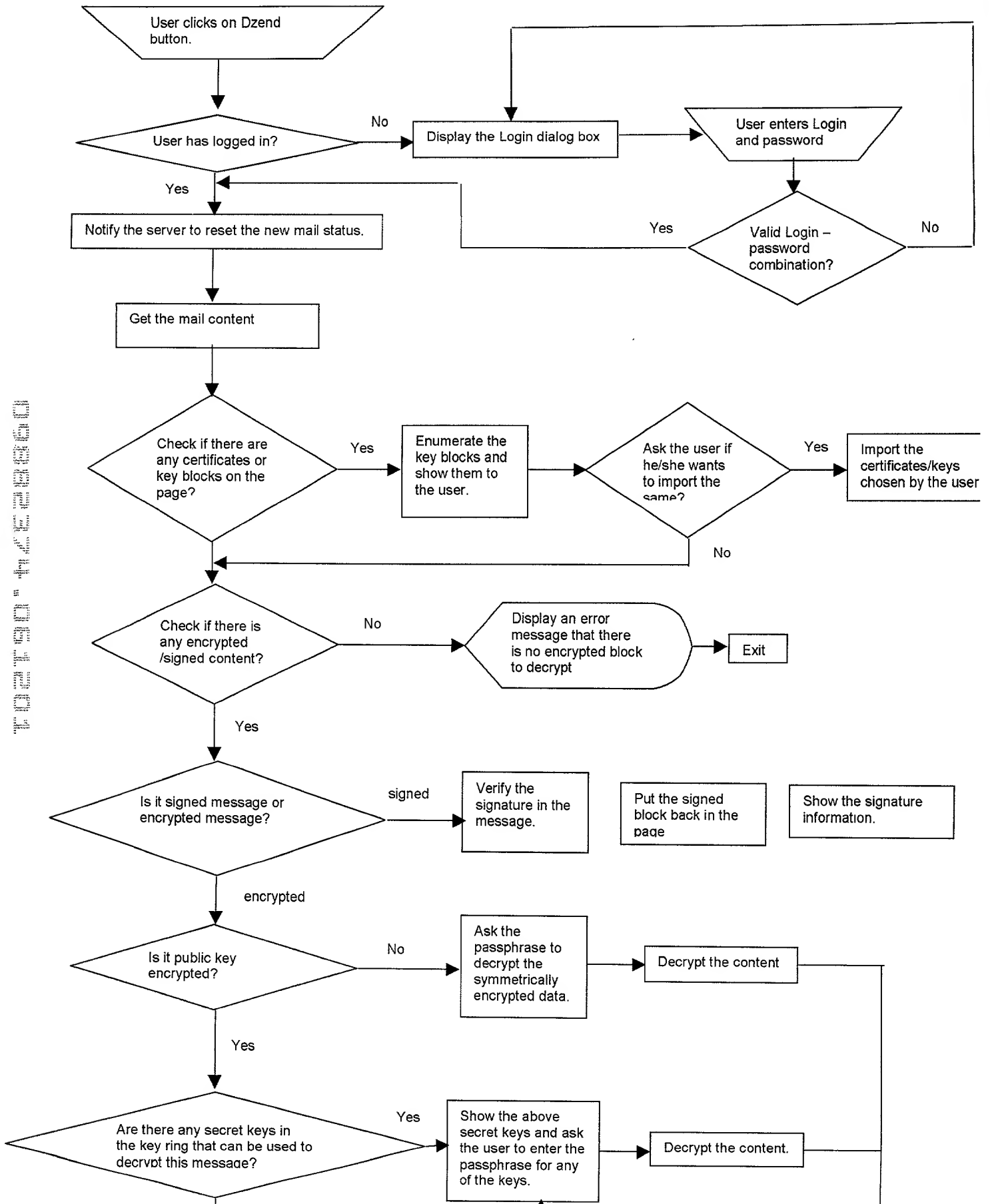
Note: It is very important that when a template is added or modified, you should update the template blob so that the subsequent template request from the client (Surfboard) will get the new template.

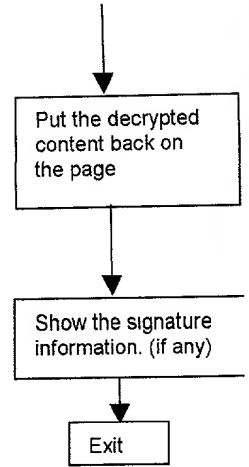
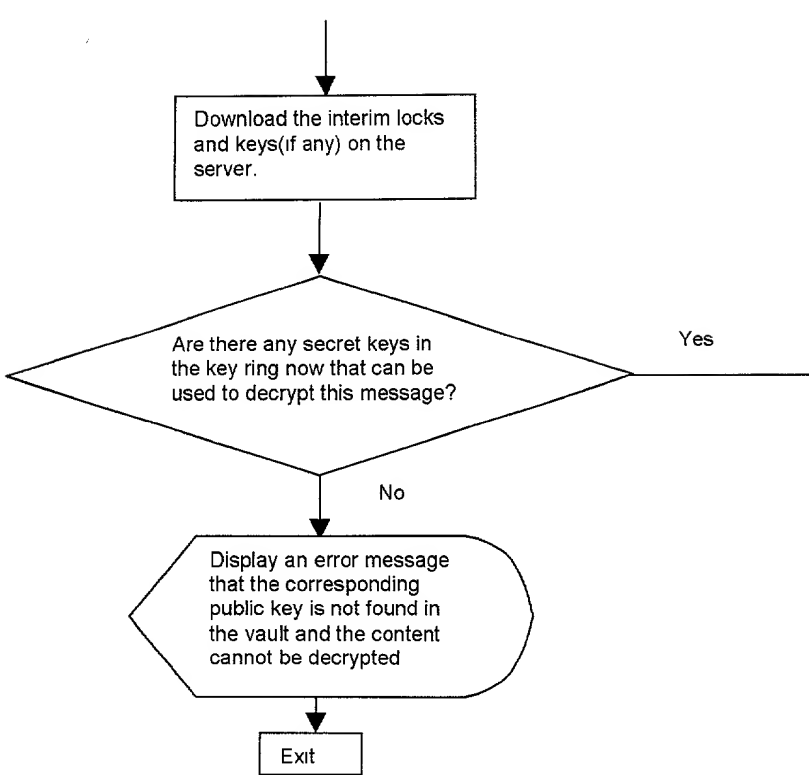
The 'Create Blob' functionality needs the SymmEncComp.dll component to be installed on the web servers. Those template changes made after creation of template blob will not be reflected in the Surfboard.

6.0 Conclusion

The process by which the different types of templates are derived and used by the Zend and DZend process has been explained. This is to help the ZendIt administrator to retrieve the templates and also to be a reference for templates usage.

DZend Flow in IE / outlook:



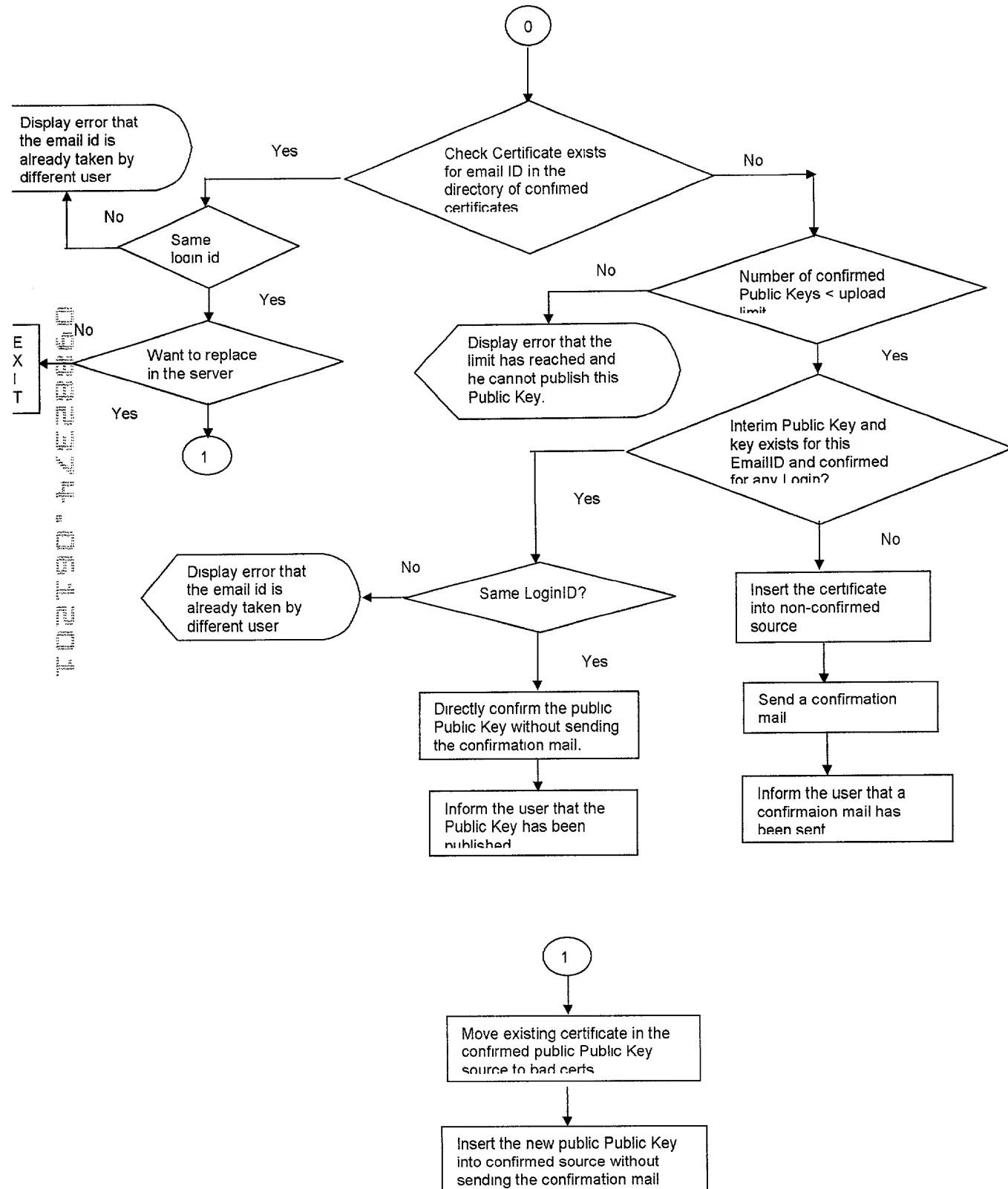


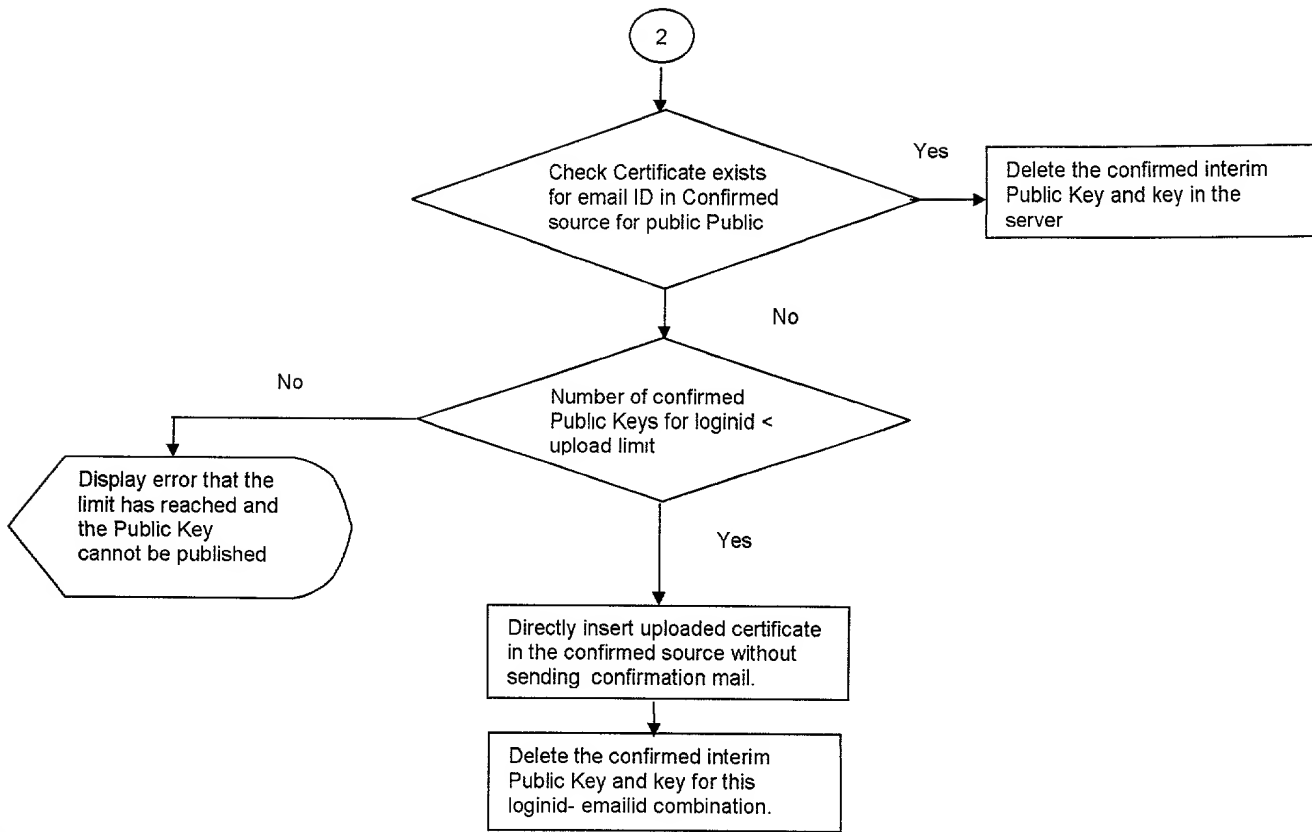
Publish Public Public Key Process Flow

Case 0: Publish a normal public Public Key

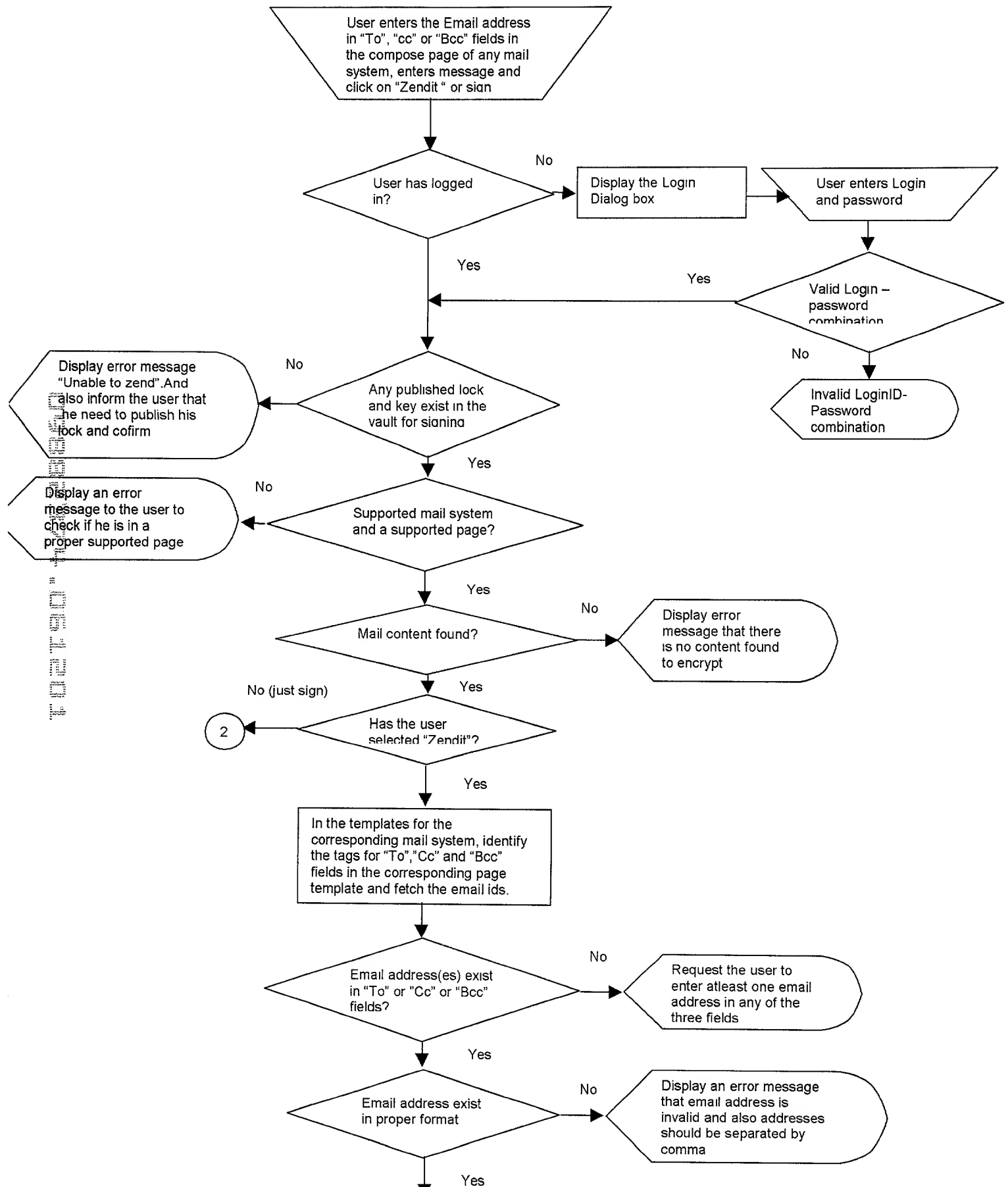
Case 1: Replace the existing Public Key in the server

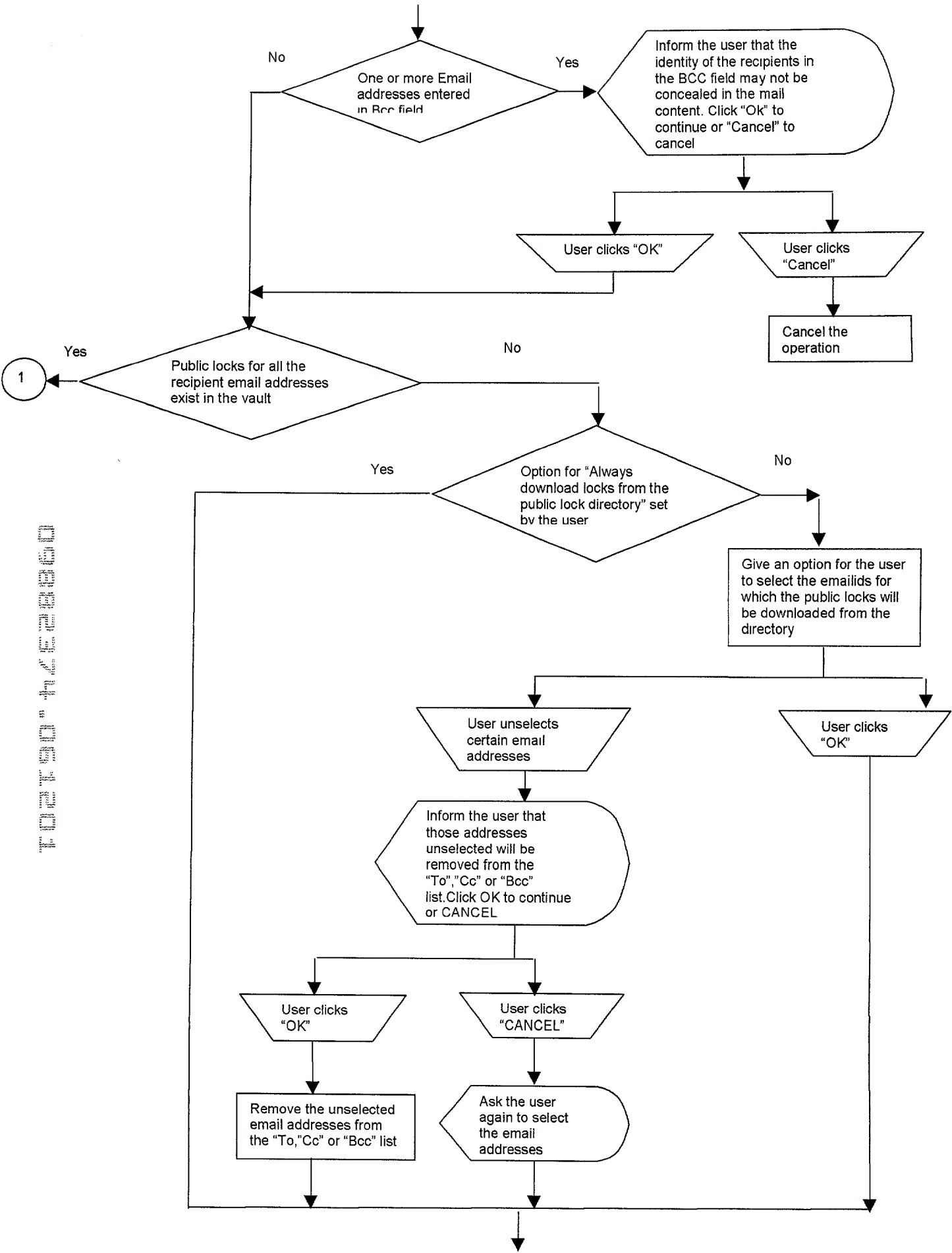
Case 2: Publish a downloaded interim Public Key and key (automatically happens when the user downloads the interim Public Key and key from the server)

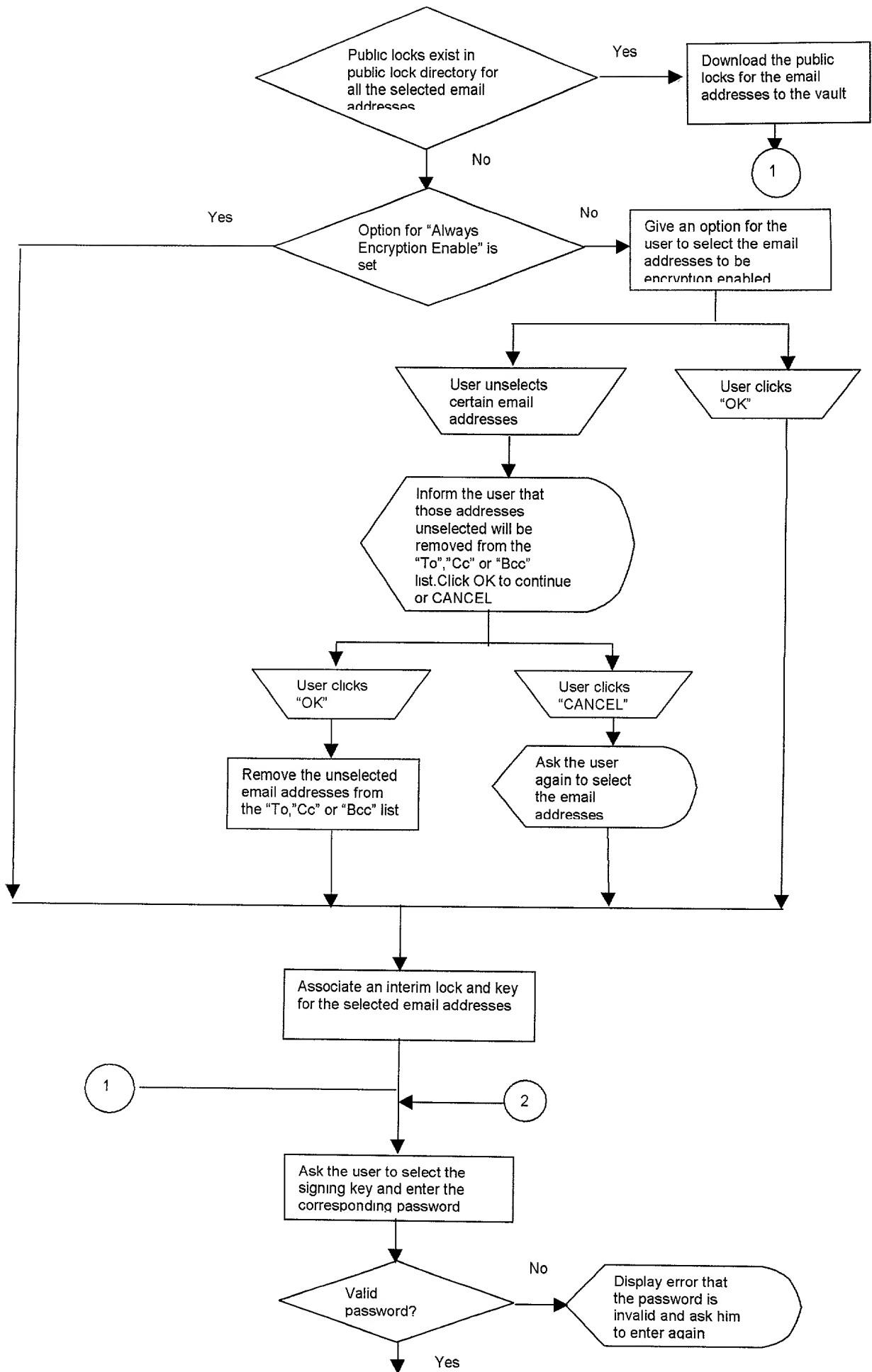


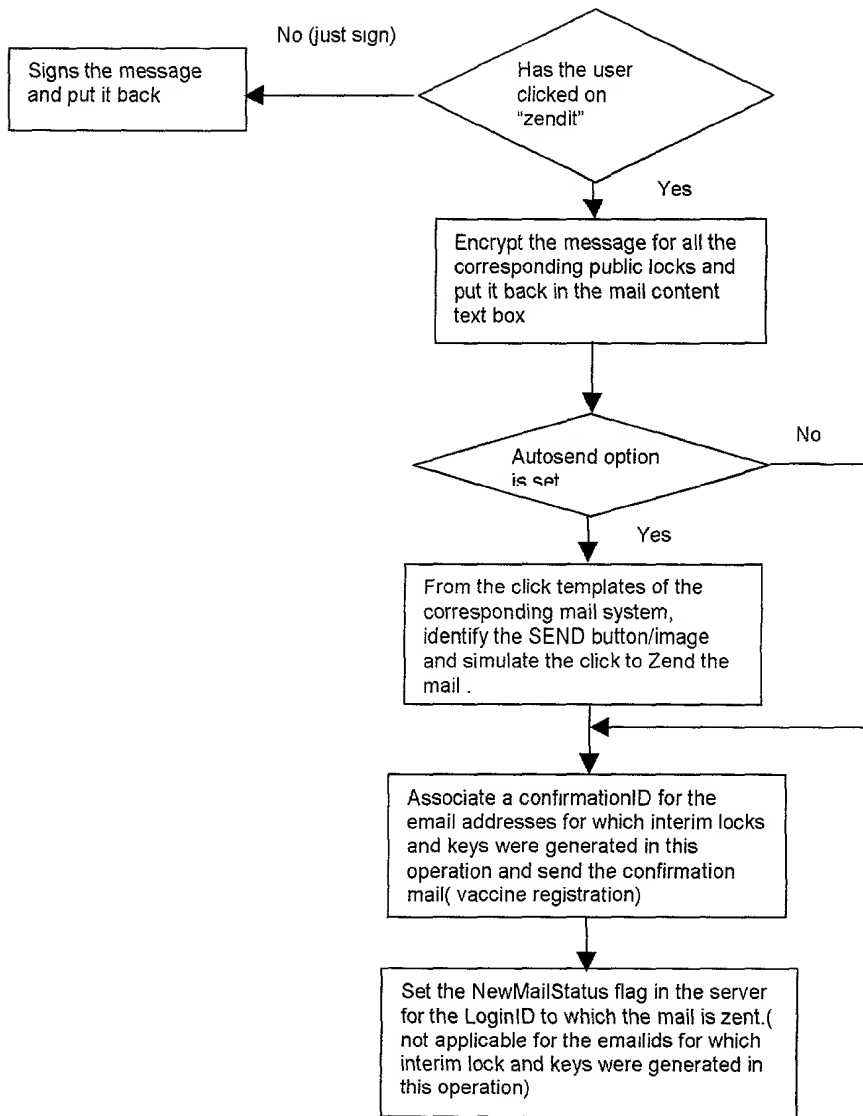


Zend process in IE

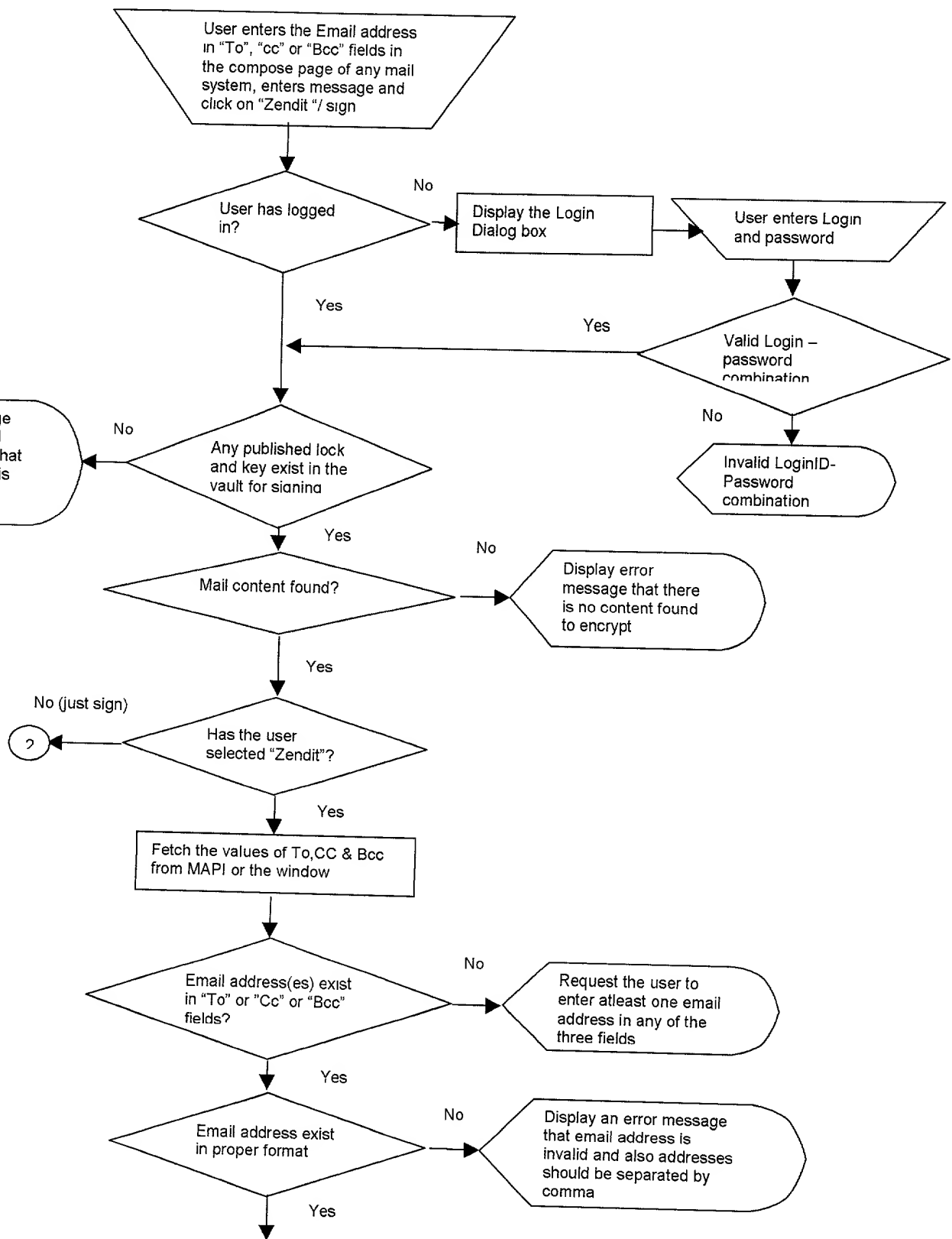


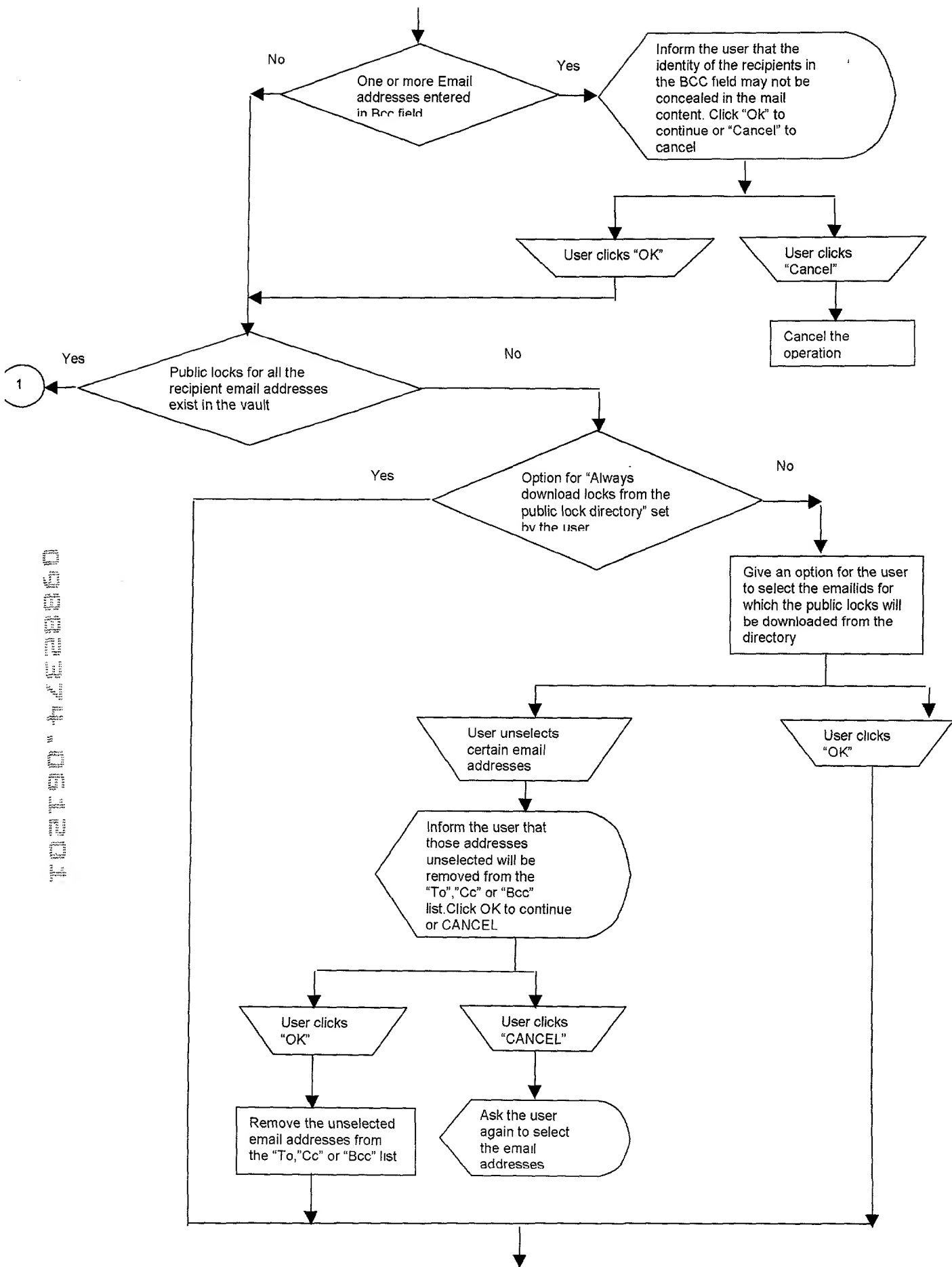


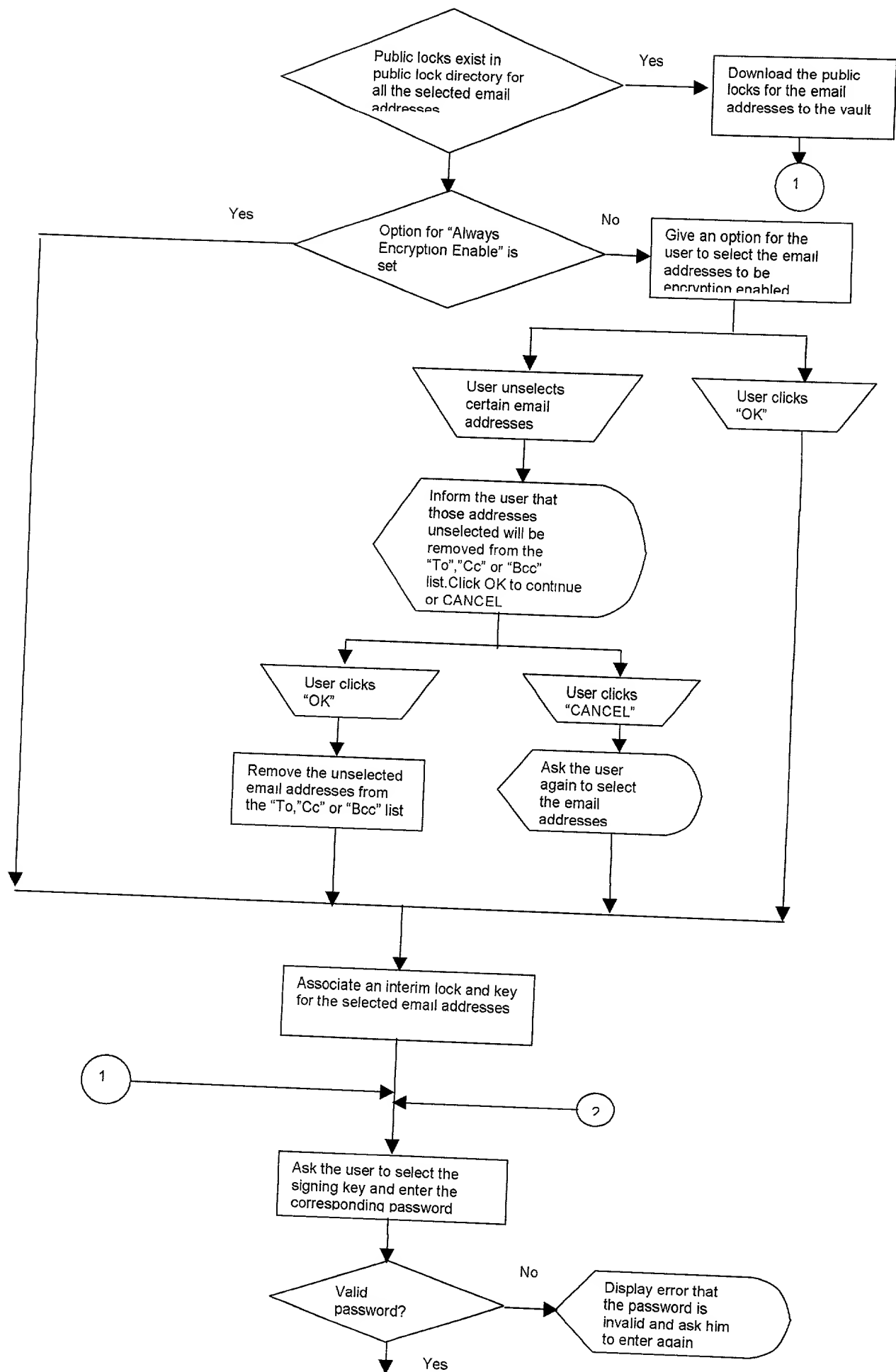


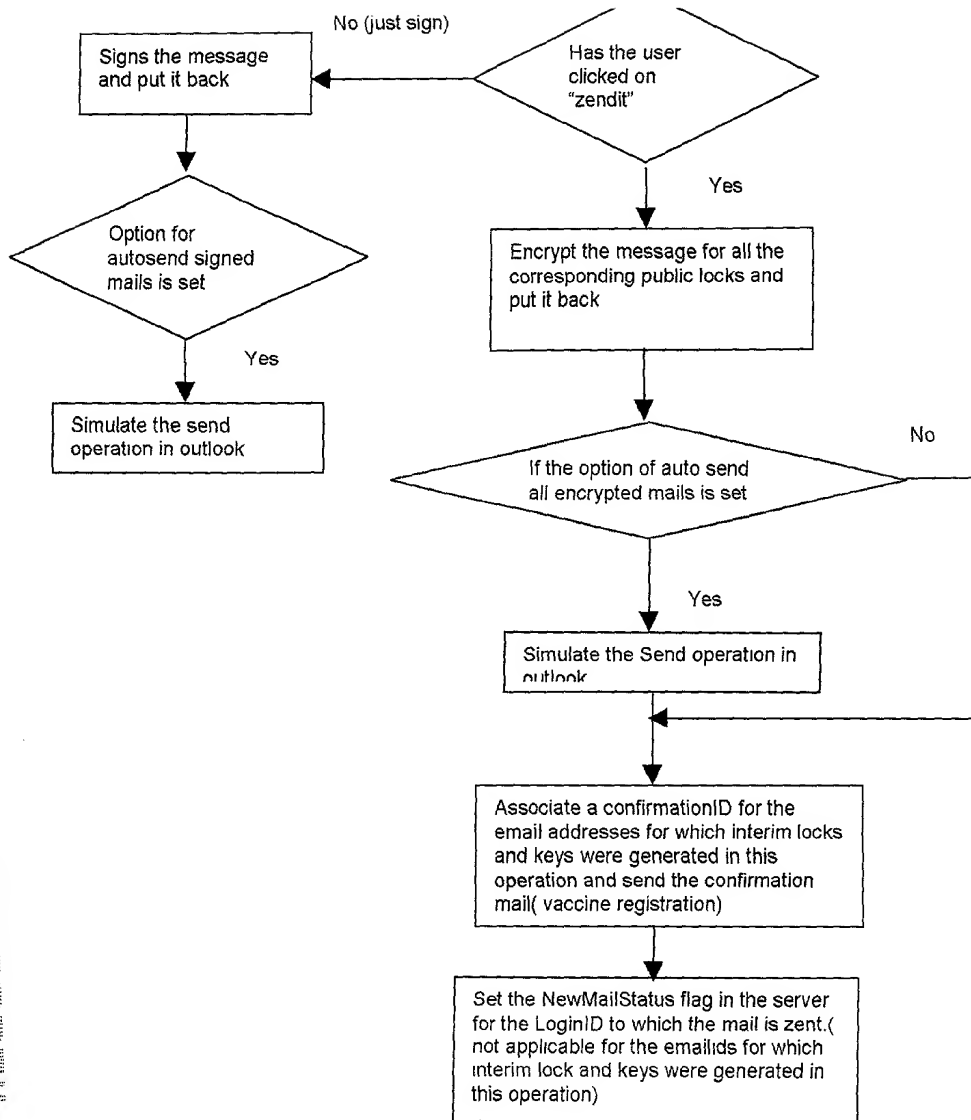


Zend Process in Outlook:









DocId:34463660

Quick Registration

privacy is power
<<zendit>>

[Join Now](#)
[Join & Download Zendit](#)



quick registration

QUICK REGISTRATION

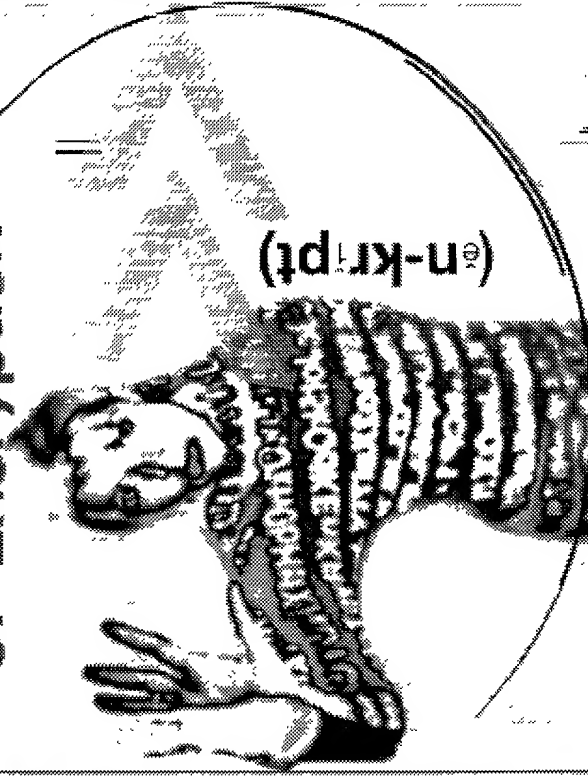
A fast convenient registration process. Quick Registration encryption enables your email address FAST... with a Lock and Key generated by Zendit. We absolutely delete your private key after you import! You create new Lock and Keys at any time. 1. email confirmation vs. 2!

NOID REGISTRATION

Or use our traditional registration also known as NOID registration. This registration includes time consuming steps for additional security including 2 email confirmations vs. 1. You generate your Lock and Key pair. (best for the crypto literate)

1. You generate your Lock and Key pair. (best for the crypto literate)

The Art of Encryption

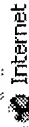


Providing World Class & confidential, solutions.

Copyright © 1999 Zendit.com



Please login to activate the Surfboard



privacy is power

<<zendit>>

[Investor Relations](#)
[News/Press](#)
[Company Philosophy](#)
[Jobs](#)
[Partners](#)

The Art of Encryption

Providing World Class Confidentiality Solutions

<<zendit>>

notice of export restrictions

Please choose your country:

United States

Zendit Software contains encryption technology that is controlled for export by the U.S. government.

Zendit Software may not be exported or re-exported to certain countries (currently Cuba, Iran, Iraq, Libya, North Korea, Serbia, except Kosovo), Sudan, Syria, the Taliban-controlled areas of Afghanistan, or to persons or entities prohibited from receiving U.S. exports (including Denied Parties, Specially Designated Nationals and entities).

privacy is power

<<zendit>>

step 1

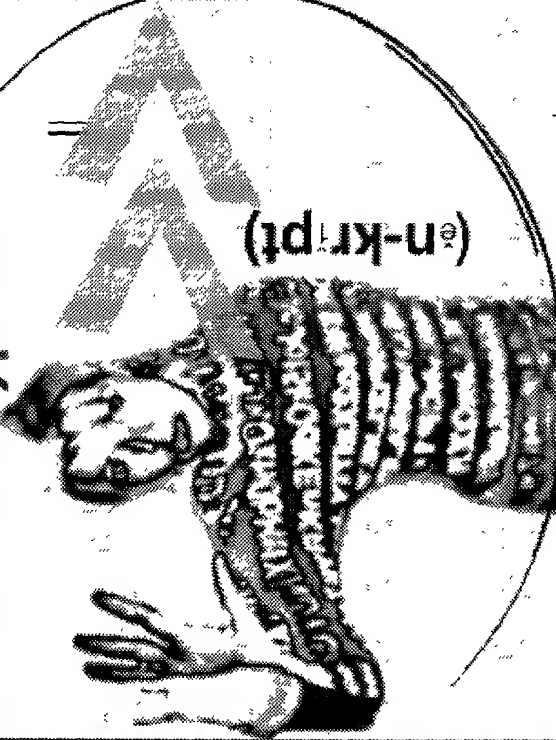
FIRST NAME
xendit

LAST NAME
tester

EMAIL
xenditester100@hotmail.cc

what email address do you want to
encryption enable?

The Art of Encryption



(e-n-kript)

Providing World Class e-Confidentiality solutions

Investor Relations | NewsPress | Company Philosophy | Jobs | Partners

About Zendit | Contact Us

privacy is power

<<zendit>>

Investor Relations | News/Press | Company Philosophy | Jobs | Partners

The Art of Encryption

(n-kript)

Providing World Class e-confidence solutions.

<<zendit>>

step 2

USER NAME

This can be any name of your choosing and will work with your Zendit Vault and Surfboard.

PASSWORD

This is to ensure privacy and security.

RE-ENTER PASSWORD

privacy is power

<<zendit>>

Investor Relations | News/Press | Company Philosophy | Jobs | Partners

The Art of Encryption

Providing World Class Confidentiality Solutions.

<<zendit>> Congratulations

Download.....click run from current location

Congratulations you're about to become ENCRYPTION-ENABLED!!

NEXT STEPS

1. Complete the set-up, select finish
2. CHECK YOUR EMAIL. Open the email from zendit and click on the link inside. This will confirm you have access to the email address and prevent others from acquiring it.
3. LOGIN TO YOUR SURFBOARD. A message will appear, select "login"

PRIVACY IS POWER
<<zendit>>

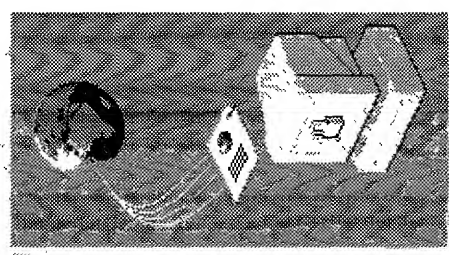
10400 S. 4th Ave

Download location

**Congratulations you'
ENCRYPTION-ENABLE**

SEALS 1X3M

Complete the set:
CHECK YOUR EMAIL
and click on it
confirm you have an
address and prevent
us from
SLOG IN TO YOUR
you will appear safe



You have chosen to download a file from this location.

ZenditSurfboard.exe from www.zendit.com

What would you like to do with this file?

- Run this program from its current location
- Save this program to disk.

[illegible]

OK Cancel More Info

privacy's power
<<zendit>>

The Art of Encryption

<<zendit>>
 2000-2001

Download.....click run
location

Congratulations you're able to
ENCRYPTION-ENABLED!!

NEXT STEPS

Complete the set-up, see
CHECK YOUR EMAIL, open
and click on the link
confirm you have access to
address and pray for other
you.

1. **Introduction**
 2. **Background**
 3. **Methodology**
 4. **Results**
 5. **Conclusion**
 6. **References**
 7. **Appendix**
 8. **Index**
 9. **Table of Contents**
 10. **Abstract**
 11. **Summary**
 12. **Key Words**
 13. **Keywords**
 14. **Subject Headings**
 15. **Indexing**
 16. **Classification**
 17. **Keywords**
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 247. **Indexing**
 248. **Classification**
 249. **Keywords**
 250. **Subject Headings**
 251. **Indexing**

Opening:
ZenditSniffboard.exe from www.zendit.com

Estimated time left: 13 sec (422 KB of 2.22 MB copied)

Download to: Temporary Folder

Transfer rate: 138 KB/Sec

Close this dialog box when download completes

Carice

SECRET



...you're late.

Hotmail® xendittester100@hotmail.com

Compose Address Book Folders Options

Inbox 2 new (Avoid junk e-mail, activate [Inbox Protector](#).)

Move to	Subject	Date	Size
	Welcome New Hotmail User!	Feb 8 2001	11
	Quick Registration for xendittester100 at Zen...	Feb 8 2001	21

Delete Block Sender(s)

From

Hotmail Staff

Admin-Zend

Tools

Address Book

Options

Calendar

Help

ject: Quick Registration for xendittester100 at Zendit

Thu, 08 Feb 2001 22:50:19 (GMT)

Reply Reply All Forward Delete Previous Next Close

<<< Z E N D I T C O N F I R M A T I O N >>>

nk you for registering with Zendit!

C O N F I R M O W N E R S H I P

confirm your ownership of this email address please click on the link below:

[p://www.zendit.com/quickconf.asp?LoginID=xendittester100&ConfID=XTLJLHOGAVULUXXKQFP8&Email=xendittester100@hotmail.com](http://www.zendit.com/quickconf.asp?LoginID=xendittester100&ConfID=XTLJLHOGAVULUXXKQFP8&Email=xendittester100@hotmail.com)

s is part of a confirmation process that protects you in case someone empts to impersonate you and claims owership of your account.

you did not register with Zendit, please do not confirm it.

L O G I N T O S U R F B O A R D

e you have clicked on the above link, go ahead and login to the surfboard.
s will open the lock and key/certificate generator that will encryption ble this email address.

C O N F I R M C E R T I F I C A T E

e you have generated your certificate you will receive one more email from dit giving you a link to confirm your certificate.

se are necessary steps to ensure the integrity of your certificate.

nk you,
dit Support
port@zendit.com

vacy is Power

Subject: Quick Registration for zendittestester100 at Zendit

Thu, 08 Feb 2001 22:50:19 (GMT)

CONFIRM
confirm your own
[p://www.zendit.com](http://www.zendit.com)

is part of a
empts to impers

you did not reg:

LOGINTO
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s will open the

ble this email

CONFIRM
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dit Support

port@zendit.com

vacy is Power

Login Zend DZend ZPanel Vault Help

Please login to activate the Surfboard

Internet

Privacy Policy

Please login to activate the

Internet

Please login to activate the Surfboard

Internet

Please login to activate the

Internet

Please login to activate the Surfboard

Internet

Please login to activate the

Noid Registration

<<zendit>>

privacy is power

Join New Members! Visit Info Join Zendit Buy our Book!

Join & Download Zendit

Don't send it... zendit!

The screenshot shows the zendit.com homepage. At the top is a navigation bar with links: "Join New Members!", "Visit Info", "Join Zendit", and "Buy our Book!". Below this is a large banner area. On the left, there's a section titled "<<zendit>>" with the tagline "privacy is power". To its right, under the heading "try quick registration", are two main options: "QUICK REGISTRATION" described as a fast convenient process enabling email address FAST... with a Lock and Key generated by Zendit, and "NOID REGISTRATION" described as using traditional registration also known as Noid registration, which includes time-consuming steps like additional security and email confirmations.

The Art of Encryption

(n-kript)

Providing World Class Confidentiality Solutions.

privacy is power

«zendit»

Don't send it... zendit!

Join Now | Join & Download Zendit

The Art of Encryption

Providing World Class Confidentiality Solutions

«zendit»

noticed of export restrictions

Please choose your country:

United States

Zendit Software contains encryption technology that is controlled for export by the U.S. government.

Zendit Software may not be exported or re-exported to certain countries (currently Cuba, Iran, Iraq, Libya, North Korea, Serbia (except Kosovo), Sudan, Syria, the Taliban-controlled areas of Afghanistan) or to persons or entities prohibited from receiving U.S. exports (including Denied Parties, Specially Designated Nationals and entities).

privacy is power

<<zendit>>

Don't send it... zendit!

Join Now
Join & Download Zendit

The Art of Encryption

Providing World Class v-confidentiality solutions.

<<zendit>>

step 1

FIRST NAME
tester2

LAST NAME
zendit

EMAIL
zenditester102@hotmail.co

What email address do you want to
encryption enable?

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the Zendit website. The browser's address bar shows the URL "http://www.zendit.com/default.asp". The website has a navigation bar with links: "Home", "About Us", "Join Now", "Help", "Privacy Policy", "Terms of Service", "Contact Us", and "FAQ". Below the navigation bar, there is a large banner with the text "The Art of Encryption" and a cartoon illustration of a man in a striped shirt and a hat, holding a magnifying glass over a globe. To the right of the illustration, the text "(e-n-kript)" is written. Below the banner, there is a registration form titled "step 2". The form has two main sections: "USER NAME" and "PASSWORD". The "USER NAME" section has a text input field containing "zenditester102" and a note: "This can be any name of your choosing and will work with your Zendit Vault and Surfboard." The "PASSWORD" section has a text input field containing "1234567890" and a note: "This is to ensure privacy and security." Below the password field, there is a button labeled "Re-ENTER PASSWORD". At the bottom of the form, there is a "Join Now" button. The website's footer contains the text "© 2000 Zendit Inc. All rights reserved." and "Zendit is a registered trademark of Zendit Inc."

[Join Now](#)
[Join & Download Zendit](#)

privacy is power

«zendit»

Real privacy power

«zendit»

notice of export restrictions

«Download.....click run from current location

Congratulations you're about to become ENCRYPTION-ENABLED!!

NEXT STEPS

- 1. Complete the set-up, select finish
- 2. CHECK YOUR EMAIL, open the email from zendit and click on the link inside. This will confirm you have access to the email address and prevent others' misdirection.
- 3. LOG-IN TO YOUR SURFBOARD. An email will be sent to you with a link and a certificate generator will be created with the required information.


The Art of Encryption

(e-n-kript)

Providing World Class • Confidentiality solutions.

<<zendit>>
privacy is power
Join New
Join & Download Zendit

Don't send it... zendit!



Download...
location

Congratulations
ENCRYPTION-EN

NEXT STEPS

- > Complete the
- > CHECK YOUR
- > zendit and click
- > confirm you have
- > address and pre
- > about
- > log in to yo
- > zendit.com/
- > appear enter the

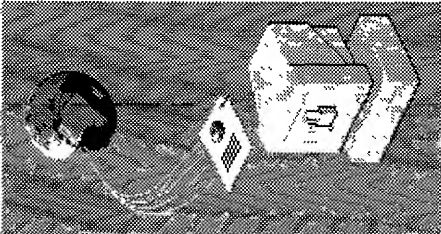
The Art of Encryption

You have chosen to download a file from this location.
ZenditSurfboard.exe from www.zendit.com

What would you like to do with this file?

- ☐ Run this program from its current location
- ☐ Save this program to disk
- ☐ Always ask before opening this type of file

OK Cancel More Info



privacy is power

<<zendit>>

Don't send it... zendit!

THE POWER OF THE ZENDEIT

notice
 export re...

Download loading.....click location

Congratulations you're ENCRYPTION-ENABLED!

Next Steps

1. Complete the set-up
 2. CHECK YOUR EMAIL
 3. zendit and click on the
 4. confirmations have been
 5. address and present o

Opening:
 ZenditSurfboard.exe from www.zendit.com

Estimated time left: 38 sec (100 KB of 2.22 MB copied)
 Download to: Temporary Folder
 Transfer rate: 57.9 KB/Sec

☐ Close this dialog box when download completes

Cancel

Providing World Class e-confidentiality solutions

FOOTNOTES

Vaccine Mail

Compose | Directories | Greeting Cards | Gift Certificates |

Insert Address Attachments Add Stationery

To: xendittester103@hotmail.com

Subject: test of vaccine

Cc:

Bcc:

Check Spelling

Dictionary

Thesaurus

☐ Save Outgoing Message ☐ Rich Text Format

Send

Save Draft

Cancel

Vaccine works

☐ Save Outgoing Message

Send

Save Draft

Cancel

Logoff

Zend

DZend

ZPanel

Vault

Help

xendit has logged on successfully

Internet

msn Hotmail® xendittester100@hotmail.com

Passport
sign out

Compose Address book Filters Options Compose Insert Address Attachments Add Stationery Messenger Calendar Help

Compose | Directories | Greeting Cards | Gift Certificates |

To: xendittester103@hotmail.com
Subject: test of vaccine
Cc: Bcc:

☐ Save Outgoing Message
Vaccine works

Resolving recipients

Encryption locks for the following email addresses are not locally available on your system. Click OK to automatically locate the encryption locks on the Zendit online database. Click Cancel to abort this Zend operation.

☒ xendittester103@hotmail.com

☐ Always search the Zendit online database when encryption locks are not found locally.

☐ Save Outgoing Message

Zendit has logged on successfully

msn Hotmail® xenditester100@hotmail.com

Passport Sign Out

Compose | **Address Book** | **Folders** | **Options** | **Compose** | **Directories** | **Greeting Cards** | **Gift Certificates** | **Messenger** | **Calendar** | **Help**

Insert Address | **Attachments** | **Add Stationery**

To: xenditester103@hotmail.com

Subject: test of vaccine

Cc: **Bcc:**

☐ Save Outgoing Message

Vaccine works

Resolving recipients

Draft | **Cancel**

Encryption locks for the following email addresses are not available on the Zendit online database. Click OK to have Zendit generate a temporary encryption lock for these email addresses. Click Cancel to abort this Zend operation.

☒ xenditester103@hotmail.com

☐ Always use Zend-generated encryption locks when locks are not available.

Continue

Cancel

☐ Save Outgoing Message

Zend | **DZend**

Zpanel | **Vault** | **Help**

xendit has logged on successfully

Draft | **Cancel**

Compose | Directories | Greeting Cards | Gift Certificates |

To: xenditester103@hotmail.com

Subject: test of vaccine

Cc: Bcc:

☐ Save Outgoing Mail

Vaccine works

Preparing digital signature

Please select a key to generate a digital signature

5F5701AA4EAA5605 xenditester100@hotmail.com

Please enter the passphrase for the selected key.

☐ Always use all available encryption locks for all recipients

☐ Save Outgoing Mail

Zend Dzend

ZPanel Vault Help

xenditester100 has logged on successfully

msn Hotmail® xenditester100@hotmail.com

Compose | Directories | Greeting Cards | Gift Certificates |

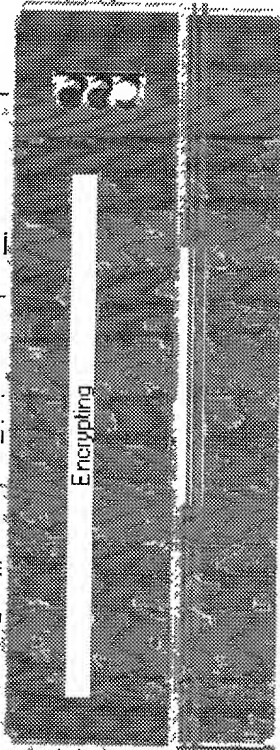
Insert Address Attachments Add Stationery

To: xenditester103@hotmail.com

Subject: test of vaccine

Cc:

Bcc:



Save Outgoing Message

Vaccine works

Draft Cancel

Save Outgoing Message

Send Save Draft Cancel

Logoff

Zend

DZend

ZPanel

Vault

Help

xendit has logged on successfully

Internet

Compose [Directories | Greeting Cards | Gift Certificates]

To: xenditester103@hotmail.com
Subject: test of vaccine
Cc:
Bcc:

Insert Address Attachments Add Stationery

Save Outgoing Message
Version: GnuPG
Comment: Z E N
hM4DKK7Yqs8atg
dqvpFRf9lsmdn9AbXq+FPdnhz/m1vUu12VP/p0zVJla/D8Xab2Vx99reZEZH2AbGI
OMGVFIEGPzf/qxUuZPUC/jCOHj00EJQVaNRMwIRWM6zB3VhnrMp8LhqiwmpcETsk
qpLjrt4skDbLUYX23jTae17wXr2cN6vNR9LvqRPScCMGfNbwnz3waepPr5ITkn15
OI8VwVA8mQx5aQB+Mg5fhoTOAw04JUDJCrnQEAAlH5cdXkc8Bb1S7XY6MB1Wra
1H3MAROWDLH028K8q1ZXAh12NV8sgAW6+dv7YYfMfdwHs2uL74/pDGTXC89t6tAm
WL1Wu7HW0Ef6g9CjPaRCdLpdu0rrGNwTpzPqffwAwC61MldRt3sXY1JD1Qc1xtv
ZvHUPBES2cL1012r1wF2A4eIp16qKp1lAo9qtGkP96au1XXWif76zyIp1Jsehsxt
7t16R8XezA/6m7zUzaCsxtUSncA8T1VE2K245BhdHedJdzF1JYq+2M7VLHtJ14vC
fT1M1JU3oALWYQpj2x6zJLkRHqGNuWNLGSJbXA4HboSMANRJYOK1U/J804KM5+4
177HPRnBcbutViHFY4XW4RIa0qz+/YIADsfJmouCYD4dZGQBPl2sGw14pBATxMR
IUdeoFVXFw==
=df+f
-----END PGP MESSAGE-----

Sending email

Save Outgoing Message

Version: GnuPG
Comment: Z E N

hM4DKK7Yqs8atg
dqvpFRf9lsmdn9AbXq+FPdnhz/m1vUu12VP/p0zVJla/D8Xab2Vx99reZEZH2AbGI
OMGVFIEGPzf/qxUuZPUC/jCOHj00EJQVaNRMwIRWM6zB3VhnrMp8LhqiwmpcETsk
qpLjrt4skDbLUYX23jTae17wXr2cN6vNR9LvqRPScCMGfNbwnz3waepPr5ITkn15
OI8VwVA8mQx5aQB+Mg5fhoTOAw04JUDJCrnQEAAlH5cdXkc8Bb1S7XY6MB1Wra
1H3MAROWDLH028K8q1ZXAh12NV8sgAW6+dv7YYfMfdwHs2uL74/pDGTXC89t6tAm
WL1Wu7HW0Ef6g9CjPaRCdLpdu0rrGNwTpzPqffwAwC61MldRt3sXY1JD1Qc1xtv
ZvHUPBES2cL1012r1wF2A4eIp16qKp1lAo9qtGkP96au1XXWif76zyIp1Jsehsxt
7t16R8XezA/6m7zUzaCsxtUSncA8T1VE2K245BhdHedJdzF1JYq+2M7VLHtJ14vC
fT1M1JU3oALWYQpj2x6zJLkRHqGNuWNLGSJbXA4HboSMANRJYOK1U/J804KM5+4
177HPRnBcbutViHFY4XW4RIa0qz+/YIADsfJmouCYD4dZGQBPl2sGw14pBATxMR
IUdeoFVXFw==
=df+f
-----END PGP MESSAGE-----

Save Outgoing Message

Compose

Insert Address Attachments Add Stationery

To: xendittester103@hotmail.com

Subject: test of vaccine

Cc: Bcc: Dictionary Thesaurus

Check Spelling

Save Outgoing Message Rich Text Format Send Save Draft Cancel

-----BEGIN PGP MESSAGE-----
Version: GnuPG v1.0.1 (W32)
Comment: Z E N D I T B E T A - <Z.0.1>

hM4DKKR7Yqs8atgQAwCuWXCofIUBECb1NnuHEWwMJ9ZZDgJP7vOZhYobuxbTFWY
dqvpFRf9lsmdn9ADXq+FPdhz7m1VOhT2yp/pJzvJ1a/D8Xab2VXd9feZEZHAbGI
OMGVFIEGPzfzq/xUu2PUC/jCOHj00EJQVaNRMwIRWM6zB3VhnrMp8LhqiwmpeETsk
qpljrt4skDbLUYXZ3jTae17wXr2cN6vNR9LvqRPScCMGfNbwnz3waepPr5ITkn15
OI8VwVA8mQx5aQB+Mq5fhoTOAw04JUDJCrnQEA1H5cdXkc6Bb1S7XY6MB1Wra
1H3MAROWDLH028K8q1ZXAh12NV8sgAM6+dv7YYfMfdwHs2uL74/pDGTXCB9t6tAm
WL1Wu7HWQEf6g9CjPaRcdLpduOrrGNwTpzPqf1wvAwC61MidRt3sXY1JD1Qtixtv
ZvHUPBES2cL1O1Zr1wF2A4eIp16qKp1Ao9qtGKp96au1XXWif76zyIp1Jsehsxt
7t16R8Xeza/6m7zUzaCsXtUSncA8T1VE2K245BhdHeDjd2F1JYq+2M7VLHtJI4vC
fTiM1JU3oALWYQpjZx6zJLKRHqGNuWNLGSJbXA4HboSMANRJYOK1U/j804kM5+4
177HPRnBcbutViHFY4XW4RIa0qz+/YIADsfJmouGYD4dZGQBP12sGw14pBATxMR
IUdeoFVXFw==
=df+f
-----END PGP MESSAGE-----

Save Outgoing Message Send Save Draft Cancel

Sent Message Confirmation

Your message has been instantly delivered to the following recipients via the **HotmailDirect** messaging system:
xendittester103@hotmail.com

My Messenger Buddies

[Click here to sign in](#)

OK

Tip: If you do not want to receive this notification, click the **Options** link on the top horizontal menu bar. On the Options page, click the **Preferences** link. Scroll down to the Confirm Sent Messages option and select No.

Vaccine Registration

Hotmail® xenditester103@hotmail.com

Inbox	Compose	Address Book	Folders	Options	Messenger	Calendar
-------	---------	--------------	---------	---------	-----------	----------

INDEX

Inbox
Compose
Address Book
Folders
Options
Messenger
Calendar

Logoff Zend DZend ZPanel Vault Help

Passport
sign out

People & Chat

Money

Shopping

Web Search

Hotmail

SN Home



Love means never having to say...



Hotmail® xenditester103@hotmail.com

n: "xendit test" <xenditester100@hotmail.com> [Save Address](#) - [Block Sender](#)
xenditester103@hotmail.com [Save Address](#)

ject: test of vaccine

: Thu, 08 Feb 2001 23:32:52 -0000



--BEGIN PGP MESSAGE-----

SiOn: GnuPG v1.0.1 (W32)

ment: Z E N D I T B E T A - <Z.O.1>

DKkR7Yqs8atgQAwCuWXCOfIUBECbiNnuHFWmJj9ZDdJP7vO2hYobuxbTFWY
pFRf9Lsmdn9ADXq+FPdhz7m1V0ht2YP/pJzvJla/D8Xab2VXd9fe2EZHzAbGI
VFIEGPzfq/xUuZPUC/jCOHj00EJQVaNRMwIRUM6zB3VhnrMp8LhqiwmpcETsk
jrt4skDbLUYXZ3jTae17wXr2cN6vNR9LvqRPScCMGfNBwnz3waepPr5ITkn15
VwVA8mQx5aQB+Mq5fhcTOAwQ4JUDJCrnQEAMA1H5cdUxkc8Bb1S7XY6NB1Wra
MAROWDLHO28K8q1ZXAh12NV8sgAW6+dv7YYfMfdwHs2uL74/pDGTXC8B9t6tAm
Wu7HWQEf6g9CjPaRCdLpdu0rrGNwTpzPqFfwAwC61MidRt3sXy1JD1Qcixtv
UPBESZcL1O12r1wF2A4eIp16qKpi1A09qtGkP96aU1XXWif76zyIp1Jsehsxt
6R8XezA/6m7zUzaCsXtUSncA8T1VE2K245BhdHeDjd2F1JYq+2M7VLHtJ14vC
MiJU3oALWYQpJ2x6zJLKRHqGnWNMLGSJbXA4HboSMANRJYOK1U/j8O4KM5+4
HPRnBcbutViHFY4XW4RIa0qz+/YIADsfJmouGYD4dDzGQBpi2sGw14pBATxMR
eoFVXFw==
+f

--END PGP MESSAGE-----



... directly from your Inbox

Hotmail® xenditester103@hotmail.com

Compose Address Book Folders Options Messenger Calendar Help

Folder: Inbox

From: Admin-Zend <support@zendit.com> [Save Address](#) - [Block Sender](#)
To: xenditester103@hotmail.com > [Save Address](#)
Subject: hotmail has sent an encrypted mail.
Date: Thu, 08 Feb 2001 23:30:00 (GMT)

Reply Reply All Forward Delete Previous Next Close

mail, recently sent you a privileged and confidential email. If you want to
rypt it, please click on the following link to confirm this is YOUR email
ress.



s confirmation protects you in case someone tries to forge ownership of YOUR
il address.

p://www.zendit.com/tempkeywelcome.asp?EmailID=xenditester103^hotmail.com&ConfID=EGGVELDVMUXIRVTCQCKS

nk you,
dit Support
port@zendit.com

vacy is Power

Reply Reply All Forward Delete Previous Next Close

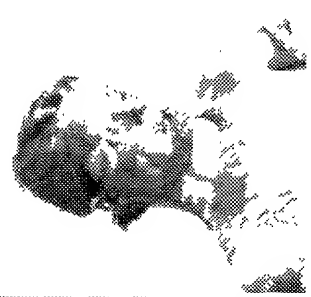


xendit has logged on successfully





You are visiting a site outside of Hotmail. Close this new browser window to return to Hotmail.



<<zendit>>

The Art of Encryption

Welcome to The Zendit Surfboard, a free* encryption software that is fast, simple and easy to use and empowers you to easily encrypt and decrypt e-mail, text and photos.

In order for certain features on the surfboard to work, you need to be a registered user.

If you have not yet signed up online with zendit.com please click "next" and we will take you through the process

I am an existing user

next->

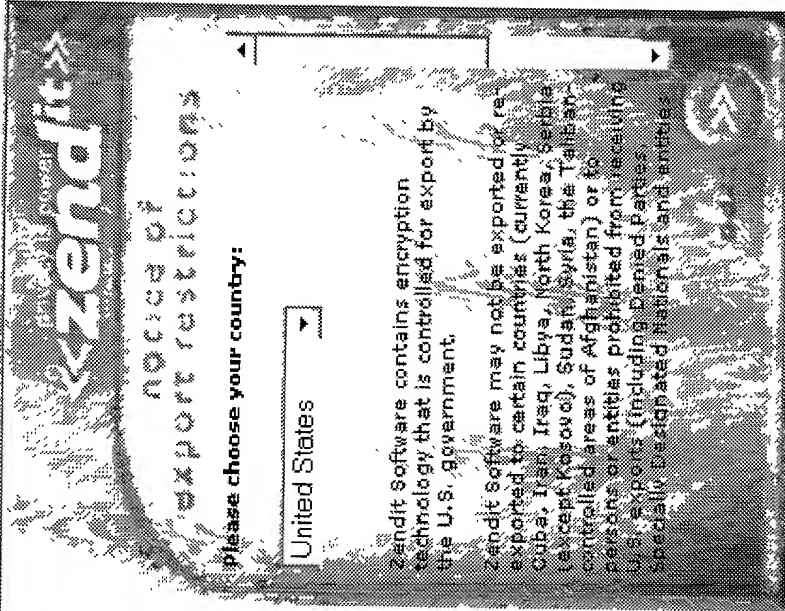
Zendit is a free service that will help you protect your privacy by making it easy to encrypt the information you send over the Internet. All it takes is a simple tool- the Zendit Surfboard. The Zendit Surfboard lays the foundation for the creation of a new generation of encryption-enabled Internet users who have the means to ensure that the confidentiality of their personal information is protected in cyberspace.

Zendit makes it easy to be "encryption enabled"!

When you download the Zendit Surfboard, it automatically generates what cryptographers refer to as "public key and a "private key " To make the concept a little easier to understand, Zendit prefers to call them .

msn

You are visiting a site outside of Hotmail. Close this new browser window to return to Hotmail



msn

You are visiting a site outside of Hotmail. Close this new browser window to return to Hotmail.

zendit™
step 1

FIRST NAME
xendit103

LAST NAME
tester

EMAIL
xendittester103@hotmail.cc

What email address do you want to
encryption enable?
Confirmation ID
EGGVELDVNUXIRVTCQCI



You are visiting a site outside of Hotmail. Close this new browser window to return to Hotmail

zendit step 2

USER NAME
xendittester103

This can be any name of your choosing and will work with your Zendit Vault and Surfboard.

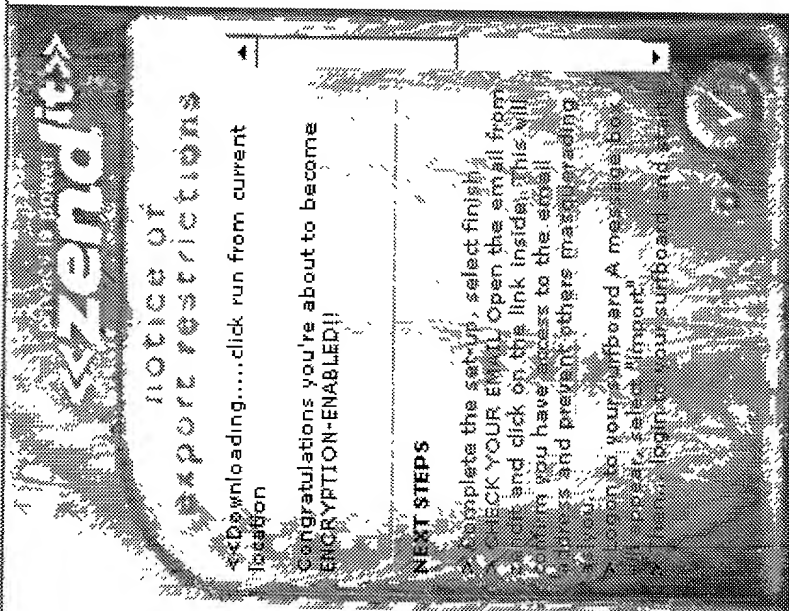
PASSWORD
xxxxxxxxxx

This is to ensure privacy and security.


Re-ENTER PASSWORD
xxxxxxxxxx



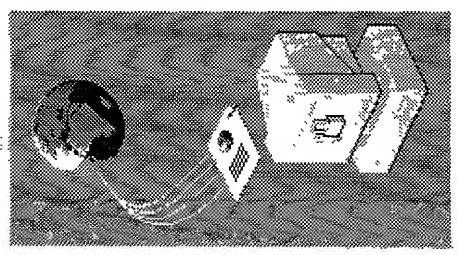
You are visiting a site outside of Hotmail. Close this new browser window to return to Hotmail



msn You are visiting a site outside of Hotmail. Close this new browser window to return to Hotmail.



zendit



You have chosen to download a file from this location.

ZenditSurfboard.exe from www.zendit.com


What would you like to do with this file?

- ☒ Run this program from its current location
- ☐ Save this program to disk
- ☐ Always ask before opening this file


OK Cancel More Info



You are visiting a site outside of Hotmail. Close this new browser window to return to Hotmail.



notice of



Opening:
ZenditSurfboard.exe from www.zendit.com

Estimated time left: 11 sec (212 KB of 2.22 MB copied)

Download to: Temporary Folder

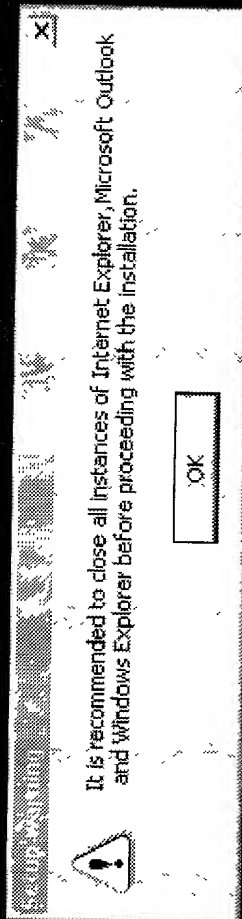
Transfer rate: 180 KB/Sec

Close this dialog box when download completes

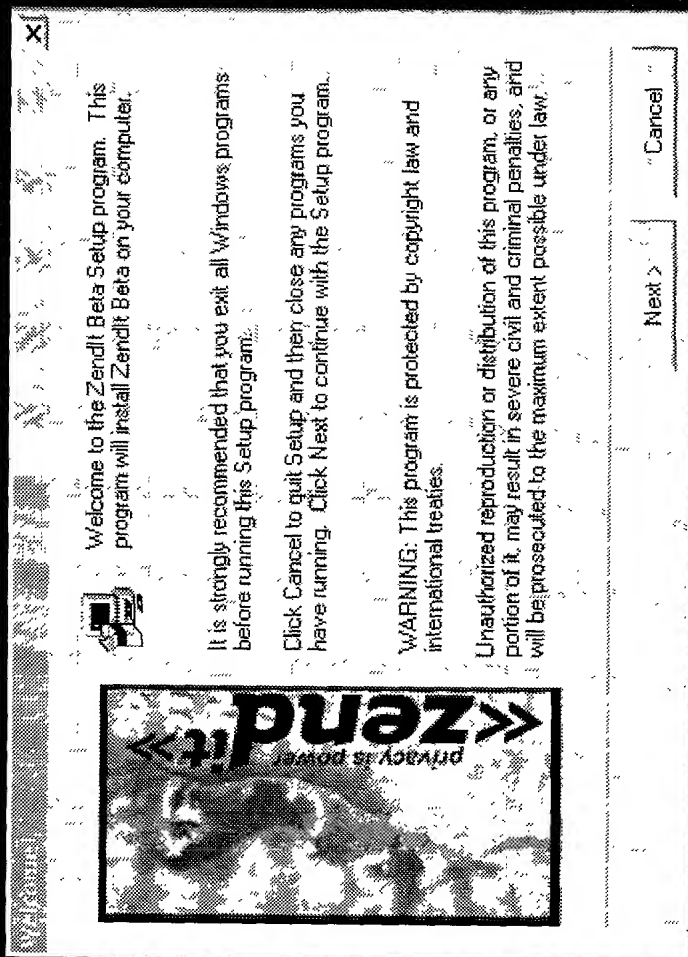
Cancel

Installation

Installing ZendIt 1.0 Beta




Installing ZendIt 1.0 Beta



Installing ZendIt 1.0 Beta

Software License Agreement

 Please read the following License Agreement. Scroll down to see the rest of the agreement.

ZENDIT SURFBOARD BETA 1

END USER LICENSE AGREEMENT

REDISTRIBUTION NOT PERMITTED

NOTICE TO ALL USERS: CAREFULLY READ THE FOLLOWING LEGAL AGREEMENT ("AGREEMENT"), FOR THE LICENSE OF THE ZENDIT SURFBOARD ("SOFTWARE"), PRODUCED BY ZEND.COM CORPORATION ("ZENDIT"), BY CLICKING THE ACCEPT BUTTON OR INSTALLING THE SOFTWARE, YOU (EITHER AN INDIVIDUAL OR A SINGLE ENTITY) CONSENT TO BE BOUND BY AND BECOME A PARTY TO THIS AGREEMENT. IF YOU DO NOT AGREE TO ALL OF THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT, CLICK THE BUTTON THAT INDICATES THAT YOU DO NOT ACCEPT THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT AND DO NOT INSTALL THE

Do you accept all the terms of the preceding License Agreement? If you select No, ZendIt Setup will close. To install ZendIt Application, you must accept this agreement.

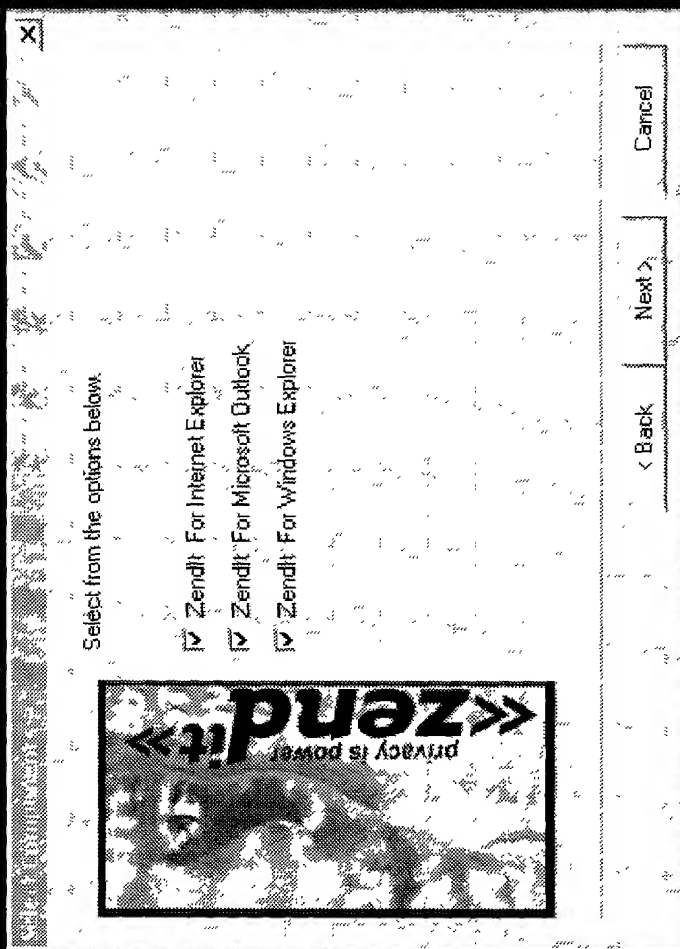
< Back

Yes

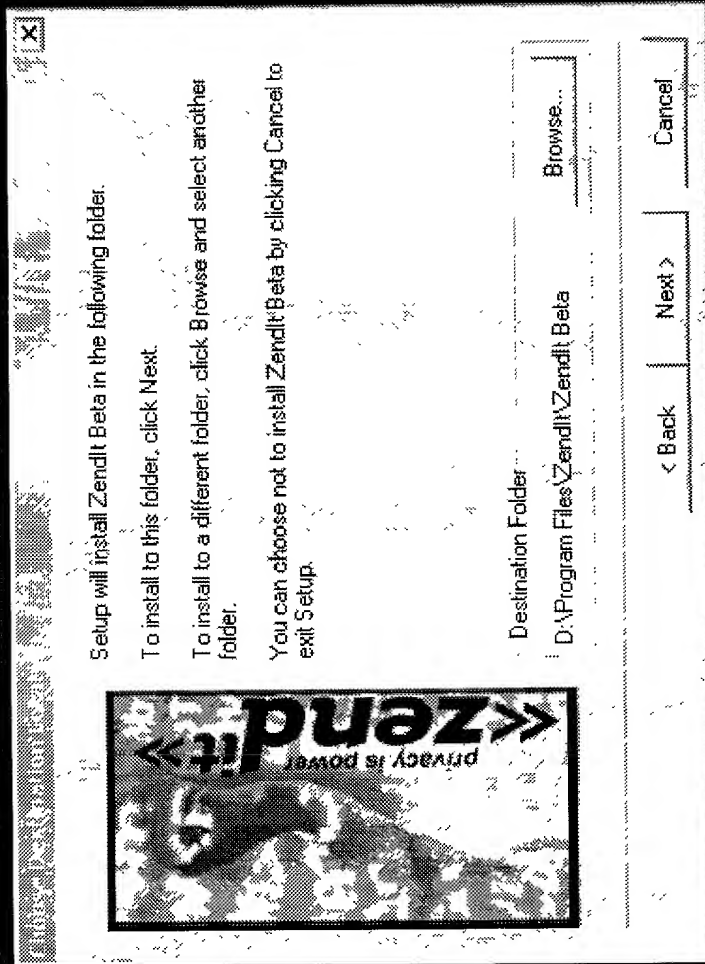
No

162

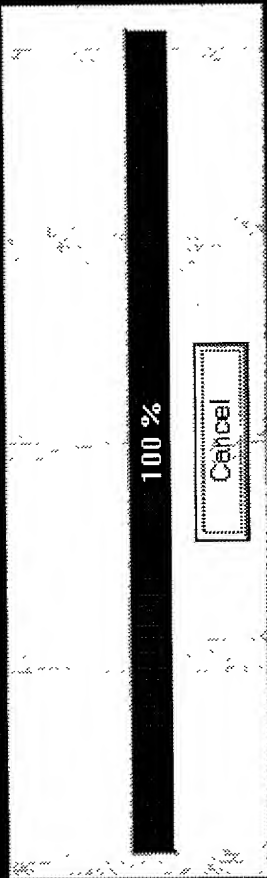
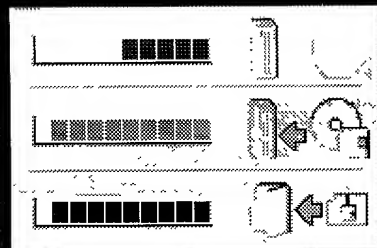
Installing ZendIt 1.0 Beta



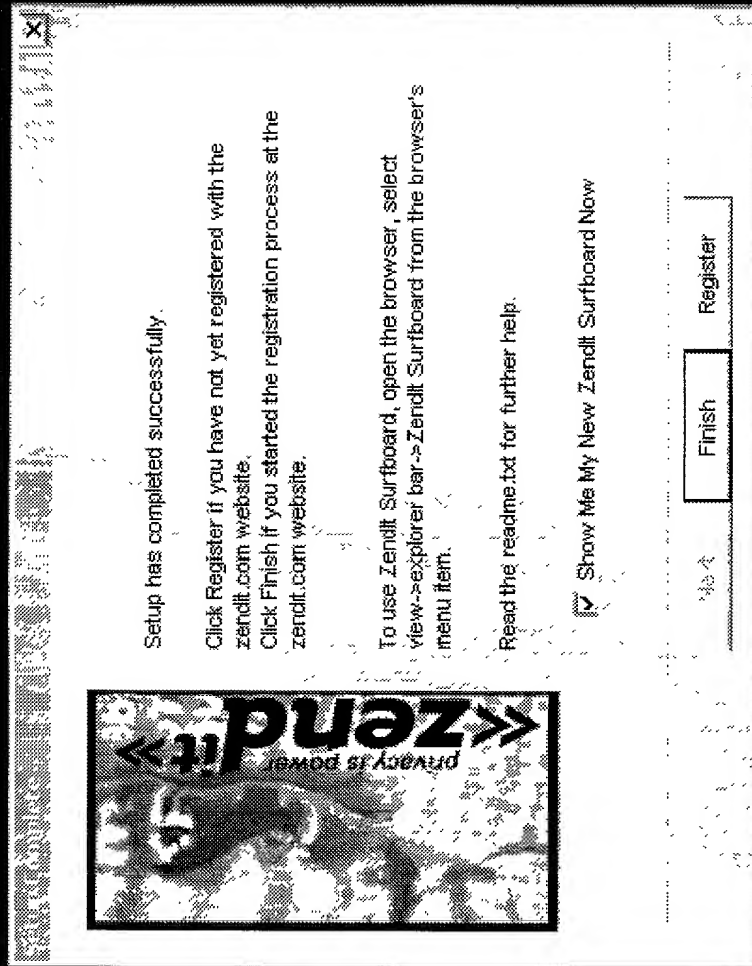
Installing ZendIt 1.0 Beta



Installing ZendIt 1.0 Beta



Installing ZendIt 1.0 Beta



Surfboard Registration (new user)

Send it power to power
notice of
export restrictions

please choose your country:

United States

Legendit Software contains encryption technology that is controlled for export by the U.S. government.

Zendit Software may not be exported or re-exported to certain countries (currently Cuba, Iran, Iraq, Libya, North Korea, Serbia (except Kosovo), Sudan, Syria, the Taliban-controlled areas of Afghanistan) or to persons or entities prohibited from receiving U.S. exports (including Denied Parties, specially designated nationals and entities

zendit

step 1

FIRST NAME
zendit10

LAST NAME
tester

EMAIL
enditter110@hotmail.com

What email address do you want to
encrypt with?

zendit step 1

FIRST NAME
zendit10

LAST NAME
tester

EMAIL
zendittester10@hotmail.com

What email address do you want to
encrypt/decrypt enable?

zendit

step 2

USERNAME

xendittester110

This can be any name of your choosing and will work with your Zendit Vault and Surfboard.

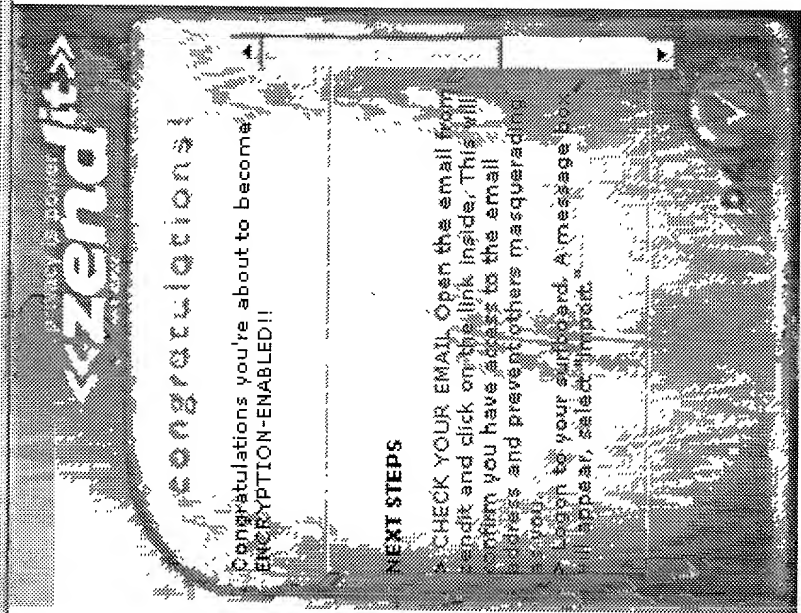
PASSWORD

xxxxxxxxxx

This is to ensure privacy and security.

RE-ENTER PASSWORD

xxxxxxxxxx



Find your old friends again.
CLASSMATES.COM [Click Here](#)

Hotmail® xenditterster110@hotmail.com

Inbox 2 new (Avoid junk e-mail, activate Inbox Protector.)

Delete	Block Sender(s)	From	Subject	Date	Size
<input type="checkbox"/>		Hotmail Staff	Welcome New Hotmail User!	Feb 9 2001	11
<input type="checkbox"/>		Admin-Zend	Quick Registration for xenditterster110 at Zen...	Feb 9 2001	21

n: **Admin-Zend <support@zendit.com>** [Save Address](#) - **Block Sender**

"xendittester110@hotmail.com" <xendittester110@hotmail.com> [Save Address](#)

ject: Quick Registration for xendittester110 at Zendit

Fri, 09 Feb 2001 02:49:13 (GMT)

Reply Reply All Forward Delete Previous Next Close

<<< Z E N D I T C O N F I R M A T I O N >>>>>

nk you for registering with Zendit!

C O N F I R M O W N E R S H I P

confirm your ownership of this email address please click on the link below:

[P://www.zendit.com/quickconf.asp?LoginID=xendittester110&ConfID=PXWHTNBWXXVSBSPQIPUI&Email=xendittester110@hotmail.com](http://www.zendit.com/quickconf.asp?LoginID=xendittester110&ConfID=PXWHTNBWXXVSBSPQIPUI&Email=xendittester110@hotmail.com)

s is part of a confirmation process that protects you in case someone empts to impersonate you and claims ownership of your account.

you did not register with Zendit, please do not confirm it.

L O G I N T O S U R F B O A R D

e you have clicked on the above link, go ahead and login to the surfboard. s will open the lock and key/certificate generator that will encryption ble this email address.

C O N F I R M C E R T I F I C A T E

e you have generated your certificate you will receive one more email from dit giving you a link to confirm your certificate.

se are necessary steps to ensure the integrity of your certificate.

nk you,
dit Support
port@zendit.com

Address <http://www.zendit.com> D%3dxenditester110%26ConfID%3dPXWHTNBWXYSUBSPQJPUJ%26Email%3dxenditester110%5ehotmail%2ecom Go Links

msn You are visiting a site outside of Hotmail. Close this new browser window to return to Hotmail

privacy is power
<<zendit>>

You have been registered successfully with zendit. Now you can download the key for your EmailID.

nk you,
dit Support
port@zendit.com

nk you,
dit Support
port@zendit.com

Surfboard Registration (existing user)





Hotmail zenditester111@hotmail.com

Inbox 3 new (Avoid junk e-mail, activate Inbox Protector.)

	Delete	Block Sender(s)	From	Subject	Date	Size
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		Hotmail Staff	Welcome New Hotmail User!	Feb 9 2001	11
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		xendit test	test of existing user	Feb 9 2001	11
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		Admin-Zend	hotmail has sent an encrypted mail.	Feb 9 2001	11

Move to - Move to Selected Folder -

[SN Home](#) [Hotmail](#) [Web Search](#) [Shopping](#) [Money](#) [People & Chat](#) [Passport sign out](#)



Hard to keep track of those little yellow notes?

[Outbox](#) [Compose](#) [Address Book](#) [Folders](#) [Options](#) [Messenger](#) [Calendar](#) [Help](#)

Folder: Inbox

n: "xendit test" <xenditester100@hotmail.com> [Save Address](#) - [Block Sender](#)
zenditester111@hotmail.com [Save Address](#)
ject: test of existing user
: Fri, 09 Feb 2001 03:35:42 -0000

[Reply](#) [Reply All](#) [Forward](#) [Delete](#) [Previous](#) [Next](#) [Close](#)

--BEGIN PGP MESSAGE-----
sion: GnuPG v1.0.1 (W32)
ment: Z E N D I T B E T A - <Z.0.1>

DnaF8Kfyx8VoQAv90q5t3pUaMc3nN5aR8R5cUw1YhsRfwjDE5ID00CNZwR/bT
DHVXh2J46T+xW7uR9jF/h4MUp9HLzQzVzoIQdM/I5K7BXWn1X8GXJODY3lNmV
VM+nMfTn35Q00hEgC+gLIm55Nt4+yxNYSiG77M1sF2rb4JKvURLMsyS7+c1DJ
fsF1F7XTqM7d1PFxAUPm+xysWzXHCHGTxwDoh17/oVijKDwYbARfWc4fdPIBY
dNmGvXWbhkzeW8TjiWoTOAw04JUDJCnQEAL/YXmaC0ftgiTQeoNmW/Iqi4Z1
LitZHTOq8W9bqWUShv8J+w5EQKRndUAeyMAhL9jPE8PSwEJqEj9yTAbbIrHM
bot4SjNt+kB4HZ56XM1NQLCVFyt1inZLorZkRAwCgUeN99OagnGIZ+j19fxqp
ZUN0z680jEfnuaMOJ7rx3NQX2hh5bCAPJ85cdJer4TqjSt5KZ4g2iKd60TBF
GtRmw09usV/et00uRkqVnsv1/Ddo/N75ymUn2ngbJeH2EFgc22eop8zetlhpV
m9Oh0WLv/QLWaaOe+Ue1BHYCbOFEzbGRGUw+LUHT2Gu5hrXpij18hfdlte8Fp
5bqXS+mrUSxvxQq+Pae8Dcy+C3mq37862krrNRYw8RbnHJZu0KYgcxmGoOD2W
fFMMmfbbhDGA==
GK

--END PGP MESSAGE-----

hotmail® zendittestester111@hotmail.com

From: Admin-Zend <support@zendit.com> [Save Address](#) - [Block Sender](#)

<zendittestester111@hotmail.com> [Save Address](#)

Subject: hotmail has sent an encrypted mail.

Date: Fri, 09 Feb 2001 03:32:53 (GMT)

mail, recently sent you a privileged and confidential email. If you want to
decrypt it, please click on the following link to confirm this is YOUR email
address.

This confirmation protects you in case someone tries to forge ownership of YOUR
email address.

http://www.zendit.com/default.asp?EmailID=zendittestester111^hotmail.com&ConfID=JVHQVMDQYSYJLzMLHW&tempconf=1

Thank you,
Zend Support
support@zendit.com

Privacy is Power

Move To (Move to Selected Folder)

Hotmail® zendittester111@hotmail.com

From: Admin-Zend <zendittester111@hotmail.com>
 Subject: Hotmail has se...
 Date: Fri, 09 Feb 200

mail, recently
 rrypt it, please
 res.
 s confirmation
 il address.
 p://www.zendit.
 nk you,
 dit Support
 port@zendit.com
 vacy is Power

congratulations!

Welcome to The Zendit Surfboard, a free* encryption software that is fast, simple and easy to use and empowers you to easily encrypt and decrypt e-mail, text and photos.

In order for certain features on the surfboard to work, you need to be a registered user.

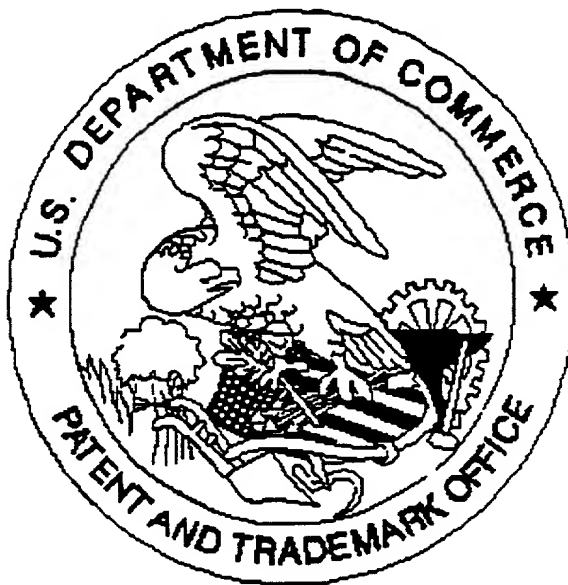
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Drawings.

Miscellaneous.